

"WE INTEND TO BURY NO ONE AND WE DO NOT INTEND TO BE BURIED."
Lyndon B. Johnson

СВОБОДА SVOBODA

УКРАЇНСЬКИЙ ЩОДЕННИК UKRAINIAN DAILY

The Ukrainian Weekly Section

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Anniversary of Western Ukraine's Independence Marked in New York and Jersey City

Jersey City, N. J.—The 46th anniversary of the independence of Western Ukraine, proclaimed in Lviv on November 1, 1918, was commemorated by concerts, gatherings and special meetings in Ukrainian communities in the United States, Canada and other countries of the free world. In many cases the festivities were combined to mark the 50th anniversary of the Ukrainian Sich Riflemen, the first modern Ukrainian military formation which played such an outstanding part in the Ukrainian War of Liberation.

Holy Liturgies were celebrated prior to the concerts in both the Ukrainian Catholic and Ukrainian Orthodox churches, in memory of those who died on the fields of battle while staunchly defending the newly gained freedom and independence. A special message from the Most Rev. Ambrose Senyshyn, Metropolitan of Ukrainian Catholics in the USA, who is currently attending the Ecumenical Council in Rome, was read in all Ukrainian Catholic churches of the Philadelphia Archdiocese.

Also taking part in the commemorative celebrations were members of the Ukrainian American youth organizations Plast and SUMA, which met additionally in their own quarters to mark the independence anniversary.

Ukrainian Americans of New York City filled to capacity the auditorium of the Washington Irving High School on Sunday, November 1, in attending the commemorative program sponsored by the Committee of the United Ukrainian American Organizations, New York UCCA Branch.

Greeting the veterans of the Ukrainian Sich Riflemen on their 50th anniversary was Mr. Ivan Bazarko, chairman of the sponsoring committee. Among the veterans was Dr. Stepan Wytvytsky, President of the Ukrainian National Republic in exile, and Theodore Rozhankovsky, former chief commander of the Ukrainian Sich Riflemen. Mr. Rozhankovsky, who

is the oldest and the highest ranking officer among the USS veterans, was the principal speaker. He was followed by Dr. Volodymyr Kalyna, also a distinguished veteran of the USS (Ukrainski Sichovi Striltsi) unit.

The second part of the program consisted of a play, "November 1918 in Lviv," staged by the Philadelphia "Theatre on Friday." This group of leading Ukrainian stage actors, directed by Volodymyr Shasharynsky, presented what was a unique five-act play especially created for this occasion and based on the text adaptations of such well-known Ukrainian writers as Antonych, Karpenko-Krynytsia, Kernytsky, Kupchynsky, Lysyak, Radakevych, Franko, Cholhan, and Chuprynka. The play was well received by the audience, which applauded generously the fine performance of all actors.

The auditorium of the Ukrainian Community Center in Jersey City, N. J., was also filled to capacity as hundreds came to pay tribute to the Ukrainian Sich Riflemen on their 50th anniversary and to mark the November upheaval in Western Ukraine forty-six years ago.

Following the singing of the American and the Ukrainian National Anthems, and the opening prayer by the Rev. Z. Bachynsky, of the SS. Peter and Paul Ukrainian Catholic Church, Mr. Volodymyr Bilyk, chairman of the local UCCA Branch, delivered the introductory remarks and greeted all USS veterans present. Dr. Roman Kryzhtalsky, veteran of the Ukrainian Sich Riflemen, was the principal speaker.

The rest of the program consisted of musical renditions by the choir of the Holy Ghost Ukrainian Catholic Church in Brooklyn, N. Y., under the direction of Lev Reynarovich, solo and duet appearance of Hanna Sherey, soprano, and Mr. Reynarovich, baritone, and recitations by Anne Dydyk and Andrew Shul. Piano accompaniment was rendered by Taras Levytsky.

Stephen Juba, William Hawrelak Re-Elected to Mayoral Posts in Canada

Winnipeg, Man.—Among the many Canadians of Ukrainian descent who have attained prominent positions in the political life of Canada are Stephen Juba and William Hawrelak, both recently re-elected to the office of Mayor in Winnipeg and Edmonton, respectively.

Running unopposed, Mr. Juba was re-elected to his fifth term as Mayor of Winnipeg, Manitoba, a feat that stands without precedent in the history of Winnipeg's city elections over the past twenty-five years. This fact also attests to Mr. Juba's great popularity among the city dwellers and is a tribute to his excellent record as chief city executive over the past eight years. Mayoral elections are held in Canada every two

Mr. Hawrelak was re-elected by a majority of close to 20,000 votes, a much greater margin than that which he had received in the 1962 elections when he won by 7,000 votes. Mr. Hawrelak was elected Mayor of Edmonton for the first time in 1952. Later re-elected to the post, he resigned in 1959 only to run again in 1962. The substantial margin of victory is considered by local political observers to represent a solid vote of confidence by the electorate based on his record of leadership, initiative and efficient government.

Both Mr. Juba and Mr. Hawrelak have always shown interest in Ukrainian community affairs and have given support to projects of local and national significance.

Ukrainian Women on Television News

On Wednesday evening, October 28, several New York television news programs, on Channels 4, 7, 9 and 11 showed Ukrainian women, in embroidered blouses, in a political scene on Wall Street, where they were being challenged by Liberal Party hecklers. Mrs. Mary Dushnyk, Mrs. N. Doktor LeCouer and Mrs. Marie Ricket were distributing Republican Party literature on captive nations as well as American-Ukrainian material from a station wagon with a Captive Nations sign and several others

about Ukraine. The TV news scenes identified the ladies as Ukrainian, and part of their argument exchange with the hecklers was heard on the programs.

On their way to Wall Street, the ladies were accompanied in the station wagon by a West German newsreel photographer from Hamburg who had been sent to the United States to get pictures of election campaigning in New York for a later showing in Germany. He also took pictures of Ukrainians in downtown New York.

LYNDON B. JOHNSON AND HUBERT H. HUMPHREY GAIN LANDSLIDE VICTORY IN PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION Democratic Party Registers Substantial Gains In Largest Voter Turnout In History



LYNDON BAINES JOHNSON



HUBERT HORATIO HUMPHREY

Lyndon Baines Johnson of Texas became the 36th President of the United States as a result of his smashing victory over Sen. Barry Goldwater, the Republican Party's standard bearer, in the November 3 election.

Sen. Hubert H. Humphrey of Minnesota was elected Vice President on the Democratic ticket with Mr. Johnson.

In what was the greatest Democratic triumph since Franklin D. Roosevelt defeated Alfred M. Landon in 1936, Mr. Johnson amassed the largest plurality of a record-breaking voter turnout, which was estimated at 71,000,000. The latest available figures at this writing show that President Johnson received approximately 61 per cent of the popular vote to 39 per cent for Senator Goldwater. He carried 44 States to Sen. Goldwater's six, with the electoral vote overwhelming in his favor 486 to 52.

President Johnson's victory was so decisive that it carried many Democratic candidates for the Senate, House, governorships and lesser state and local offices to a sweeping victory, dealing a crushing blow to Republican aspirants in various parts of the country. In areas of heretofore undisputed Republican supremacy, the Democrats scored surprising victories that left no doubt as to the effect of the presidential sweep. In the State of New York, the Republicans lost their legislative leadership as well as the control of both houses of the State Legislature, as the Democrats gained control for the first time since 1935. Riding the crest of the Johnson sweep, Robert F. Kennedy, brother of the late President, in his first run for elective office, defeated the incumbent Senator Kenneth B. Keating.

Only a handful of Republicans led by Gov. George Romney of Michigan salvaged some of their party's prestige in spite of the fact that their States

voted heavily for the Johnson-Humphrey ticket. Also, in the California senatorial race, one-time film actor George Murphy scored a victory over Pierre Salinger, former Press Secretary to Presidents Kennedy and Johnson. On the other hand, GOP's gubernatorial hopeful in Illinois, Charles H. Percy, considered one of the rising young lights of the Republican Party, was swept aside in the Johnson ballot deluge in favor of the incumbent Otto Kerner.

Aside from its obvious political ramifications which will be analyzed, studied and pondered over for weeks, perhaps months, to come, this year's election was the most speedily reported in history thanks to the most modern electronic computers that made the outcome apparent long before the sun had set in the West. The major television and radio networks, as well as newspapers and wire services, utilizing computer projection systems, were able to predict the final outcome of the election as early as 9 P. M.

New Dormitory to Be Dedicated At Manor College

On Sunday, November 15, 1964 at 3 p. m. the new dormitory of St. Josephat will be dedicated at Manor Jr. College, Fox Chase Manor, Jenkintown, Pa. Participating in this event will be Very Rev. Msgr. Michael Poloway and Very Rev. Msgr. Stephen Chevansky of Northampton, President of the

Ukrainian Metropolitan and Polish Archbishop Speak Of 'Modern Martyrs'

ROME (WD). — On the second day in a general debate on Schema 13 entitled "The Church in the Modern World," Metropolitan Maximilian Hermaniuk and Archbishop Karol Wojtyla of Cracow raised the question of the "contemporary martyrs." Metropolitan Hermaniuk said that the principal fault of the Schema was the absence of a description of the world according to ideologies, i. e., Christianity and Marxism. "We should show and demonstrate that the first ideology uplifts man to the image of God, while the second reduces him to the state of slavery." The text should not forget, Metropolitan Hermaniuk continued, that there exist today modern martyrs of the Church who are suffering for justice and freedom. The text should solemnly condemn all persecution.

Rev. George Pazdrey, Pastor Of Bayonne Catholic Church, Dies

The Rev. Fr. C. George Pazdrey, 39, Pastor of the Assumption of the Blessed Virgin Mary Ukrainian Catholic Church, Bayonne, N. J., passed away Wednesday, November 4, 1964 at St. Francis Hospital, Jersey City, N. J.

Father Pazdrey attended St. Basil College, Stamford, Connecticut, and completed his theological studies at the Catholic University, Washington, D. C. He was ordained to the sacred priesthood on June 8, 1950 by the late Metropolitan Constantine Bohachevsky.

Among the parishes he served as a curate were St. Nicholas Church, Elmira, New York; St. Nicholas Church, Philadelphia, Pa.; and Sts. Peter and Paul Church, Jersey City, N. J.

Soyuz Ukrainok Branch 72 Plans Annual Musicale

New York. — Mezzo-soprano Christina Bodnar and cellist Halyna Sarach will be the featured artists at this year's annual musicale sponsored by Branch 72 of the Ukrainian National Women's League of America (Soyuz Ukrainok).

The musicale, planned for 3 p. m. on November 22, will be held at the Ukrainian Institute of America, 2 East 79 Street. Miss Bodnar, who was born in Lviv and is currently teaching English at the Brearley School in New York City, will present a program of Italian, German lieder and Ukrainian folk songs.

ANDREW MELNYK, UKRAINIAN NATIONALIST LEADER, DIES IN GERMANY

Cologne, Germany.—Col. Andrew Melnyk, prominent military leader during the Ukrainian War of Liberation, one of the founders of the Corps of Kievian Sich Riflemen (Sichovi Striltsi) in 1917, leading figure in the Ukrainian resistance movement, and head of the Ukrainian Nationalists since the death of Col. Eugene Konovalets, died on November 1, 1964 in Cologne, Germany, after a short illness and complications resulting from a severe case of pneumonia. He was 74 years old.

Col. Melnyk was born on December 12, 1890 in Yakubova Volia, Drohobych county, Western Ukraine. Son of a small village farmer, he completed his secondary education in Stryi in 1910 and went to Vienna where he continued his studies leading to a degree in forestry which he received in 1914.

With the outbreak of World War I the young engineer volunteered to serve with the Ukrainian Sich Riflemen, the first modern Ukrainian military unit, formed in Western Ukraine in the wake of the emerging struggle for independence. Attaining the rank of captain, he took part in military operations against the Russian armies, was taken prisoner but escaped in 1917 and came to Kiev where he was prominently instrumental in the formation of the Corps of the Kievian Sich Riflemen under the leadership of Col. E. Konovalets. As chief of staff of the army of the Ukrainian National Republic, a post which he occupied until 1919, Col. Melnyk distinguished himself in the historic battles of Makivka, Lysonia, Motovylivka, and the successful liberation of Kiev in 1918. Upon his release from the Polish prisoner-of-war camp, Col. Melnyk went abroad where he pursued his activities as a functionary of the UNR's military missions until his return to Lviv in 1922. After Col. Konovalets' departure abroad, Col. Melnyk assumed the leadership of the Ukrainian Military Organization in Western Ukraine. He was arrested by the Polish authorities in 1924 and sentenced to five years of imprisonment for his role in the activities of the Ukrainian underground revolutionary movement. Upon his release from prison in 1928, Col. Melnyk worked professionally as a forestry engineer on the Lviv eparchy's estate in the Carpathian Mountains, at the same time retaining his position of leadership in the Ukrainian resistance movement. In 1938, following the tragic death of E. Konovalets, Col. Melnyk left abroad and became the head of the Organization of Ukrainian Nationalists. During World War II, he was first kept under house arrest by the Germans and later sent to the concentration camp in Sachsenhausen. In 1947 Col. Melnyk was re-elected life-time leader of the Ukrainian Nationalists, a position which he retained until his final hour. He is survived by his wife Maria Fedak-Melnyk. The funeral services were held on Friday, November 6. The body of the deceased was interred in Luxemburg.



Colonel Andrew Melnyk

Book on Ukrainian Settlers Published by University Of Toronto



Mr. Joseph Lesawyer, Supreme President of the Ukrainian National Association, receives a copy of "Early Ukrainian Settlements in Canada" by Dr. V. J. Kaye, from Mr. Stephen Pawluk, President, Ukrainian Canadian Research Foundation. Standing from left to right are the Hon. Jack Sharp, Minister of Trade and Commerce; Mr. Pawluk; Mrs. Olga Pawluk; Mr. Lesawyer; and Dr. Frank Martyniuk, President, Canadian Ukrainian Committee, Hamilton Branch.

Toronto, Ont.—The University of Toronto Press announced the publication of "Early Ukrainian Settlements in Canada" by Dr. V. J. Kaye (Kysilevsky) at a reception held in the University of Toronto Faculty Club on October 5. Heralded as a major contribution to the study of the early period of Ukrainian immigration to Canada, the book is one of several dealing with Ukrainian subjects already published by University of Toronto Press. It will be recalled that Ukraine: A Concise Encyclopaedia, published by the press in November of last year. It was financed by the UNA.

The reception was attended by a number of distinguished scholars and researchers who praised the efforts of the University of Toronto Press in the field of publication, particularly works dealing with foreign subjects. The significance of Dr. Kaye's book in stimulating further study and research on Ukrainian immigration to both the United States and Canada was also noted by the speakers at the reception. Representing the Ukrainian National Association at this official reception was Dr. Yaroslav Padoch, Supreme Secretary, and Mrs. Olga Padoch.

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Editorial

NATIONAL ELECTION 1964

On November 3, 1964 the American people have made the decision that is solely their own, based on reason, conscience and conviction...

President Lyndon B. Johnson, thrust into office one year ago in the wake of one of the greatest tragedies of our time, won the election to a presidential term in his own right...

Moreover, and no less significant, President Johnson's seemingly irresistible tide forged the Democratic Party to a massive victory in a number of races on the Congressional, gubernatorial, state and local levels...

Dealing with the often stubborn and unyielding Congress. If any conclusions can be drawn at this early stage of post-election speculation, one clear maxim appears to have been confirmed once again...

No one was more aware of it than Senator Goldwater and that part of the Republican Party which stood behind him in spite of overwhelmingly unanimous predictions...

The fact that many Ukrainian Americans were quite active in this year's election should not pass without comment. It is heartwarming and most encouraging to see the enthusiasm displayed by many of our citizens...

THREE WEEKS LATER

By CLARENCE A. MANNING

It is now going on three weeks since a brief announcement in Moscow stated that Nikita Khrushchev because of age and ill health had asked to be relieved from his posts as First Secretary of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union and Premier of the Soviet Government...

Almost the next day an article appeared in "Pravda," the Party organ, stating that the Party of Marx-Leninism could not tolerate a cult of personality, nepotism, and violent and erratic actions...

No Mention of Nikita His name has been mentioned but once and that was again in an article in the official papers citing an interview with Gomulka of Poland with whom the new leaders of the Soviet Union met recently...

This describes but it does not explain, and the development of later events has still not thrown a clear light upon the motives for the ouster or the tactics involved. As regards the latter it seems very clear that the anti-Khrushchev faction prepared its groundwork better than on the previous occasion...

It is also evident that the relations with Red China have been involved. Khrushchev, in his opposition, was attempting to read Mao out of the Communist Party as Stalin did Tito, but Khrushchev with his ebullient and extrovert manner was no Stalin, the oriental spider and intriguer...

dirty and bare, and caked with mud, I felt ashamed of my drabby appearance. "That's nothing. Everything will be all right," said the strange girl unexpectedly, as if divining my thoughts...

THE GIRL FROM VYNNYTSIA

By IVAN SMOLEY

EDITOR'S NOTE: The following story is taken from Their Land, An Anthology of Ukrainian Short Stories, published by the "Svoboda" Press.

I met her at a critical moment of my life. For two days I had been encircled by the wheat and rye of the Vynnytsia's gardens, where I was hiding after escaping from the local police commissariat the night before...

steps away, I heard a soft, surprised exclamation: "Oho, and what is this?" I looked around, and the bent cherry bough slipped from my fingers and straightened out. Before me stood a strange, graceful girl in a white blouse and khaki skirt...

THE GREAT DEBATE ON SCHEMA 13: "CHURCH IN THE MODERN WORLD"

By WALTER DUSHNYCK

ROME, October 31.—The debate on the most important schema of this session of the Ecumenical Council—"The Church in the Modern World"—has been going on for the past week with the temperature soaring as never before. Some 300 Council Fathers registered for discussion on this vital theme...

As on all other problems discussed at the Council, the two formidable factions have already lined up: the liberals and the conservatives. Immediately upon the distribution of the text of Schema 13, English Archbishop Heenan of Westminster made a scathing attack upon the text as totally unrealistic and impractical...

be a difficult task for them to make peace with the Chinese, while continuing a policy of "peaceful co-existence" in Khrushchev's manner with the West. Along with letters trying to assure the West that the policy has not been changed...

The heated discussions at the beginning of Schema 13 contributed definitely to the fact that a fourth session of the Ecumenical Council will be held at the time to be decided later by Pope Paul VI.

It is also significant that although there are observers of the Russian Orthodox Church (Moscow Patriarchate) at the session now in progress, there were no Soviet press representatives...

All we can say is that despite its promises the new regime needs to be watched with even more caution. It would be madness and suicide for the West to accept the assurances of the new leaders as more reliable than the old...

UNA NOTES AND COMMENTS

WHY GIVE UP PAID-UP INSURANCE?

By THEODORE LUTWINIAK

The Ukrainian National Association has thousands of members who hold fully paid-up life insurance certificates. Paid-up insurance is insurance on which all dues or premiums have been paid and the holder remains insured for life for the full amount stated in the contract...

Paid-up certificates have considerable cash values. Cash value is what the certificate is worth currently should the holder desire to make a loan or give it up entirely. Some members, in need of funds, have taken advantage of the low-interest loan privilege...

When insurance is surrendered for its cash value the purpose behind its issuance is defeated. The holder loses money on the deal, the UNA loses a member, and the beneficiary is left wondering.

Many of the holders of paid-up certificates have had very little to do with the actual payments of dues. Their parents had taken out the insurance for them and had made the payments. The children, in some cases, do not even know they have valuable paid-up insurance...

The UNA makes an attempt to discourage the cash surrender of paid-up insurance by writing directly to the members in question, but the majority do not respond favorably.

this topic was not included in the schema to the chagrin and annoyance of many Council Fathers.

So this coming week will show decidedly how far the Council will progress on Schema 13 (Chapter 4). Some of the best known experts on the matters included in Schema 13 are of the opinion that some of the issues could be tackled now...

Fourth Session of Council Decided On The heated discussions at the beginning of Schema 13 contributed definitely to the fact that a fourth session of the Ecumenical Council will be held at the time to be decided later by Pope Paul VI.

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Marriage Law to Be Changed For Eastern Churches

An overwhelming majority of Council Fathers have voted for a change in the Church's marriage laws between Eastern-rite Catholics and Orthodox. The vote was one of several taken last week in the schema on the Eastern Churches.

Under the new ruling marriage laws between Eastern-rite Catholics and Orthodox will be considered valid if he or she becomes a Catholic, unless he or she obtains a dispensation from Rome...

her? Who was she? Where had she gone now? All at once I began to feel these questions intriguing me; it seemed, therefore, that I would have to remain here, and that our chance acquaintance would not pass without leaving a trace...

I jumped up with fright, as in the old prison days, but soon became calm again. Katria stood beside me, waking me gently. On this mild June evening I forgot for a second the threat of war and occupation, forgot about my unenviable position. Her voice, however, recalled me back to the world of reality.

Morning Dew

By CHRISTINE PETROVSKY

Hushed dusk, Web of opal, Tinged in sapphire, Mists moist, Smoke-wisps, Stirring, Shivering, Dripping fragrance, Frothed fleece, Drowsy down, Prism netted, Blushing gauze, Gold threads, Frolicking, Frisking, Pirouetting halo, Slumbering snowdrops, Milk-hued starfish, Dimpled by sun-foam, Will 'o' wisp droams, Sleepyeyed, Blossom buds, Blink, Tremble, Cry, Dewdrops, Stained in dawn.

"You've slept; that's fine. Now let's go." "Where?" I asked with honest surprise. "To new quarters." "What new quarters?" "You'll see," she answered abruptly. "We'll go now. This is the best time."

(To be continued)

