

Address:
The Ukrainian Weekly
81-83 Grand Street
Jersey City, N.J. 07303
Tel.: (201) 434-0237
(201) 434-0807
(212) 227-4125
Ukrainian National Ass'n
Tel.: (201) 451-2200
(212) 227-5251

СВОБОДА

УКРАЇНСЬКИЙ ЩОДЕННИК



SVOBODA

UKRAINIAN DAILY

The Ukrainian Weekly Section

"...IT IS NEVER EASY FOR ANYONE TO SIT BEHIND PRISON BARS. BUT IT IS MORE DIFFICULT NOT TO RESPECT ONESELF. THUS WE SHALL FIGHT!"
Valentyn Moroz 1970

PIK LXXXII SECTION TWO No. 148 SVOBODA, THE UKRAINIAN WEEKLY, SATURDAY, AUGUST 9, 1975 ЦЕНТИВ 20 CENTS 4. 148 VOL. LXXXII

PRESIDENT FORD MET WITH ETHNIC LEADERS ON EVE OF HELSINKI CONFERENCE

WASHINGTON, D.C. (UCA Special). — On Friday, July 25, 1975, President Ford met in a 40-minute meeting with 17 leaders representing various American organizations and U.S. citizens of Central and Eastern European origin and descent, with whom he discussed his trip to Europe and the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe, held on July 30 in Helsinki, Finland.

Attending the meeting were representatives of Armenian, Byelorussian, Czech, Estonian, German, Hungarian, Latvian, Lithuanian, Polish, Slovak, Slovenian and Ukrainian organizations.

Accompanying the group were Congressman Edward J. Derwinski (Ill.), who played an instrumental role in arranging the meeting; Clement Zablocki (Wis.), Jack Kemp (N.Y.), Dan Rostenkowski (Ill.) and Daniel J. Flood (Pa.). Also attending the meeting were General Brent Scowcroft of the National Security Council, Donald Rumsfeld, Philip Buchen, Robert Hartmann and John Marsh — all of the White House staff. Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger attended the meeting briefly.

Youth Bitten By Mosquito, Dies

NEW YORK, N.Y. — A mosquito bite, which resulted in meningitis, was the apparent cause of death of a five-year-old Ukrainian youth who was vacationing with his parents in New York's Catskill Mountains.

Mark Masny, son of Mr. and Mrs. Paul Masny, died Friday, August 1, at New York's St. Vincent Hospital, some 48 hours after he had been bitten by a mosquito.

As soon as the youngster developed a headache, the parents took him to the Ellenville, N.Y., Community Hospital from where he was transferred to St. Vincent Hospital. Despite intensive treatment, the boy's life could not be saved.

Funeral services were held Tuesday, August 5, with interment at the Ukrainian Orthodox Cemetery in Bound Brook, N.J.

Music Institute Youths Perform Tonight at Soyuzivka

KERHONKSON, N.Y. — Accent continues to be on youth at Soyuzivka, as four talented musicians and a vocalist take the center stage during the evening concert at the "Veselka" Pavilion.

Oksana Fedorenko, Taya Salamacha, Robert Durzio and Andrew Kmetz, all pianists and students of the Ukrainian Music Institute, will be joined by Larissa Magun-Huryn, vocalist, in a program of classical music and popular songs.

The appearance of these young people is in line with the Soyuzivka and UNA policy to give exposure to youthful talent, who, hopefully, in the years ahead will increase the ranks of Ukrainian professional artists.

Miss Fedorenko and Mr. Kmetz are the students of Mrs. Taisa Bohdansky, while Miss Salamacha and Mr. Durzio are studying under the tutelage of Mrs. Daria Karanowycz. Miss Magun-Huryn has been studying voice with Prof. Valentyn Zdryaykovsky.

Adding diversity to the evening's program will be Soyuzivka's own performing

and then went to a press conference.

In his statement, President Ford said, among other things:

"I would emphasize that the document I will sign is

neither a treaty nor is it legally binding on any participating state. The Helsinki documents involve political and moral commitments aimed

(Continued on p. 2)

DIEFENBAKER SCORES TRUDEAU ON HELSINKI CONFERENCE

OTTAWA, Ont. — Prime Minister Trudeau was criticized in the Commons for failing to take Parliament into his confidence before leaving for the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Helsinki and telling Canadians what stand he will take on behalf of this country.

Former Prime Minister John Diefenbaker, Progressive Conservative MP for Prince Albert, said members of the House had no idea what position Mr. Trudeau would take at the meeting of the 35 nations, reported Victor Mackie in the Winnipeg Free Press of July 26th.

"There has been no date

set aside for the purpose of discussion to ascertain the feelings of members of this House with regard to the tremendous problems affecting the peace of not only Europe, but of the world which will come up at the conference," he said.

UCC Memo

The Ukrainian Canadian Committee has made recommendations to Prime Minister Trudeau in a telegram sent July 22. It asked the Canadian delegation to take into consideration before signing the treaty that:

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Philly Ukrainians Take Part In One Festival, Pull Out from Another

PHILADELPHIA, Pa. — The local Ukrainian community took part in the Bicentennial celebrations held Saturday, July 12, under the auspices of the local UCCA branch and the Ukrainian Bicentennial Committee, but announced its withdrawal from another slated for August 22nd.

The festival, held on the Benjamin Franklin Parkway, was sponsored by the Smithsonian Institution in Washington, the Philadelphia Bicentennial Committee and the city's Department of Recreation. Taking part in the festival were amateur ensembles from Guinea, Haiti, Italy, Lebanon, Mexico and Japan, local Irish, Italian, Polish and Ukrainian groups and the Pennsylvania state choir.

The cultural displays at the festival were arranged by Mrs. Stephanie Pushkar, head of the program committee; Branch 112 of the UNWLA; the local stores "Cosmos", "Bazaar" and Hanusey's. The local SUMA dancing group, under the direction of Mykola Boychuk, performed twice

during the festival. Master of Ceremonies for the Ukrainians was Jaroslaw Fedorjchuk.

The local Ukrainian Bicentennial Committee announced that Ukrainians will not be participating in the "Philadelphia 76" festival slated for Friday, August 22, and sponsored by the Philadelphia Department of Recreation, the Slavic Federation and the Philadelphia Bicentennial Committee.

The Committee explained that Ukrainians will not take part in that festival because the committee which also included the Ukrainian Bicentennial Committee, changed dates, performances and participants in the festival without their knowledge. The "Voloosky" dancers, under the direction of Zoya Hraur-Korsun, also cancelled their performance.

The Ukrainian Committee stressed that this is the only festival in which Ukrainians will not be participating. Their scheduled performance on November 8th will take place as planned.

PLIUSHCH'S CONDITION WORSENS WIFE, AFTER VISIT, PLEADS FOR HELP

NEW YORK, N.Y. — Despite a warning by the Soviet Secret Police, Tatiana Zhytynkova, wife of Leonid Plushch, has conveyed yet another desperate plea to the West to help save her husband whose mental and physical health is rapidly deteriorating.

T. Zhytynkova, who was allowed to visit her husband at the Dnipropetrovsk asylum late last June, asked for a more intensive action in the West in behalf of her husband who is threatened with increased dosages of insulin and triftazin, drugs which, she said, have brought him "to the brink of death," according to the Press Service of the Ukrainian Supreme Liberation Council (Abroad).

The KGB continue to press Plushch's wife to persuade her husband to recant his views, but he refuses, she said.

Both Plushch and his wife, said the press service, are "morally depressed" because they feel that the efforts to alleviate their plight are insufficient.

Moreover, T. Zhytynkova, who lives in Kiev with the couple's two sons, is in dire material straits, a fact which was averred earlier by Congressman Christopher Dodd of Connecticut who met with the woman in Kiev early last June.

A psychiatrist by profession, Zhytynkova has been deprived of her job and is now selling photographs on



Leonid Plushch

the streets of Kiev, which gives her an income of some 60 rubles per month. This barely suffices for food, while the costs of travel to Dnipropetrovsk alone are higher than what she earns.

She is not allowed to receive money from any source, said the press service, although Soviet authorities permit her to receive small parcels containing food and clothing.

Of utmost importance to Plushch's wife, said the service, are the efforts of Western scholars, scientists, political and civic leaders, as well as youth, in behalf of her husband. She feels that only actions that will arouse world public opinion can help her husband at this stage.

The press service gave T. Zhytynkova's address as follows: T.I. Zhytynkova, Kyiv, vul. Entuziastiv, d. 33, kv. 36 Ukrainian SSR.

UKRAINIAN BAPTISTS ATTEND CHURCH CONGRESS IN AFRICA

NAIROBI, Kenya. — Ukrainian Baptists, represented by Pastor Olexa Harbuziuk, head of the All-Ukrainian Evangelical Baptist Fellowship, were among the delegates representing over 50 nations at the World Congress of the International Council of Christian Churches held here from July 16-27. Over 4,000 registered delegates and guests attended the Congress which was held at the Kenyatta Conference Centre.

Pastor Harbuziuk spoke at the Congress, a Baptist church in Nairobi and in other places, informing listeners about the plight of the Ukrainian people under Communist domination and the persecution of Ukrainian Churches.

Although the African population is favorably disposed toward the Congress, the African press is opposed to the strong anti-Communist sentiments of the International Council of Christian Churches headed by Dr. Carl McIntire.

Plan Youth Participation In Bicentennial Observances

ELLENVILLE, N.Y. — Members of the Ukrainian Bicentennial Committee of America met with representatives of the three largest Ukrainian youth organizations — Plast, SUMA and ODUM — here at the SUMA resort, on Saturday, August 2, to discuss participation of Ukrainian youth in the observances of America's Bicentennial and to plan a one-week youth camp-out in Washington, D.C. during June of 1976.

The meeting was chaired by Ivan Bazarko, Executive Director of UCCA and secretary of the Ukrainian Bicentennial Committee of America, and attended by: Yaroslav Haywas, organizing chairman of the Committee; Andriy Mycio, head of Plast's

On Friday, July 25, the Congress was to be addressed by Aleksandr Solzhenitsyn on the topic of religious persecution in the USSR.

The Kenyan Minister of Internal Affairs informed Dr. McIntire on Tuesday, July 22 that the government had refused to grant Mr. Solzhenitsyn a visa, because he was exiled from the Soviet Union due to his political activity, not his religious beliefs.

Because the press had written about Solzhenitsyn's visit earlier, it is believed that the Soviet Embassy interfered in the affairs of the religious congress.

Among flags adorning the congressional hall was the blue-and-yellow banner of Ukraine, with the identifying inscription in English. Also, Ukraine's trident was among the national insignia, while a slogan in English — "Liberate Ukraine from Russian Imperialism" — stretched out across one of the walls.

National Command, Ihor Sochan, first vice-president and liaison officer of Plast's National Command, Dr. Lubomyr Romankiw, Jurij Ferencowych and Mrs. Iwanna Hankewych — also from Plast; Ivan Kobasa, Mychajlo Furda and Nadia Diakun — SUMA; Oleksij Shevchenko and I. Pavlenko — ODUM; Prof. Eugene Fedorenko, Mykola Semanyshyn and Vitalij Pyrh — members of the Bicentennial Committee; Roman Huhlewych, head of the Committee of United Ukrainian American Organizations of New York (UCCA branch) and Wolodymyr Levenetz, representing SVOBODA. A Ukrainian Week in the nation's capital is planned for June of next year. In addition to the youth camp-out, exhi-

(Continued on p. 4)

DR. MICHAEL SOSNOWSKY, SVOBODA EDITOR, DIES

JERSEY CITY, N.J. — Dr. Michael Sosnowsky, associate editor of SVOBODA, one of the leading Ukrainian journalists, and an energetic, dedicated community activist, died here Friday evening, July 25, 1975, after collapsing at the steering wheel of his car which he was driving home to Irvington, N.J. He was attending a meeting of the Ukrainian Bicentennial Committee of America at the UNA Headquarters in Jersey City. Dr. Sosnowsky was 55 years old.

Earlier in the day, Dr. Sosnowsky, who, as a rule, was the first one to open the doors of the SVOBODA offices at 6:00 a.m., completed a full workday at his editorial desk, showing no signs of illness or fatigue. He left the offices, as usual, around 2:00 p.m., the SVOBODA Press having come up with its last issue of the week before closing for a week's vacation.

Dr. Sosnowsky returned to Jersey City for the 6:00 p.m. meeting and took part in its deliberations, reporting on the progress of the publications 'ommission which he headed. The meeting adjourned shortly after 9:00 p.m.

Returning to his car, Dr. Sosnowsky found that he had a flat and changed the wheel.

Availing himself of a ride with Dr. Sosnowsky was UNA President Joseph Lesawyer who on that day while in Washington, D.C., attending, along with Dr. Lev E. Dobriansky, UCCA President, a meeting of ethnic representatives with President Gerald Ford. Mr. Lesawyer flew back from Washington and attended the latter portion of the Bicentennial Committee session in Jersey City. Mr. Lesawyer reads the Committee.

After reaching the intersection, near Holland tunnel, he leads into U.S. 1-9 and stopping for a red light, Dr. Sosnowsky suddenly began to breathe heavily and stooped forward on the steering wheel. He could not respond to Mr. Lesawyer's immediate query what was wrong with him. Mr. Lesawyer shut off the engine and ran out to call the police who appeared on the scene almost immediately and began to administer oxygen to Dr. Sosnowsky. An ambulance arrived shortly thereafter, and the accompanying doctor ordered intensive heart massage even while Dr. Sosnowsky was being taken on a



Dr. MICHAEL SOSNOWSKY

stretcher into the ambulance. It was apparently futile, because Dr. Sosnowsky was pronounced dead on arrival at the Jersey City Medical Center.

A preliminary autopsy by the Hudson County coroner,

requested by Dr. Sosnowsky's wife, Oksana, who flew in Saturday from Toronto, Ont., where she was vacationing, revealed malfunctioning of the kidneys but excluded a cardiac arrest, as the earlier

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Ivan Kramarenko, Noted Political Leader, Dies

NEW YORK, N.Y. — Ivan Kramarenko, a senior Ukrainian statesman who held a high post in the External Affairs Ministry of the Ukrainian National Republic and in recent years headed the American Representation of the Executive Organ of the Ukrainian National Rada, died here Saturday, July 26, 1975, after a prolonged illness at the age of 77.

A political and civic activist since his youth, Mr. Kra-

marensko took an active part in the War of National Liberation and played a prominent role in the rebirth of Ukrainian statehood in the form of the Ukrainian National Republic.

As head of the U.S. Representation of the UNRada, Mr. Kramarenko, a person of great erudition and subtle tact, was highly respected in Ukrainian political circles. Felled by illness in recent

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Zenon Korchynsky, Plast Activist, Dies in New York

NEW YORK, N.Y. — Zenon Korchynsky, a leading Plast activist who was also prominently involved in other facets of Ukrainian community life, died here Saturday, July 26, 1975, after a prolonged illness. He was 62 years old.

Born June 24, 1913, in Skole western Ukraine, Mr. Korchynsky joined Plast at an early age and was active in the youth organization until his recent illness.

After arriving in the United States in 1949, Mr. Korchynsky was one of the initiators and founders of the Plast "stanytsia" in New York, one of the largest units in the organization. In subsequent

years, he held various high posts locally and nationally, and was chairman of the committee which staged the International Plast Jamboree in 1972 in East Chatham, N.Y., on the occasion of this large Ukrainian youth organization's 60th anniversary.

For services rendered to Plast, Mr. Korchynsky was cited with the organization's highest award — the medal of St. George in gold. Apart from Plast, Mr. Korchynsky was active in numerous other Ukrainian organizations, notably the UNA as a member and officer of Branch 450, the Ukrainian Sports Club of New York.

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CONGRESSMAN DODD PRODS DEFENSE OF MOROZ, PLIUSHCH

WASHINGTON, D.C. — Rep. Christopher Dodd (D-Conn.) introduced a resolution into the House of Representatives, calling for the release from incarceration of Valentyn Moroz and Leonid Plushch, according to the Saturday, July 12th edition of the Willimantic Chronicle.

Rep. Dodd introduced the resolution as a result of conversations with Tatiana Zhytynkova, the wife of Leonid Plushch and other Soviet dissidents during a recent trip to the USSR, and meetings with Ukrainian community representatives in Connecticut.

In June the young Connecticut legislator participated in a Congressional fact-finding trip to the Soviet Union, in the course of which he visited Kiev and spent 90 minutes talking with Zhytynkova about the plight of her husband.

When he returned in mid-June Rep. Dodd revealed information which stirred considerable interest in the fate of Plushch and other Ukrainian and Soviet political prisoners.



Rep. Christopher Dodd

He spoke of Plushch's steadfast position regarding his convictions, as conveyed by Zhytynkova.

Rep. Dodd said that on numerous occasions she attempted to persuade him to renounce his ideas so that he would be released from the Dnipropetrovsk psychiatric asylum where he is being incarcerated. Each time Leonid Plushch refused.

Mr. Dodd also reported at several news conferences held in Connecticut that Plushch is being inoculated

with dangerous drugs which are slowly driving him insane.

The article in The Chronicle also cited the case of Moroz who is being confined in the Vladimir Prison. The daily mentioned several of the more anxious moments in Moroz's confinement such as beatings and stabbings by inmates, solitary confinement and the 20-week hunger strike.

Last May, Rep. Dodd was visited by four Ukrainian American community leaders who gave him 4,500 petitions in defense of Moroz and Plushch, which he showed to Soviet officials while in the USSR. The delegation included Bohdan Kachurovsky, Max Kocur, Daniel Sokolowski and Eugene Gulycz.

The Tuesday, July 15th edition of The Groton News carried an article about John Gulycz, Eugene's father, who depicted the efforts of the Ukrainian American community on behalf of Ukrainian political prisoners.

Mr. Gulycz, who was called "a man of rare pride and patriotism" by Janet Koch of

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СВОБОДА SVOBODA

FOUNDED 1893

Ukrainian newspaper published daily except Sundays, Mondays & holidays (Saturday & Monday issue combined) by the Ukrainian National Association, Inc. at 30 Montgomery Street, Jersey City, N.J. 07303.

Subscription Rates for the UKRAINIAN WEEKLY \$6.00 per year U.N.A. Members \$2.50 per year

THE UKRAINIAN WEEKLY Editor: Zenon Snylyk P.O. Box 346, Jersey City, N.J. 07303 Ass't Editor: Ihor Diaboha

EDITORIALS

A Profound Loss

The Ukrainian community in the free world was shaken to its foundations by the stunning, shocking, at first unbelievable news that Dr. Michael Sosnowsky is dead.

A man in the prime of his life, in good health, of seemingly unperturbed character, a genuinely pleasant smile always on his face except, perhaps, when concentrating over his typewriter—it was hardly believable that such a man would pass away suddenly. Yet it was as sudden as it was untimely.

For Dr. Sosnowsky, though he had an outstanding record of accomplishment in word and in deed, was only beginning to spread his wings, as one of his friends noted at the post-funeral wake. A clear thinker, endowed with an analytical mind, Dr. Sosnowsky was one of those unique persons who did not allow his idealism to float in the clouds nor his realism to cast perennial shadows of doubt. His very life attests to that.

Raised in the period of seething oppression and forcefully, almost implacably, rising resistance to it, Dr. Sosnowsky joined the struggle for what was the Ukrainian people's age-long dream—to be a nation free of fetters once again. But neither the lost battle nor the uncertain vagaries of the post-war years shattered his hopes much less his work for what he believed was just, and right, and, most importantly, attainable. A member of a somewhat uprooted generation—like many others, he had to start his higher education five times—he made the necessary re-adjustments with admirable ease and effectiveness.

A journalist with a scholarly bent, Dr. Sosnowsky possessed the qualities of tolerance and objectivity in abundance, a fact that was reflected in his writings and in his work: his feet planted firmly in the ground, his mind always open, probing. His is a profound loss to the Ukrainian community, to the Ukrainian people for whom he toiled all of his life. It is a doubly painful loss in that he could have done so much more. But his memory and his work will suffice to nourish and inspire many generations to come.

So Much for the Declaration

It took two years of work by countless bureaucrats and millions of dollars to produce 33,000 words which comprise the declaration of the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe, signed last week in Helsinki amid pomp and ceremony that usually accompany international gatherings of this kind. Thirty-three European states, as well as the United States and Canada, were privy to that event which many see as, at best, an exercise in futility and, at worst, the West's capitulation to Communist totalitarianism.

To be sure, the declaration, lumped into four "baskets", contains some pious phraseology, notably on the question of human rights and the freedom of movement of people and ideas across and above international borders. President Ford probably had this in mind when he assured representatives of various ethnic groups on the eve of his departure for Europe that he hopes the Helsinki declaration will "open further the lines of communication between the peoples of East and West."

But comrade Brezhnev was quick to dash these hopes when, in his speech, he showed much more interest in another "basket"—that which bars any kind of "interference in the internal affairs" of individual states. Obviously, for the Kremlin bosses freedom ends where they think "interference" begins. And so much for the declaration.

Moscow Curbs Ukrainian Nationalism, Says Writer

The purge against nationalism and intellectuals that has been sweeping Soviet Ukraine since 1972 appears to have come to a climax wrote Paul Wohl in the July 10th edition of The Christian Science Monitor. According to extracts of an underground Ukrainian periodical that have reached the West, the purge is comparable to Stalin's purge of the 1930s.

Unlike the Stalin purge, however, the current one reportedly is being conducted "in an atmosphere of strict secrecy under the guise of transfers and retirements of officials." The Stalin purge was aimed at "anti-party activities."

Shelest's Ouster

The Ukrainian nationalism issue at one time reached all the way to the Politburo, where former Party First Secretary Peter Y. Shelest was said to favor it. Shelest was removed from the Politburo on the eve of former President Nixon's visit to Moscow in 1972. His ouster was explained as being in line with the policy of peaceful coexistence, since Shelest had built up the reputation of a hardliner.

After his removal from office, the clampdown on Ukraine began. Five provincial first secretaries were ousted in a matter of months. In all provinces, cities, and districts the secretaries in charge of ideology were removed.

However, the main victims of the purge are the intellectuals.

Expulsions

Last March a widely known lecturer at the University of Odessa was fired for "nationalism" and the director of the National Opera and Ballet Theater was replaced with a Russian. Five professors at Dnipropetrovsk University also got the ax. And in April the first secretary of the important Sumy oblast was ousted. The Ukrainian capital, Kiev, lost its autonomy and was placed directly under the Ukrainian Central Committee. The Kremlin also has accused Ukrainian "nationalists" of "Maoist" orientation. In addition to the Western radio broadcasts that reach

L.A. Parish Sets Fete for Nov. 2

LOS ANGELES, Calif. — On November 2nd, the parish of the Nativity of the Blessed Virgin Mary Ukrainian Catholic Church will be celebrating two events. The first is the 50th anniversary of the ordination to the priesthood of the church pastor, Msgr. Michael Koltutsky, and the second is the burning of the parish mortgage.

Bishop Yaroslav Gabro will be present at the celebration. Msgr. Koltutsky has formerly served in parishes in Canada and Pennsylvania.

Ukraine, Peking's powerful transmitters send anti-Soviet and anti-Russian broadcasts which are heard by many of the tens of thousands of Ukrainians living in Kazakhstan and other Asian territories.

While there has been evidence of a backlash — first oblast Secretary V.E. Dobryk was reported to have been beaten and shot — it would be a mistake to assume that the Ukrainian masses are in a militantly anti-Soviet mood.

The people of central and eastern Ukraine remain quiet. Last July Soviet General Secretary Leonid I. Brezhnev rode unmolested in an open automobile through the streets of Kiev to "thunderous" applause. And, while Moscow clearly seeks to spread the use of the Russian language, it also has bestowed on Ukraine more modern industry than is to be found in neighboring Russian provinces.

Buffalo Daily Urges Readers To Remember Captive Nations

BUFFALO, N.Y. — The Buffalo Evening News called on the American people to "remember that only a small part of the world's population has ever enjoyed the kinds of freedoms that we sometimes take for granted." In an editorial, entitled "Remember Captive Nations", dated Tuesday, July 15,

Written on the occasion of the 17th annual observance of the Captive Nations Week, the editorial went on to say

St. Joseph's in Philadelphia Offers Ukrainian Language Course

PHILADELPHIA, Pa. — St. Joseph's Evening College will offer a course in Ukrainian during the 1975 fall semester, the first time the language has been part of the school's curriculum.

Designed as an introductory course for students with no prior knowledge of the language, the subject will be taught by Leo D. Rudnytsky, an authority on the history of Ukrainian Literature and Culture. He holds an M.A. from the University of Pennsylvania, and a Ph.D. from the Free University of Munich.

Classes for the fall semester begin September 3rd. Ukrainian 101, which will give students a careful grounding in the essentials of grammar and pronunciation, will be offered on Tuesday and Thursday evenings

Too important Ukraine, with rich mineral resources, a grain crop that accounts for about one-fifth of the Soviet total, a sugar production that is about half of the Soviet total, and its strategic location between Central Europe and Russia on the one side and the Black Sea on the other, is too important for the Kremlin to rely only on repressive measures.

Last November a leading Ukrainian dissident, Ivan M. Dzyuba, who the year before had been sentenced to five years in jail and five years in exile, was prevailed upon to repent.

"We live in cruel times," he declared. "In a world torn by class and ideological struggles, there can be no neutrality. One cannot be a little against Soviet power and the policy of the party and a little for it," concludes Mr. Wohl with a quotation from Dzyuba's article of recantation.

First in History

Congressman Derwinski said it was the first time in American political history that a President met with a cross-section of American ethnic leaders before attending an international conference.

Likewise, Congressman Flood pointed out that in his 30 years in Congress, he could not recall any such conference held by the President on the eve of his departure for a historic meeting.

The Ukrainian group at the conference was represented by Prof. Lev E. Dobriansky, President of the Ukrainian Congress Committee of America, and Joseph Lesawyer, JCCA Executive Vice-President and President of the Ukrainian National Association.

Mr. Lesawyer raised the question regarding the direct request by President Ford to Brezhnev for the release of Valentyn Moroz and Leonid Plushch. General Scowcroft interjected that the case of Moroz was brought up in Vladivostok.

Prof. Dobriansky said that fears are expressed that Moscow would widely utilize the Helsinki agreement for its psycho-political propaganda and will twist it according to its own interpretative likings. He urged that the President's definitive statement to the effect that the U.S. supports the aspirations of the peoples of Eastern Europe to freedom and national independence be widely disseminated by VOA, RFE and RL, so that the adverse psycho-political impact of the Helsinki meeting on Western Europe could be effectively reduced.

There were several other questions on the part of ethnic leaders, all dealing with particular aspects of U.S. foreign policy in Central and Eastern Europe.

President Ford ...

(Continued from p. 1) ded at lessening tensions and opening further the lines of communication between the peoples of East and West. It is the policy of the United States, and it has been my policy ever since I entered public life, to support the aspirations for freedom and national independence of the peoples of Eastern Europe — with whom we have close ties of culture and blood — by every proper and peaceful means. I believe the outcome of this European Security Conference will be a step — how long a step remains to be tested — in that direction...

President Ford also reiterated the U.S. stand on the Baltic States, saying: "I can assure you as one who has been long interested in this question that the United States has never recognized the Soviet incorporation of Lithuania, Latvia and Estonia and is not doing so now. Our official policy of non-recognition is not affected by the results of the European Security Conference..."

To Remember Captive Nations

that besides the captive nations under Communist domination "the list could be expanded to commemorate the victims of repression everywhere in the world — and that would make a long list indeed." The editorial also quoted a statement made recently by the exiled Russian writer Aleksandr Solzhenitsyn, who said that "World War III has already happened and that the free world had lost it."

Ukrainian 102, aimed at students with some background in the language, will be offered on Tuesday and Thursday evenings from 7:25-8:40 in the spring semester. Tuition is \$50 per credit, or \$150 per semester course of three credits.

In offering the language course in Ukrainian, the College is reflecting its special concern for neglected languages and cultures, those which seldom find a place in the curriculum of American colleges and universities.

For further information, call the Evening College office at (215) 879-7500.

There were several other questions on the part of ethnic leaders, all dealing with particular aspects of U.S. foreign policy in Central and Eastern Europe.

What will participation in the program bring a community?

Sen. Paul Yuzyk Attacked By Soviet Critic

KIEV, Ukraine. — Sen. Paul Yuzyk of Canada was criticized for his book "For a Better Canada" in a review written by L. Ovdienko in the current edition of the "Ukrainian Historical Journal".

Ovdienko begins his review of Sen. Yuzyk's book by calling him "one of the leaders of Ukrainian bourgeois nationalist emigre organizations" and a "remnant of the trenches of the Cold War."

"The blunders of anti-Communism and anti-Sovietism are hindering Sen. Yuzyk's realistic appraisal of the essence of peaceful co-existence. This militant nationalist does not waste a single opportunity in order to disseminate his reactionary ideas which show his deep-rooted hate for the USSR and the Socialist system in Ukraine," wrote Ovdienko.

The Soviet critic questions Sen. Yuzyk's interpretation of the Canadian policy of multiculturalism, claiming that he is using it in order to "direct attention of the public to the clamorous activity

of the bourgeois nationalists." In regards to Soviet-Canadian cooperation, Ovdienko said that Sen. Yuzyk is supporting a policy of "international imperialism" and is "sowing hostility" between the two countries.

"Sen. Yuzyk spreads false rumors about the policies of the CPSU, the relationship between the nationalities in the Soviet Union, and while assuming that we are totally stupid, arms himself with a thesis that Ukraine lost her right to a constitution in 1922," said Ovdienko.

The Soviet critic wrote that Sen. Yuzyk's notion of a free exchange of ideas and open borders is merely a means of "exporting counter-revolutionary ideas" into the Soviet Union.

According to Ovdienko, Sen. Yuzyk attempts to sow "disputes and animosity between the Russian and Ukrainian peoples on historical grounds, to defame the great achievements of the Ukrainian people under socialism, and to undermine the friendship between the Soviet nations."

Bicentennial Program

To Aid Small Towns

WASHINGTON, D.C. — Do people living in the thousands of small towns across the country have any control over the future of their way of life—a way that has been the backbone of the nation throughout its history?

Can citizens of these small cities and towns take advantage of modern science and technology to plan for their future?

The belief they can is behind an ambitious Bicentennial project called "Century 3 Communities Program." The program has been granted national recognition by the American Revolution Bicentennial Administration.

Backed by Technology C3CP, for short, will help communities design and build a "Community Early Warning System" to set long-term goals and build consensus around them. The programs will be backed by some of the technology and decision making tools developed by big government and business since World War II.

The tools range from a new kind of card file to a computer, and from a community fair to cable television. Different approaches will be used in different communities according to their needs and resources.

Developed by the Institute, a non-profit organization with headquarters in Dickerson, Md., C3CP will involve 13 specific towns across the country during the Bicentennial period. Programs and producers developed and proven in the original 13 communities will be available to any other interested locality.

First, the C3CP staff will supply guidelines and technical assistance in designing the early warning system.

Second, the program will maintain experienced consultants on call for social problems.

Third, for communities that wish to adopt computers and other sophisticated technology to their own uses, the staff will help write and circulate proposals for funding from other sources.

Communities will have to fund their own activities but will pay no money to the program's staff.

Three-Year Period

The 13 communities of less than 25,000 people will be selected by early 1976 and will programs with community officials kick off their local fairs July 4, 1976. The Institute will continue assisting in the efforts over a three-year period, at which time a community can choose to keep going on its own or not.

The Institute was founded in late 1971 to develop and disseminate practical techniques for small communities, small businesses, individuals and various organizations to help cope with social and technological change.

The first stage of C3CP was funded by the Bicentennial Council of the Thirteen Original States, the Franklin Mint Corporation, and the National Science Foundation. The Institute is actively seeking additional funding to help carry out the remainder of the program.

Communities interested in participating in the program or wanting additional information should contact: Clark H. Wilson, C3CP, Box 174, Route 1, Dickerson, Md. 20753

The Way 'The Weekly' Saw It:

"... And so today we have the sight of the Soviet rulers making a great show of the fictitious Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, which is not a republic in our American sense of the word at all, which is completely dominated by Kremlin, and where there is a minimum of individual and national liberty and the maximum of totalitarian rule and oppression..."

Saturday, August 12, 1944

Hands Across the Sea: Among the Ukrainians of Brazil

By ANISA HANDZIA SAWYCKYJ

(Miss Sawyckyj is a graduate student in East Asian and American history at Columbia University and takes an active interest in Ukrainian community affairs. This is the seventh in a series of articles describing her experiences during a trip to Brazil in April 1975.)

VII

The Church has not been without its trials in Brazil. Perhaps the most difficult times were the 1940's, when the Brazilian government forbade the use of ethnic languages in ethnic churches. A real hero of that period was Father Joseph Roga, a Brazilian-born Ukrainian Catholic priest, who was arrested and briefly jailed by authorities for persisting in his use of Ukrainian language in the church in Prudentopolis.

Father Roga's friend, (then priest) Father Joseph Martynets, voluntarily accompanied his colleague to jail. In a recorded interview with Father Roga on April 9, 1975, we talked about this experience in some detail and he appeared to be delighted to share his memories of this important day in his life and

in the life of the Ukrainian community in Brazil. On April 23, 1975, Father Roga died.

Can you imagine the eight-year-old in your family leaving the house at 6:00 a.m. in order to make the three-hour walk to school by 9:00 a.m., barefoot of course, and with only a piece of bread to eat for a noon meal? And then walk back home from 1:00 to 4:00 p.m.?

I could not have imagined such a situation until I visited a primary school in Iracema, in the province of Santa Catarina, just below Parana. The school is run by Sisters Servants. Much like the Catholic school system in the United States, parishes and the nuns associated with them are allowed to run schools approved by the government. In areas where there are no

nuns, there are public schools taught by government teachers.

The language of instruction is Portuguese. When there is a large number of children who are Ukrainian, the nuns will spend an hour or more after regular school hours to teach the children to read, write, sing, pray in Ukrainian. Sometimes, depending on how motivated the teachers are, they will also teach embroidery or folk dances.

No Brazilians!

A young Ukrainian woman told an interesting story about her childhood school experiences twenty years ago. A Brazilian government inspector of schools came to her school and was greeted by 70 little voices chanting "Slava

Isusu Khrystu." When he asked them to sing a song for what nationality they were, him they sang "Mnohya Lita." When he asked them these 4th or fifth generation Ukrainian children said "Ukrainian," and when he asked for the Brazilians among them to stand up, none of the children stood up, but rather sent up three little Polish children.

There are many five-year primary schools scattered over the countryside. The junior high schools and high schools, however, are considerably fewer and upon reaching the age of 12 or so, the education of many Ukrainian rural children ceases. The problem is poverty.

Both the primary and the median level schools are free, but since the latter are located in larger towns, the farm family must provide the child with funds for food and lodging in the town, not to mention the cost of clothes, books and miscellaneous expenses associated with city life. This comes to about \$300 per school year, whether the child boards in a private

home or lives in a school dormitory.

Rural families are usually large (eight to ten children), and when a farmer must choose between two years of schooling for one child in the city as opposed to the purchase of a cow (about \$500), which will keep the eight younger ones healthy, one knows in advance which he must choose. Actually, it is not even a matter of choice, but a matter of necessity.

The important institutions run by Ukrainian religious group such as the Sisters Servants, the Basilian Fathers, the Ukrainian Catholic diocese and the Catechists are the so-called "instytuty", dormitories where the students live while attending median-level schools. Others are simply residences, where the youth in afternoons after school share community chores, receive instruction in the Ukrainian language, culture, music, the quality and extent of which varies with the different institutes and depends upon the degree of motivation of the instructors.

Increase Ranks

Most of the institutes are designed not only to educate Ukrainian youth, but to increase the ranks of the organization which runs them. The girls are urged to become nuns, the boys all claim (at age 10 or 12) that they want to be priests when they grow up. Needless to say, only a very small percentage of these children actually joins religious orders, but a very important purpose has been served by their having spent a number of formative years at these institutes, where they have either received Ukrainian education, or at least developed a circle of Ukrainian friends.

In fact, most of the university students I met in the city of Curitiba who still are active in Ukrainian affairs were usually graduates of these institutes. As a rule, they usually speak, read and write better Ukrainian than the city kids who attended public schools while living at home.

(To be Continued)

SVOBODA Said:

"... Editor Michael Sosnowsky is no longer among the living, but the light which he turned on each day — by word and deed — will shine forever, as will forever live his memory..."

Tuesday, August 5, 1975

"... The Secretariat of the World Congress of Free Ukrainians and its Presidium should be guided by the by-laws of the WCFU and the resolutions of the congresses. They need not come up with initiatives nor interfere in matters which are beyond their competence, commented Svoboda on the recently held conference between the representatives of WCFU and Ukrainian political parties..."

Tuesday, August 5, 1975

"... The hopes and expectations of President Ford and other Western signatories of the Helsinki declaration are — quite hopeless, in the light of what Brezhnev said on that occasion. The main theme of his address was the warning that no one dare interfere in the 'internal affairs' of the Soviet Union..."

Wednesday, August 6, 1975

Camps End, Courses Begin at Soyuzivka

KERHONKSON, N.Y. — Thirty-one students of high school age took over the premises of the "Lviv" villa at Soyuzivka Sunday, August 3, starting the third and last leg of the UNA sponsored summer program for youth at this beautiful resort.

The students — some from as far west as Nevada and Washington, and as far south as Texas and Florida, even one from Venezuela — comprise the 22nd annual class of the Ukrainian Cultural Courses. There are 20 girls and 11 boys enrolled in this year's program which includes lectures in Ukrainian language, history, literature, culture, as well as singing, dancing, workshops on specific topics, and sports. The Courses will last through Saturday, August 23, and will conclude with a graduation ceremony and a concert program.

Director of this year's courses is Mrs. Christine Prynda-Demydenko, who is assisted by Michael Buryk, Vera Zelwak and Luba Mostovoy, this year's Miss Soyuzivka, as permanent staff members. Beginning next Monday, joining the staff will be noted Ukrainian artist Slava Gerulak who will lecture on Ukrainian culture and give demonstrations in ceramics. Walter Bacad will teach Ukrainian folk dancing, while Oksana Borbycz teaches singing. Among the first guest lecturers this past week was Dr. Myron Kuropas, who is UNA's Supreme Advisor, himself an educator and author of "Ukrainians in America". Dr. Kuropas, who is Midwest director of ACTION, gave three lectures in the course of the week.

The Courses opened Monday, August 4, with a Divine Liturgy celebrated by the Rev. Mak, with students, staff and guests in attendance. Present to greet the class in behalf of the UNA Executive Committee was Supreme Treasurer Ulana Diachuk.

Also addressing the group was Dr. Kuropas, Mrs. Prynda-Demydenko and Mrs. Lubov Kolensky, Svoboda editor.

In addition to studies, the program includes a variety of extracurricular activities, geared to the interests of the students. The students will be taken on a few trips, including West Point, the IBM complex in Kingston, and the new UNA building in Jersey City, N.J.

The students moved into the premises after they were vacated Saturday, August 2, by 28 girls, aged 6-13, who had spent three weeks camping here.

The "Forest Song" children's camp concluded with an hour-long program of

songs, dances and recitations performed admirably by the girl campers at the "Veselka" auditorium to the delight of their parents and guests. Anya Dydyk, Soyuzivka's emcee, conducted the program while Alex Chudolij helped with accordion accompaniment. Dancing instructor was Lida Lodynsky.

Speaking briefly to the campers, their parents and guests was Mrs. Diachuk, Mrs. Stephania Hawryluk, camp director, and Soyuzivka manager Walter Kwas.

The campers then marched back to the "Lviv" villa where they formally closed the camp by lowering the American and the Ukrainian flags and by rendering the prayerful "Bozhe Velykyi" and the traditional "Nech Vzhe Ide".

Assisting Mrs. Hawryluk as counselors were: Martha Kostyszyn, Irene Borbycz, Lida Semanyshyn, Lida Kawac, Vira Lodyuk, Joyce Chupa, Christine Klodnycky, Linda Jankoschuk, Martha and Myra Lewycky.

Ihor Ferencevych was 'Giant Killer' In Hudson County Tourney

JERSEY CITY, N.J. — Ihor Ferencevych, one of the up and coming players on the Ukrainian tennis scene, eliminated two seeded players in the local tourney and advanced to the quarterfinals before being eliminated by the fourth-seeded player.

Seventeen-year-old Ihor, who will be entering his senior year at Jersey City's Emerson High School, started playing tennis some three years ago when he and his older brother Mark enrolled

at Soyuzivka's tennis camp. Since then Ihor has taken part in several Ukrainian tourneys at Soyuzivka, winning the eastern junior title two years ago, advancing to the finals last year, and gaining twice semi-final berths in the nationals.

The Jersey Journal of July 23rd, in reporting on the Hudson County Men's Singles Tournament, said that on the way to the quarters Ihor had eliminated Mike Lazarus, former star at St. Peter's College, in straight sets at love, then swept aside seventh-seeded Jesus Diaz in three sets to advance to the quarterfinals, and thus became the youngest player in the tourney to gain the round of eight. There he lost in two sets to the fourth-seeded player, A. Lebofsky.

In addition to headlining the story with Ihor's feat, the Jersey Journal carried his photo.

Ihor, like his brother Mark is proficient in other sports as well. While Ihor is pursuing tennis with success, Mark is outstanding in track.

The youth's father, Roman Ferencevych is a former employee of the Svoboda Press and is currently employed by the Voice of America. The entire Ferencevych family are members of UNA Branch 25 here.

HAVE YOU BROUGHT YOUR FRIEND OR RELATIVE TO THE UKRAINIAN NATIONAL ASSOCIATION? IF NOT, DO SO AS SOON AS POSSIBLE!

CALENDAR OF UNA EVENTS

Below is a list of UNA events scheduled at varied times in various centers of Ukrainian community life. In announcing these programs, we urge UNA'ers in the respective areas to mark the date on their calendars and plan on participating. Like all UNA functions, these are open to all Ukrainians, who will find UNA'ers happy to welcome them.

UNA Branches and District Committees, planning any functions in the forthcoming weeks and months are asked to submit information to The Weekly for subsequent publication in this Calendar.

UNA District in Chicago will stage a "UNA Day Sunday, Sept. 21, in Palatine, Ill. One of the features of the Day will be the selection of the District's Miss UNA. The event was originally slated for July 20.

The UNA Day in the state of New Jersey, staged jointly by the District Committees of Newark, Perth Amboy, Jersey City and Passaic, will be held Sunday,

Alex Harbuziuk Cited

CHICAGO, Ill. — Alex Harbuziuk, son of the Rev. Oleksa and Mrs. Sophia Harbuziuk of Elmhurst, Ill., was honored recently by a citizens' organization in Chicago for his work as a reporter. Mr. Harbuziuk is a frequent contributor to The Ukrainian Weekly.



Alex Harbuziuk

Judge John P. McGury, a judge of the Circuit Court of Cook County, presented the award on behalf of the Southwest Parish and Neighborhood Federation "for distinguished public service in the field of communications."

Mr. Harbuziuk is a reporter for the Southwest News-Herald, a weekly community newspaper on Chicago's Southwest Side with a paid circulation of about 28,000. It is Chicago's largest audited paid circulation community newspaper.

In making the presentation, Judge McGury said: "You have been chosen to be so honored in recognition of your thorough and consistent reporting of the efforts of local residents to curb the practice of unwanted real estate solicitation from 1972 through 1973."

Mr. Harbuziuk accepted the certificate at the organization's first annual installation dinner on Thursday, July 3, attended by some 300 persons.

The federation is a non-profit association of community groups from various neighborhoods who have banded together in a citizen effort to fight unscrupulous real estate practices that deteriorate property values and

foster racial change at the expense of neighborhood stability.

Similar awards were presented to a reporter from the Chicago Daily News and one from the Chicago Tribune.

Mr. Harbuziuk, 26, received his Bachelor of Science degree in Communications from the University of Illinois at Urbana in 1971.

While there, he was active in the Ukrainian Student Association, serving as vice-president one year.

Currently, he is the leader of the Young People's Group at the First Ukrainian Baptist Church of Chicago. He and his wife Luba are members of UNA Branch 17.

At present, Mr. Harbuziuk is assigned to the crime beat and writes feature stories as well.

His father is president of the All-Ukrainian Evangelical Baptist Fellowship, an association of Ukrainian Baptist churches in the free world.

Diefenbaker ...

(Continued from p. 1)

* Any treaty signed by Canada should include a definite commitment by all signatories including the USSR to implement within their jurisdictions the principles embodied in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights.

* It should provide for reciprocal freedom of movement of people, cultural activities, literature, information and mass media across all international boundaries and specifically the rights of Soviet citizens to emigrate to other countries.

* All economic and technological agreements should be conditional on the implementation of the above principles.

* The establishment of boundaries in Eastern Europe which are the result of conquest should be conditional on the principle of self-determination embodied in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights.

To make all agreements effective an International Commission should be established with authority to deal with any problem arising from the treaties signed, said the Committee.

Mr. Diefenbaker asked the Prime Minister if he had received the submission from the Ukrainian Canadian Committee. Mr. Trudeau said he was not aware of it, but later

in the debate, External Affairs Secretary MacEachan implied that he did receive it.

Liberal backbenchers tried to shout down the former Prime Minister when he was called to order by Speaker James Jerome.

Mr. Diefenbaker protested to the Speaker. He said there should have been a debate in Parliament before the Prime Minister departed for Helsinki to sign the treaty for Canada.

"Every time the cacklers on the back benches cackle, I know I have touched a nerve," he said.

Prime Minister Trudeau said he had heard from a number of Canadian groups of various origins. He had always responded to them and his views were well known, he suggested.

"What are they?" interjected Mr. Diefenbaker.

As to the Helsinki conference itself it had been in preparation for about two years, said Mr. Trudeau. He claimed it had been discussed in the past and he had answered questions. He said Parliament however had never asked him any questions.

"I have raised the question," pointed out Mr. Diefenbaker.

Mr. Trudeau said Canada's role in the conference had been a constructive one. It was Canada that had insisted "on doing the most on what is known as the 'third basket', the principle of free movement of beliefs, ideas and exchanges of information between various parts of the world and between various groups.

"We have been successful in getting this and other principles accepted," said Mr. Trudeau.

"I intend to sign the document next week. It is not a negotiating conference. There has been agreement reached by the various governments on the document. I will table it when I return to Ottawa," said Mr. Trudeau.

STAGE SUMA FESTIVAL THIS WEEKEND
ELLENVILLE, N.Y. — The New York branch of SUMA is sponsoring a two-day festival August 9 and 10 here at the SUMA campsite. The festival, which is scheduled to begin at 1:00 p.m. today, will include various sports competitions, fun and games. There will be a concert program, followed by a dance to the tunes of B. Hirnyak's orchestra, I. Rakowsky and Shkwarko, vocalists.

Rally at Statue of Liberty Concludes CN Week in New York

NEW YORK, N.Y. — Despite a false bomb scare from an unknown source, close to 1,500 persons pledged continued support for the aspirations of peoples held captive by the Communists behind the Iron, Bambo and Sugar curtains, during an afternoon rally here Sunday, July 20, which culminated in a wreath-laying ceremony at the foot of the Statue of Liberty.

Sponsored by the Americans to Free Captive Nations (AFCN), a multi-ethnic organization headed by Dr. Valentyna Kalynyk, the rally climaxed the Captive Nations Week observances held each year during the third week of July in line with Public Law 86-90.

More than two dozen organizations representing various ethnic groups, ranging from the Bulgarians and Byelorussians to the Chinese and Cubans, took part in the rally which commenced at 1:00 p.m. with the reading of President Ford's proclamation, as well as that of New York Governor Hugh Carey, by Dr. Kalynyk. She also acknowledged letters from Congressmen Edward J. Derwinski (Ill.) and Daniel Flood (Pa.).

Ukrainians are represented on the AFCN by the Association for the Liberation of Ukraine (SVU).

Dr. Kalynyk, in her remarks, summarized the purpose of the rally — which was outlined also in leaflets distributed during the event to tourists and passers-by —



Dr. Valentyna Kalynyk addresses CN rally at the Statue of Liberty in New York.

ing the policy of detente, the continued violations of human rights in the USSR and the Helsinki conference.

The themes were underscored by numerous speakers, including Congressman Mario Biaggi, Ambassador Konstantin C. Shah of the Republic of China, Alexander Yesenin-Volpin, noted dissident and currently a member of the Committee for the Defense of Soviet Political Prisoners. Also speaking at the rally was Mrs. Mary Dushnyk, UNA Vice-President, who represented Women for Freedom, Inc.

of the Cuban representative that the Liberty Island security guards told the rally organizers that an anonymous caller had warned of a bomb planted someplace at the rally site. After a 30-minute check, the rally continued without interruption.

The thrust of the rally was conveyed to President Ford by a telegram which criticized the policy of detente and the Helsinki conference. The telegram was signed by Dr. V. Kalynyk in behalf of the executive committee of the Americans to Free Captive Nations.

Ukrainian Pensioners

Do you need additional funds besides your Social Security pension for living expenses? If so, you can obtain them by becoming an

ORGANIZER

for the

Ukrainian National Association

You can work days or evenings, week-days or Sundays or holidays, whenever you have free time. Your earnings depend on your time and results. TRY YOUR SKILLS. If you are not familiar with life insurance plans offered by the UNA, we will train you.

Write or call:

UKRAINIAN NATIONAL ASSOCIATION

30 Montgomery Street, Jersey City, N.J. 07303

Tel.: N.J. (201) 451-2200 — N.Y. (212) 227-5250-1

ATTENTION! STUDENTS ATTENTION!

An unprecedented opportunity to spend a free weekend (Saturday and Sunday) at beautiful "SOYUZIVKA"

THE UKRAINIAN NATIONAL ASSOCIATION

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YOU MUST be between 16 and 23 years old.

YOU MUST become insured in the UNA during the summer months (July, August, September) for at least \$3,000 life insurance.

YOU MUST pay one annual premium.

DEAR STUDENT! DO NOT MISS THIS GRAND OPPORTUNITY TO BECOME A UNA MEMBER AND OBTAIN A FREE WEEKEND AT "SOYUZIVKA" WHERE YOU WILL MEET CROWDS OF YOUNG PEOPLE AND MAKE NEW FRIENDS.

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San Francisco — Masonic Memorial Auditorium, 1111 California Street — August 15 and 16, 1975

Fresno — Convention Center, 700 M Street — August 17, 1975

Monterey — Language Institute — August 19, 1975

San Jose — Center for the Performing Arts, 255 Almaden Blvd. — August 22, 1975

Los Angeles — Wilshire-Ebell Theatre (Corner of 8th & Lucerne) — August 29, 30 and 31, 1975

THERE'S NO PLACE LIKE SOYUZIVKA

SOYUZIVKA

The Ukrainian National Association RESORT

in the Catskill Mountains, near Kerhonkson, N.Y.



EACH FRIDAY, a DANCE to tunes of the "SOYUZIVKA" orchestra — vocalist, OKSANA BORBYCZ — accordion, A. CHUDOLIJ.

Saturday, August 9, 1975

Program staged by the students of UMI — classes of D. KARANOWYCZ and T. BOHDANSKA. SOYUZIVKA ENSEMBLES Dance to the tunes of two orchestras — "TEMPO" and "RUSHNYCHOK".

Sunday, August 10, 1975

Art exhibit of E. KOZAK and sons, YURI and YAREMA.

Saturday, August 16, 1975

ANNA CHORNODOLSKA — soprano Dance to the tunes of B. HIRNIAK'S orchestra.

Sunday, August 17, 1975

Art exhibit — LIUBOSLAV HUTSALIUK. "NATALKA POLTAVKA" — operetta performed by the Ukrainian Opera Ensemble of New York, under the direction of L. Reynarowycz

Saturday, August 23, 1975

THOMAS HRYNKIW — concert pianist. Dance to the tunes of the "SOYUZIVKA" orchestra.

Sunday, August 24, 1975

Art exhibit WOLODYMYR BACHYNSKYJ.

Saturday, August 30, 1975

— Labor Day Weekend
RENATA BABAK — mezzo-soprano, THOMAS HRYNKIW — accompanist. Dance to the tunes of two orchestras — "TEMPO" and "RUSHNYCHOK".

Sunday, August 31, 1975

VOCAL AND DANCING ENSEMBLES of SOYUZIVKA. WOLODYMYR HENTISZ — guest appearance. Dance to "TEMPO" and "RUSHNYCHOK". Mistress of ceremonies at all programs — ANYA DYDYK.

THE LARGE AIR-CONDITIONED DANCE HALL "VESELKA"

Tel.: (914) 626-5641

UKRAINIAN NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, Inc.

Summary Reports For June 1975

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT

INCOME — JUNE, 1975	
Dues from Members	\$ 237,921.17
INTEREST FROM:	
Bonds	88,357.60
Mortgages	23,968.81
Certificate Loans	1,457.94
Banks	705.63
Stocks	1,521.16
Total:	\$ 116,011.14
RENT — REAL ESTATE	
77-83 Grand St., Jersey City, N. J.	\$ 1,000.00
74 Brandt Pl. Ex., N.Y.	31.02
Total:	\$ 1,031.02
Income of UNA Estate-Kerhonkson, N.Y., SOYUZIVKA	30,597.97
Income of "SVOBODA" Printing Plant	45,673.11
REFUNDS:	
Reinsurance Recovered	95.00
Employee Hosp. Plan	53.55
Taxes Held in Escrow	6,062.40
Taxes — Canadian Dom. Pension Plan	127.28
Taxes — Fed. & State	5,044.27
Cash Surrenders	1,502.52
General Offices Main	3.00
Orphans' Fund Cancelled	46.59
Endowments Matured	500.00
Total:	\$ 13,434.61
MISCELLANEOUS:	
Transfer to Orphans' Fund	1,075.00
Sale of Encyclopaedia	503.25
Total:	\$ 1,578.25
INVESTMENTS:	
Mortgages repaid	64,342.40
Certificate Loans paid	5,806.75
Loan to UNURC Paid	40,000.00
Total:	\$ 110,149.15
TOTAL INCOME FOR JUNE, 1975:	\$ 556,401.41
DISBURSEMENTS — JUNE, 1975	
PAYMENTS TO MEMBERS:	
Dividends	456,873.20
Reinsurance Premiums	745.21
Cash Surrenders	15,320.18
Death Benefits	64,097.00
Endowments Matured	70,291.12
Payor death benefits	229.88
Fraternal Fund Benefits	2,352.00
Orphans' Fund Benefits	299.23
Total:	\$ 610,207.82
OPERATING EXP.—REAL ESTATE:	
77-83 Grand St., Jersey City, N. J.	335.72
Total:	\$ 335.72
OPERATING EXPENSES:	
U.N.A. Estate — Kerhonkson, N. Y.	32,733.20
"SVOBODA" Printing Plant	47,036.50
ORGANIZING EXPENSES:	
Supreme Medical Examiner	750.00
Advertising	815.25
Medical Inspections	248.90
Travelling Expenses — Special Organizers	180.00
Reward to Special Organizers	1,391.66
Reward to Br. Organizers	9,490.00
Total:	\$ 12,875.81
SALARIES, INSURANCE AND TAXES:	
Canadian Corporation Taxes	200.00
Employee Pension Plan	433.33
Salaries of Executive Officers	6,333.34
Salaries of Office Employees	16,290.24
Taxes — Federal & State	6,100.30
Tax — Can. Dom. with & P.P.	154.11
Total:	\$ 29,511.32
OFFICIAL PUBLICATION - SVOBODA:	
	18,600.00
ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES:	
Accrued Interest Paid on Bonds	3,905.50
Actuarial & Statistical Exp.	10,950.00
Books & Printed Matter	380.13
General Office Maintenance	658.64
Insurance Department Fees	288.00
Postage	1,551.00
Printing & Stationery	4,240.33
IBM — Rental & Service	564.28
Telephone	830.06
Travelling Expenses — General	585.10
Total:	\$ 23,953.04
MISCELLANEOUS:	
Taxes Held in Escrow Paid	10,631.25
Youth — Sport Activities	1,451.50
Support	2,000.00
Total:	\$ 14,082.75
INVESTMENT:	
Bonds Purchased	138,343.75
Certificate Loans Issued	5,227.99
Stocks Purchased	1,521.16
Purchase of EDP Equipment	128.00
Real Estate	2,653.54
Total:	\$ 147,874.44
TOTAL Disbursements of June, 1975:	\$ 937,230.62
BALANCE:	
ASSETS:	
Cash	\$ 377,194.30
Bonds	24,643,179.42
Stocks	517,987.32
Mortgages	4,579,081.49
Certificate Loans	523,743.23
Real Estate	682,565.83
Printing Plant	107,728.11
EDP Equipment	8,092,270.70
Loan to UNURC	
TOTAL:	\$39,523,750.40
LIABILITIES:	
Funds:	
Life Insurance	\$38,916,278.21
Fraternal	205,404.88
Orphans	170,421.11
Old Age Home	190,289.22
Emergency	41,356.94
TOTAL:	\$39,523,750.40

ULANA DIACHUK
Supreme Treasurer

RECORDING DEPARTMENT

	Juv.	Adults	ADD	Totals
TOTAL AS MAY 31, 1975:	23,098	59,102	5,917	88,614
GAINS IN JUNE, 1975:				
New Members	61	113	32	206
Reinstated	18	40	2	60
Transferred in	4	22	3	29
Change of class in	—	—	—	—
Transferred from Juv. Dpt.	—	2	—	2
TOTAL GAINS	83	168	37	306
LOSSES IN JUNE, 1975:				
Suspended	25	66	19	110
Transferred out	4	19	2	25
Change of class out	2	9	—	11
Transferred to adults	1	—	—	1
Died	2	66	—	68
Cash Surrender	24	33	—	57
Endowments matured	57	24	—	81
Fully Paid-up	16	34	—	50
Reduced Paid-up	—	—	—	—
Extended Insurance	—	1	—	1
TOTAL LOSSES	131	258	21	410
INACTIVE MEMBERSHIP AS OF JUNE, 1975:				
Paid Up	16	38	—	54
Extended Insurance	15	30	—	45
TOTAL GAINS	31	68	—	99
LOSSES IN JUNE, 1975:				
Died	—	10	—	10
Cash Surrender	10	9	—	19
Reinstated	7	13	—	20
Lapsed	5	5	—	10
TOTAL LOSSES	22	37	—	59
TOTAL UNA MEMBERSHIP AS OF JUNE 30, 1975:	23,556	59,061	5,933	88,550

WALTER SOCHAN,
Supreme Secretary

ORGANIZING DEPARTMENT

THE FIVE BEST IN JUNE 1975

Districts:	Members:
1. Philadelphia, Pa.	129
2. New York, N.Y.	111
3. Cleveland, O.	100
4. Toronto, Ont.	93
5. Chicago, Ill.	92
Branches:	Members:
1. 121 Rome, N.Y. secr. C. Kobito	27
2. 242 Frackville, Pa. secr. O. Chabon	27
3. 94 Hamtramck, Mich. secr. R. Tatarsky	23
4. 153 Philadelphia, Pa. secr. I. Skirni	23
5. 240 Cleveland, Ohio secr. M. Kihichak	23
6. 217 Rochester, N.Y. secr. T. Kubarch	19
7. 47 Betlehem, Pa. secr. Anna Hatas	17
8. 379 Chicago, Ill. secr. M. Semidw	17
9. 25 Jersey City, N.J. secr. Kwitka Steduk	16
10. 216 Philadelphia, Pa. secr. B. Odezynsky	16
11. 276 Ambridge, Pa. secr. S. Evenitsky	16
TOTAL new members in May 1975	206
TOTAL new members in 1975	1,376

STEFAN HAWRYCZ
Supreme Organizer

I. Kramarenko ...

(Continued from p. 1)

months, he was unable to continue in this capacity though he remained a member of the Rada's Executive Organ until his death. Surviving is his son, Peter, with his wife Maria, and near and distant relatives. Funeral services were held Wednesday, July 30, from Peter Jarema's Funeral Home to St. Volodymyr's Ukrainian Orthodox Cathedral here, and then to St. Andrew's Memorial Church in Bound Brook, N.J., where interment took place. Metropolitan Mstyslav, head of the Ukrainian Autocephalous Orthodox Church and of the Ukrainian-Orthodox Church in the U.S.A., assisted by clergy, offered a Requiem and eulogized the late I.M. Kramarenko, as did Gen. A. Valjysky, col. P. Samojliw, V. Bilayiw, and other friends of the deceased. A wake followed the funeral services.

Congressman Dodd ...

(Continued from p. 1)

The News, said that "detente should be concerned with human rights, not rockets." Mr. Gulycz, who is also secretary of UNA Branch 101, said that Ukrainian Americans are "so vehement" about helping Moroz and Plushch "because they appreciate the personal freedom they enjoy in the United States." He added that he is convinced that "only the attention and publicity generated by the cases of Moroz and Plushch are keeping the prisoner alive." "Americans of every nationality should take an interest in the cause and write to American and Soviet officials asking them to open the barbed wire. What is over there today, might be here tomorrow," said Mr. Gulycz. The Groton News also carried the latest information about the incarceration of Moroz, including the noise torture recently imposed on the Ukrainian political prisoner.

Why be on the outside? Join the Ukrainian National Ass'n and read "The Ukrainian Weekly"

DR. MICHAEL SOSNOWSKY, SVOBODA EDITOR, DIES

(Continued from p. 1)

symptoms indicated. Dr. Sosnowsky did have some minor kidney problems seven years ago, but did not complain of any discomforts recently. Pending more detailed pathological examination, the coroner termed the cause of death as "unknown".

Dr. Sosnowsky was born December 1, 1919, in the Ternopil region of western Ukraine. He completed his secondary education in Ternopil and enrolled first at the Theological Academy in Lviv, pursuing his higher education later at the University of Lviv, which was interrupted by World War II. After the war, he continued his studies at the University of Erlangen, specializing in law and political science. Having completed the studies at the University of Erlangen, he earned a Master's degree at the Ukrainian Free University in Munich in 1949.

It was in the same year that he emigrated to Canada, settling in Toronto, where, apart from work, he continued his studies at the University of Toronto, earning a Bachelor's degree in political science in 1957 and a Bachelor's degree in library science in 1961. In 1968, he received a Ph.D. degree in political science from the Ukrainian Free University.

Dr. Sosnowsky began his journalistic career in Germany after World War II, and while in Canada was editor of the Ukrainian weekly "Homin Ukrayni" (Echo of Ukraine). Since 1967, he was Svoboda's

correspondent at the parliamentary press gallery in Ottawa and in 1972 at the United Nations in New York. He joined Svoboda as a full-time editor on September 1, 1973.

Involved in Ukrainian affairs since his youth years, Dr. Sosnowsky was active in scores of Ukrainian organizations both in Canada and in the U.S.

A member of the executive board of the American branch of the Shevchenko Scientific Society, he also served as president of the TUSM Alumni vice-president of the Ukrainian Journalists Association of America, was a founding member of the League for the Liberation of Ukraine in Canada, a member of the Canadian Slavists Association, served until 1972 as executive director of the World Congress of Free Ukrainians, was a member of the WCFU's Cultural Affairs Council, and served on the executive board of the Newark chapter of the U.C.A. He was a member of UNA Branch 25.

Author of scores of articles and surveys on Ukraine and affairs of the Ukrainian communities in the free world, Dr. Sosnowsky also wrote two major works, published under the auspices of the Shevchenko Scientific Society: "Ukraine in the International Arena 1945-1965," and "Dmytro Dontsov: A Political Portrait."

He was also the indexer for "Ukraine: A Concise Encyclopaedia," financed by the

UNA and published by the University of Toronto.

He is survived by his widow, Oksana, a sister, Oksana, in Ukraine, sister-in-law, Mrs. Irene Weretelnik, her husband Mykola, sons Yuriy, Andriy and Roman, near and distant relatives in Canada, U.S. and Ukraine.

Funeral services were held Wednesday, July 30, from the Lytwyn and Lytwyn Funeral Home in Irvington, N.J., to St. John's Ukrainian Catholic Church in Newark, then to St. Andrew's Ukrainian Orthodox Cemetery in Bound Brook, N.J., where the remains were interred.

Officiating at the funeral services at St. John's were: Auxiliary Bishop Basil H. Loesten of Philadelphia, Very Rev. Dr. Michael Hrynchyshyn, CSsR, and Rev. Ivan Syrota, CSsR, both of St. John's, the latter also performing the last rites at the cemetery.

Eulogizing the late Dr. Sosnowsky at grave-site were: Metropolitan Mstyslav, primate of the Ukrainian Orthodox Church in the U.S.A.; J. Lesawyer, representing the WCFU, and Bohdan Kulchycky, TUSM Alumni.

Also delivering eulogies following Requiem services at the Lytwyn and Lytwyn Funeral Home Monday and Tuesday, July 28-29, and during the post-funeral wake at the Ukrainian Community Center in Irvington were the following: Rev. Hrynchyshyn, Anthony Dragan, Svoboda Editor-in-Chief, Ivan Kedryn-Rudnytsky, Dr. Nicholas Chi-

rovsky, Ivan Smolyi, Julian Revay, Yaroslav Haywas, Ivan Bazarko, Dr. Petro Goy, Dr. Joseph Andrushkiw, Volodymyr Lasowsky, Ivan Boyko, Bohdan Dackiwsky, Adam Hordynsky, Dr. Stepan Woroch, Ludmyla Wolansky, Stephanie Bukshowana, Askold Lozynskyj, Dr. Roman Senkiw, and Dr. Wasyl Kalynowych. Speaking in behalf of the bereaved wife and family was the late Dr. Sosnowsky's nephew, Yuriy Weretelnik.

In lieu of flowers, the family asked that contributions be made to the Ukrainian Free University Scholarship Fund.

Youth Participation.

(Continued from p. 1) bits of Ukrainian publications, paintings, a concert and academic symposiums are slated. The week-long program will culminate with a rally at the foot of the Taras Shevchenko Monument.

The camp-out, it was decided, will be open to all Ukrainian youths, not only those belonging to the three organizations mentioned, but others as well. The Committee called for at least 1,000 participants. A temporary three-member committee consisting of I. Sochan (Plast), I. Kobasa (SUMA), and O. Shevchenko (ODUM) was elected to organize the next meeting of youth organization representatives to further plan the camp-out program.

THE CARPATHIAN SKI CLUB OF NEW YORK
under the auspices of the
ASSOCIATION OF UKRAINIAN SPORTS CLUBS IN NORTH AMERICA (USCAK)
will hold

THE ANNUAL TENNIS AND SWIMMING COMPETITION
at SOYUZIVKA
DEDICATED TO
Bicentennial of American Revolution
and
100th Anniversary of Ukrainian Settlement in the United States

August 29, 30, 31 and September 1, 1975 (Labor Day Weekend)

TENNIS TOURNAMENT
for Individual CHAMPIONSHIPS of USCAK
and trophies of the
UKRAINIAN NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, SOYUZIVKA, SVOBODA, THE UKRAINIAN WEEKLY, and the Sportsmanship Trophy of Mrs. MARY DUSHNYCK
Qualifications: This competition is open to any player whose club is a member of USCAK—Singles matches are scheduled in the following divisions: Men, Women, Junior Vets (35-44), Senior Men (45 and 55), Junior (Boys and Girls).
Juniors are persons aged 18 and under, while seniors are over 45 years of age.
Registration for tennis matches, including name, age, division and the fee of \$5.00 should be sent to:
Mr. BOHDAN RAK
43-21 49th Street
Long Island City, N.Y. 11104
Registrations should be sent not later than August 23, 1975. No additional applications will be accepted before the competition, since the schedule of matches will be worked out ahead of time.

SCHEDULE OF MATCHES
FRIDAY, August 29 — Soyuzivka, 1:00 p.m. Men's preliminary round. Players who must compete in this round will be notified by the tournament committee by Wednesday, August 27.
SATURDAY, August 30 — Soyuzivka, 8:30 a.m. First round junior girls (all age groups), junior vets, senior men 45 and over, and women. New Paltz, 8:30 a.m. Men's first round, Soyuzivka, 10:30 a.m. Juniors (all age groups), New Paltz, 10:30 a.m. Men's consolation round, Soyuzivka, 3:30 p.m. Senior men 55 and over. Time and place of subsequent matches will be designated by tournament director R. Rakotchyj Sr.
Players in men's division, scheduled to compete Friday but unable to arrive on this day, as well as losers in the preliminary round, can compete in the consolation round.
Because of limited time and the large number of entries, players can compete in one group only they must indicate their choice on the registration blank.
Reservations should be made individually by the competitors by writing to: Soyuzivka, Ukrainian National Ass'n Estate, Kerhonkson, N.Y. 12446; (914) 626-5641
All participants in the tennis and swimming competition will receive commemorative medals.

SWIMMING COMPETITION
for INDIVIDUAL and TEAM CHAMPIONSHIPS
UNA MEDALS & TROPHIES
in the following events:
Boys (8-10) — 25 m. free-style
Boys (11-12) — 25 m. free-style
Juniors (13-14) — 50 m. free-style and 50 m. breast-stroke
Juniors (15-17) — 50 m. free-style
50 m. breast-stroke
100 m. medley
Men — 100 m. free-style
100 m. breast-stroke
4 x 50 m. free-style relay
4 x 50 m. medley relay
Girls (8-10) — 25 m. free-style
Girls (11-12) — 25 m. free-style
Juniors (13-14) — 50 m. free-style
Juniors (15-17) — 50 m. free-style and 50 m. breast-stroke
Women — 50 m. free-style and 50 m. breast-stroke
4 x 25 m. free-style relay
Registration, including name, club, age, group and event (except relays) should be sent not later than August 28, 1975 to:
Mr. Jaroslav Rubel, c/o Soyuzivka
Kerhonkson, N.Y. 12446
Late registration will be held on Saturday, Aug. 30 1975, from 9:30 a.m. at Soyuzivka swimming pool.
Swimming meet will be held on Saturday, August 30, beginning at 11:00 a.m. with finals in the afternoon (same day).
Registration fee \$1.00 per person.
Swimmers may enter or participate in one division (one age group) only, except relays.

REGISTRATION FORM
PLEASE CUT OUT AND SEND IN WITH APPROPRIATE REG. FEE.
1. Name: _____
2. Address: _____
3. Phone: _____
4. Date of birth: _____
5. Event — age group: _____
6. Sports club membership: _____
Check payable to: KLK, American Ukrainian Sports Club.