

"... It would be surprising and also contrary to American traditions if our citizens of Ukrainian descent failed to retain interest in their former homeland or to show concern for the fate and future of Ukrainians there..."
JOHN KENNEDY

СВОБОДА UKRAINIAN WEEKLY SVOBODA UKRAINIAN DAILY

The Ukrainian Weekly Section

Address:
The Ukrainian Weekly
21-23 Grand Street
Jersey City 3, N. J.
Tel. Henderson 4-0237
New York's Telephone:
BArcly 7-4125
Ukrainian National Ass'n
Tel Henderson 5-8740

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New Accident Insurance Plan Issued By The Ukrainian National Association

ACCIDENTAL DEATH AND DISMEMBERMENT CERTIFICATE AVAILABLE NOW TO MEMBERS AND NON-MEMBERS ALIKE

Jersey City, N. J.—In keeping with its established policy to offer the Ukrainian Community the finest type of insurance protection, the Ukrainian National Association has issued a new Accidental Death and Dismemberment Certificate which will be available to members and non-members alike, starting September 1, 1963. Persons between the ages of 16 to 54 are eligible for this policy. No medical examination is required, regardless of the acceptable age of the applicant. The Certificate, which is issued for the principal sum of \$5,000, provides benefits in the event of death by accident, or loss resulting from an accident, of one or both hands, feet or eyesight. This amount will be paid to the beneficiary of the insurance after his death resulting from an accident, or to the insured in case of bodily injury resulting in the loss of both hands, or both feet, or both eyes, one hand and one foot, one eye and one foot. In case of limited loss, that is, one foot, one hand or one eye, the insured is entitled to one half of the principal sum, or \$2,500.

The premiums for this Certificate are exceedingly low, ranging from 85 cents to \$1.35 per month for UNA members, depending on the age of the insured. Non-members will be required to pay an additional 15 cents per month, or \$1.80 per year, as a contribution to the UNA Indigent, Convention and National Funds. All UNA members already contribute to these funds as part of their premium payments on other types of certificates. The premiums can be paid in monthly,

Applications for UNA Scholarships Accepted Now

Jersey City, N. J.—Applications for academic scholarships, to be offered annually by the Ukrainian National Association to three outstanding Ukrainian students, are now available to all eligible candidates, according to the announcement made by Joseph Lesawyer, Supreme President.

In reporting to the UNA Supreme Executive Committee, during its meeting, on the gradual implementation of Supreme Assembly resolutions and recommendations, Mr. Lesawyer discussed at length the work of the Scholarship Committee.

According to the decision of the Executive Committee, the UNA will award three individual scholarships, for \$1,000, \$500 and \$400, to students who are pursuing undergraduate studies in the following academic disciplines: Slavistics (concentrating in the Ukrainian studies), journalism, education, political science and law.

Scholarship awards will be made by the special Scholarship Committee consisting of Mrs. A. Herman, R. Slobodian, Dr. J. Padoch, Dr. W. Gallan, M. Kuropas, B. Melnyk and A. Dragan, all from the UNA, and representatives of the Shevchenko Scientific Society, the Ukrainian Free Academy of Arts and Sciences and the Federation of Ukrainian Student Organizations (SUSTA).

Mr. Lesawyer informed that application forms may now be obtained at the UNA Home Offices and that they must be returned by the candidates not later than the end of March for scholarships in the next academic year. The announcement of awards will be made in May preceding the academic year.

The first scholarship awards will be made for the academic year 1964-65.

THIS WEEKEND AT SOYUZIVKA



Individual trophy winners of last year's All-Ukrainian tennis tournament held at Soyuzivka. All of the champions pictured above will return to defend their titles in this year's tournament over the Labor Day weekend. Swimming competition is also slated to take place today. In the evening, the vocal quartet "Verkhovyna" will entertain the numerous guests spending the weekend at Soyuzivka.

U.N.A. SUPREME EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE MEETS, DISCUSSES IMPORTANT MATTERS

Jersey City, N. J.—The new UNA Accident Insurance Certificate was one of the main topics of discussion during the regular meeting of the Supreme Executive Committee, which was held Friday, August 23, at the UNA Home Offices. Participating in the meeting, chaired by J. Lesawyer, Supreme President of the UNA, were all other members of the committee: S. Kuropas, Vice-president, who several days before returned from a three-week visit to Ukraine; Mrs. A. Herman, Vice-presidentess; Dr. J. Padoch, Secretary; R. Slobodian, Treasurer; and A. Dragan, editor-in-chief of Svoloda.

At the outset, Mr. Lesawyer informed that a number of resolutions and recommendations made by the Supreme Assembly at its last meeting in May of this year, has been successfully implemented, particularly as regards the establishment of the By-Laws and Scholarship Committees. The president devoted a great deal of attention to the matters in connection with the new UNA Accident Certificate, then proceeded to the general report on various sectors of UNA activity.

VOLODYMYR DOROSHENKO, 84, LITERARY SCHOLAR AND POLITICAL LEADER, DIES

Philadelphia, Pa.—Volodymyr Doroshenko, a well-known Ukrainian literary scholar, author, bibliographer, political and civil leader, succumbed at his home after a long illness on Sunday, August 25. The deceased was also member of the Shevchenko Society and of the Ukrainian Free Academy of Arts and Sciences. Recently, he was awarded an honorary Doctor of Law degree from the Ukrainian Free University in Germany, for his outstanding contributions in the realm of scholarship.

Born on October 3, 1897, V. Doroshenko was brought up and educated in Ukraine. While a student at the university, he was one of the co-founders of the Ukrainian Student HROMADA in Moscow. Always showing a great deal of enthusiasm and initiative, he became active in the political life of Ukraine as member of the Ukrainian Revolutionary Democratic Party (RUP), and later, of the Ukrainian Socialist Revolutionary Democratic Party (USRDP). Constantly persecuted and hunted by the Russian police, V. Doroshenko moved to Lviv in 1908, where he resided until 1944, working at the library of the Shevchenko Scientific Society. He came to the United States in 1949 with his family.

A prolific writer, bibliographer and literary critic, V. Doroshenko was member of the leading Ukrainian scholarly institutes and societies. His monographs, critical essays and literary articles were published at various times in the major Ukrainian scholarly journals, magazines and newspapers. He was considered an authority on the outstanding Ukrainian literary figures such as Taras Shevchenko, Ivan Franko, Vasyl Stefanyk and others. His critical essays and articles were frequently published in Svoloda and other publications of the UNA, as well as in many newspapers and magazines published in the United States and Canada.

Surviving V. Doroshenko, are his widow, former Sophia Giballo; a daughter, Mrs. Volodymyra Vasylyshyn; two sisters and a niece.

Funeral services were held on Thursday, August 29, at the Ukrainian Orthodox Cemetery in South Bound Brook, N. J.

IVAN BAHRIANY, 54, WRITER AND UKRAINIAN EXILE LEADER, DIED IN GERMANY

Munich, Germany.—Ivan Bahriany, an outstanding Ukrainian writer and political leader, died of a heart ailment and diabetes in a sanitarium in Sankt Blasien, Germany. He was 54 years old.

Mr. Bahriany was vice-president of the Ukrainian National Republic in exile, leader of the Ukrainian Socialist Revolutionary Democratic Party, and editor of the Ukrainian News, published in Neu Ulm, Germany.

Born in 1907 in the Kharkiv area of Ukraine, Mr. Bahriany emerged as a young promising poet in the 1920's. He belonged to the MARS literary circle. In 1932 he was arrested by the Soviet police. Later released, I. Bahriany emigrated during the war to Western Germany. He was co-founder and leader of the Ukrainian Revolutionary Democratic Party, vice-president of the Ukrainian National Rada in 1947-1954, later, until 1958, president of the Rada.

As a writer, Mr. Bahriany was concerned with the fate of the Ukrainian people under Russian Communist domination. His major novel, "The Hunters and Hunted," written in Ukrainian, was translated into several languages. Other outstanding works of I. Bahriany were "The Garden of Gethsemane," which told of his life in a Soviet prison camp; "The Fiery Circle"; and dramas "Morituri," "The General," and others. In addition to his literary and political preoccupations, Mr. Bahriany also published a number of articles, pamphlets and political treatises in various Ukrainian journals and newspapers in the free world.



Ivan Bahriany

CAPTIVE NATIONS WEEK IN BOSTON

BOSTON (o.s.)—"I have found that in 1963 there is much interest in captive peoples and Captive Nations Week, and this is very gratifying, but we must do more to dispel apathy," Congressman Edward J. Derwinski stated at the 5th observance of the Captive Nations Week in Boston on July 20, 1963. The House Foreign Affairs Committee member and author of H. R. 15 to establish a Special Committee on the Captive Nations recommended practical steps to implement a sound policy in Eastern Europe and other areas of the Communist empire.

Among his recommendations were: (1) The creation of a Special House Committee to focus "constant and proper attention on the internal weaknesses of the Soviet Union." (2) A full-scale inquiry into Soviet colonialism at the United Nations. (3) The recognition of a government-in-exile for every captive country.

The Captive Nations rally was sponsored by The American Institute, Inc., and the New England Captive Nations Committee, at which the Boston Branch of the UCCA represented the Ukrainian American community of Greater Boston. Orest Szcudluk acted as chairman of the rally, while Rev. Oswald A. Blumit was master of ceremonies.

Derwinski's Amendment Added To Foreign Aid Bill

Congressman Edward J. Derwinski, Republican of Illinois, a member of the House Foreign Affairs Committee, was successful in adding an amendment to that section of the Foreign Aid bill prohibiting aid to Communist governments, which drew direct attention to the captive Republics of the Soviet Union.

The amendment as accepted by the Committee states that "no assistance shall be furnished to the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, including its captive constituent Republics."

The inclusion of these words "including the captive constituent Republics," is described by Congressman Derwinski as "intending to point out the existence of irrepressible nationalistic forces within the captive republics of the Soviet Union."

Derwinski is continuing his efforts to dramatize the plight of the captive peoples of Communism, and amendments such as this, even though only a small step, are important in the struggle to familiarize Americans and others in the free world with continued Communist tyranny over non-Russian peoples.

Plans for Ukrainian Participation In World's Fair Announced

The World's Fair Committee of the Ukrainian Congress Committee of America, through its chairman, Joseph Lesawyer, announced program plans for Ukrainian American participation in the 1964 N.Y. World's Fair on Ukrainian Nationality Day, Sunday, July 19, 1964.

Walter Baeed, Director of the Nationality Day Programs, stated that the Ukrainian group would be represented in at least 3 programs at the Fair during 1964.

Miss Olya Dmytriw, Program Director, John Zadorozny, Musical Director, and representatives of all the Ukrainian Dance groups in the N.Y. Metropolitan Area participated in the discussion.

Mr. Zadorozny outlined the tentative plans for the musical presentation which will consist of folk, historic and ritualistic songs, performed by the united choruses of Metropolitan New York and the Ukrainian Bandurists Capella. Choir rehearsals will be held on Wednesday of each week. Detailed information will soon be announced for the benefit of all prospective singers.

The United Ukrainian Dancers group will be under the direction of Vadim Sulyma, who recently was Ballet Director of the Houston Youth Symphony Ballet Company. It was announced that the first general rehearsal of all dancers will be held Wednesday, September 4, 1963 at the Ukrainian National Home, 140 Second Avenue, New York City at 8:00 P.M.

Final plans will be formalized for rehearsals for the entire season until the opening program. All Ukrainian boys and girls, from the age of 6 to 14 for the Junior Group, and from the age of 15 for the senior group, interested in participating with the group are invited to attend.

The group will be closed to any further membership after October 16, 1963.

Center of Ukrainian Culture In British Columbia

VANCOUVER, B.C.—According to a report in The Canadian Scene, a news service with headquarters in Toronto, a new Ukrainian Catholic Center of Culture valued at \$346,000 has been established in Vancouver, B. C.

The newly-purchased building contains an auditorium, a conference hall and a kitchen. Courses in Ukrainian language and culture will be conducted there.

Since this Center of Ukrainian Culture will also house various other Ukrainian organizations, it is anticipated that the facilities will be enlarged and that a Ukrainian National Museum will be established there.

Ukraine Night at Freedomland HEMPSTEAD DANCERS TO INAUGURATE PROGRAM



Hempstead, L.I.—Ukrainians have been selected to inaugurate the first of a new series of ethnic programs at Freedomland Amusement Park.

The Osenenko Ukrainian Folk Dancers of St. Vladimir's Catholic Church of Hempstead, L. I., were chosen out of more than 300 groups of various nationalities to appear this Tuesday, September 3rd, in the Moon Bowl at the Park at 8:30 P.M.

Winning awards is one of their specialties. Recently, the senior group placed first in a county-wide competition held in Nassau County. County Executive Eugene Nickerson presented the trophy before a distinguished audience of 1,200 on July 18th.

Among other awards is included a "First Place" presented by the Kiwanis Stairway to Stardom Talent Show last spring. First and third place, two years in a row out of 5,000 entries in a competition sponsored by the Rockville Center Diocese C. Y. O. Talent Hunt (1962 and 1963).

They were guest performers on Channel 5's Sonny Fox's "Wonderama" program, CBS's "All Join Hands," and a hit at the L. I. Exposition before capacity crowds.

St. Vladimir's and all Ukrainians can be justly proud of the fine work of these young people in not only perpetuating their customs and traditions within the Parish, but also in their enthusiastic top-rate performances before all peoples who have been made aware of their existence and through them the vitality and beauty of Ukraine.

SUMA Youth to Hold Rallies In Cleveland and Ellenville

NEW YORK, N. Y.—The XIIth Annual Rally of the Ukrainian Youth Association of North America (SUMA) will be held simultaneously at two different sites, extending over the Labor Day weekend. SUMA-West, consisting of branches from midwestern cities, will gather in Cleveland, Ohio, while SUMA-East will rally in Ellenville, N.Y., at its own resort there. Both gatherings will be conducted under the slogan "Fight and Strive for Your Fatherland" with appropriate programs in commemoration of the 25th death anniversary of Col. Eugene Konovalets, 50th death anniversary of the famed national poetess Lesia Ukrainka, and the 30th anniversary of the artificial famine in Ukraine.

Seventeen organized branches of the SUMA-West will participate in the rally in Cleveland, including those from the following mid-Western cities: Chicago, Milwaukee, Minneapolis, Flint, Detroit, Omaha, Denver, Pittsburgh, Akron, Kenton, Youngstown, Lorain, as well as the host branches from Parma and Cleveland. The chief commandant of the rally will be B. Futey of Cleveland. In Ellenville, the post has been entrusted to H. Tebriy.

Elaborate programs, similar in nature, have been prepared for the two rallies, with the main festivities scheduled for Sunday, September 1. There will be athletic competition in several sports among individual branch teams; artistic performances including individual and group singing and dancing. Among religious ceremonies will be special molebens and Masses by the clergy of Catholic and Orthodox faith. Grand parades of SUMA youth will highlight Sunday's program. Also scheduled for the evening hours are campfires, presentation of awards, entertainment and dancing.

On UYL-NA Convention Program



Pictured above is Geri Yarosh, featured violin soloist for concerts throughout the country, who will be the Mistress of Ceremonies at the Concert to be held on Sunday Sept. 1, 1963 at the Chaney High School, Youngstown, Ohio during the 30th Annual Convention of the UYL-NA. Also performing on that auspicious occasion will be St. Joseph's Ukrainian Dancers of Chicago; Oksana Burello Solomoh, formerly of Lviv, Soprano; and "Dniipro" all-male Chorus from Cleveland under the direction of Prof. Sadovsky. Also, the talented Styn Sisters: — Marusia, Orysia and Oksana will appear as the featured singers.



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Editorials

LABOR'S HOLIDAY

Labor Day, by tradition, signifies the end of the long summer vacation and the beginning of the new school year. It is one of the nation's legal holidays which extends the last weekend in August or the first weekend in September into a three day holiday which in modern times has come to be used more for travel and carousing than for restful respite from work and daily routines.

For it is a day on which the entire nation pays tribute to the country's labor force, comprising millions of blue and white collar workers without whom our economy would not exist let alone develop. Organized labor is a vital and integral segment of our society, politically strong and socially dynamic on guard against encroachments of its rights and interests yet conscientious and dutifully responsive to the needs of the nation.

Mindful of its importance, let us salute labor on its holiday, and hope that its rights and freedoms will always be preserved.

SUMMER'S END

It has become a custom to associate the Labor Day weekend with the termination of summer vacations, for old and young alike, and although the fall season is a goodly three weeks away, so far as holiday amusements and carefree days of leisure are concerned, — the summer has come to an end.

This time of the year is particularly significant for our youth as it primes for the return to schools. Climaxing the summer vacations the massive rallies, gatherings and conventions of the Ukrainian youth organizations at various sites throughout the United States. For many it will be the time to say good-bye to friends with whom they had spent the summer; for some it will be an occasion to make new acquaintances of lasting value; but for all it will be the time to review the accomplishments of the past year and to outline the plans for the coming year as they best suit the needs and objectives of the organization as well as the individual preferences of the members.

By the second week of September most of the schools, — public, private and parochial — will resume their normal activities, and by the middle of September, colleges and universities will open classes for yet another academic year. Ukrainian Schools will also open to children on Saturdays, and it is sincerely hoped here that mass enrollments will break all previous attendance records. Here the responsibility rests with the parents to maintain in their children's minds and souls that much needed spark of Ukrainian character and culture gained through knowledge of our language, history and rich culture.

Moreover, our youth cannot afford to be by-passed by the forthcoming events on the Ukrainian American scene. The year 1964 will witness one of the greatest events in the history of the Ukrainian American community as thousands will gather in the nation's capital to participate in the unveiling of the Taras Shevchenko monument, scheduled for the end of May. The ground breaking ceremonies and the dedication of statue site will be held on September 21 in Washington, D. C., and it is imperative that we manifest our unity, solidarity and spontaneity by the massive participation on this occasion pre-heralding the grand event in May of next year. All groups and organizations of our community should see to it that their representative delegations are in Washington on this occasion.

Mindful of this and many other important events, our youth must ready itself for the resumption of studies and activities, with fervor and determination, in striving to attain our own as well as our national objectives.

MASTERY OF TARAS SHEVCHENKO'S POETRY

By YAR SLAVUTYCH, University of Alberta

(Editor's Note: The following article is reprinted from the Alpha Omega Digest. Alpha Omega, founded in 1930 in Canada, is a non-partisan and non-sectarian society composed of students of Ukrainian descent attending the University of Saskatchewan.)

In another of his poems, Shevchenko pictured the Russians' behaviour in the occupied Ukraine:

Cruel Russians rob and pillage What their eyes can notice There are even opened graveyards In the search for money.

As a result of the Russian czarist takeover of Ukraine, the robbed and enslaved Ukrainians, descendants of the freedom-loving Zaporozhian Kozaks,

Move up to work; they're dumb and mute; Their children follow them afoot.

Shevchenko does not have a problem in finding the cause of that evil and Ukraine's tragedy. He fully understands it and, thus, proclaims that the gradual decline of Ukraine originates in the Russian czarist policy, which has brought serfdom. To destroy it, the poet turns his creative power toward the glorious past of Ukraine as to a bright milestone:

At one time in Ukraina Cannons roared like thunder: At one time the Zaporozhtsi

THE CRISIS IN SOUTH VIETNAM

By CLARENCE A. MANNING

The sudden emergence of unrest in the Republic of South Vietnam has come apparently as a surprise to most of the American personnel in the country and also in Washington and it bids fair to complicate the already involved struggle against the Vietcong Communist infiltrators from North Vietnam. It is also decidedly embarrassing to the United States policy in Southeastern Asia and offers dangerous perspectives, once we can be sure as to the precise nature of the questions at issue.

In a sense the key to the situation is the settlement that was made in the former French Indo-China at the time when the French were forced out of the country and an international conference set up the three states of Vietnam, Laos and Cambodia, while the Communists from Red China succeeded in splitting the country and securing control of the former French capital city of Hanoi in the north. In all cases there were confused questions of borders and population from which the Communists hoped to profit as they are profiting now from the situation in Laos where peaceful coexistence is serving as an excuse for a continuous nibbling away at the settlement finally reached in Geneva.

Over A Million Converted to Catholicism

Another important fact is that the French control and the bulk of the French cultural, religious and military influence was concentrated in the coastal regions along the China Sea. For over a century the French had been working in a large part of the area, and Roman Catholic missions had converted to the faith at least a million people, or approximately thirty percent of the population of South Vietnam. The remainder were for the most part Buddhists with some spirit worshippers among the more primitive tribes of the interior and certain quasi-Christian-Buddhist sects which had arisen before World War II.

In this situation Ngo Dinh Diem, a leading Roman Catholic layman, was enabled to take power, and become President. He carried with him into posts of influence the members of his family. One, Ngo Dinh Nhu, became his chief adviser and another brother was the Archbishop of Hue, a traditional Buddhist centre, although there is little evidence that the Archbishop is as bigoted as some other members of the family. It seems as if the most fanatical is the wife of Ngo Dinh Nhu, herself a former Buddhist and as strongly pro-Catholic as she is anti-Communist. Since the President is unmarried, she became his official hostess and as a leader of the Vietnamese women, she has exercised enormous power. She has even put a stop to all dancing and other entertainment in the capital city of Saigon, once one of the gayest cities in the entire French possessions in Asia. This has naturally tended to build up hostility to her person and many of her bitter speeches have undoubtedly added fuel to the fire. The family

Knew the path to power. So they ruled and they acquired Glory, yes, and freedom...

In other words, for the oppressed Ukrainians the only solution is liberation, regaining of freedom. Shevchenko, therefore, openly calls for an uprising:

Rise and break your chain! Water liberty with blood-droops Of the foeman slain! ("My Last Will").

The poet directs his appeal for an uprising not only to Ukrainians. The Caucasian peoples, who fight the advancing Russian armies of Imperialist Russia, appear to him as brothers, "crusaders for holy freedom." Shevchenko addresses them in his poem "The Caucasus":

Keep fighting—you are bound to win! God helps you in your fight! For fame and freedom march with you. And right is on your side.

Without any doubt, the poet deeply believes in the final result of an uprising—in victory:

Ukraina will arise. Drive away the dark of prison, Make verity gayer, And the captive rebels risen Will rejoice in prayer.

These lines, as well as "The Caucasus" and "My Last Will," were written in 1845 when the secret political organization, the Brotherhood of Cyril and Methodius, existed in Kiev. It advocated the abolition of serfdom and the liberation of Ukraine

Senator Scott Warns Against Non-Aggression Pact With Moscow

SAYS U.S. CANNOT ABANDON 'SILENT ALLIES' BEHIND THE IRON CURTAIN

WASHINGTON—U.S. Senator Hugh Scott (R.-Pa.) said on August 3, 1963 he has sent the following letter to President Kennedy: "Dear Mr. President: I note with interest that during a forthcoming visit to Moscow, the Secretary of State is preparing to discuss with his British and Russian counterparts the question of a non-aggression pact between the members of NATO and the members of the Warsaw Pact. Conscious of recent public pledges by the United States Government not to negotiate on matters of vital interest to our NATO allies without their prior consent, I want, nevertheless, to take this opportunity to share with you some of the thoughts of a member of the United States Senate.

"In the minds of many, as we explore the question of a non-aggression pact is the motivation of the Soviet government. In my opinion, Soviet policy in Europe has been motivated by three aims, among others. First, the USSR has sought acceptance by Western powers of the permanent subjection of formerly independent East-Central European states to Soviet imperial rule. Such acceptance would clearly deal a fatal blow to the fervent hopes of our silent allies in East-Central Europe and would betray our oft-repeated support of freedom for all peoples.

"The second aim of Soviet policy has been the neutralization of West Germany, one of the most steadfast members of NATO. Such neutralization would most surely result if the present precarious position of West Berlin were seriously jeopardized and if the Soviet zone of Germany were recognized either tacitly or explicitly as a separate German state.

"A third aim of Soviet policy in Europe is the integration of NATO by undermining promising movements toward European integration and by the weakening of the front line of NATO's defensive shield through some form of disengagement. One aspect of this aim would certainly be realized with the neutralization of West Germany. Without a strong, stable, and free Federal Republic the rest of Western Europe would be vulnerable to insistent and perhaps irresistible pressures.

"I fail to detect any significant deviation by the Soviet Union from these three aims of its policy in Europe, nor will Paris or anywhere else could take over and at the same time there is as yet no clear evidence that any group among the Buddhists or students could assume control, although there is danger with the repeated clashes that some part of the Buddhists may make common cause with the Communists and render the position of Vietnam worse than in the past. We can only hope that some of the less fanatical members of the present regime can be induced to cooperate, and that the new American ambassador, Henry Cabot Lodge, can arrange a compromise which will heal the worst breaches and make it possible for the struggle for freedom to continue.

of the American training mission and the detachments involved in various anti-Communist operations, for they are either suspected of being under the control of the family or by the family of cooperating with its enemies. Either charge diminishes the usefulness of American help which has been basically the chief support of the anti-Communist movement in South Vietnam, and without it the government probably would not survive.

and other Slavic countries from foreign yoke. Soon the poet became closely associated with this organization, the members of which highly praised his poems and regarded him as a national prophet of Ukraine.

It was quite obvious for the czarist government of imperialist Russia that Shevchenko became a spiritual leader of the downtrodden Ukraine, which strove for freedom and independence. When the poet arrived in Kiev from Petersburg, after his successful graduation from the Academy of Arts, he was hastily arrested by the gendarmes and brought back to the Russian capital for interrogation. After the hearing, at which he behaved manfully, he was deported without trial to the special Orenburg corps in Asia to be kept under harsh discipline. The Russian czar Nicholas I wrote the following words on the document bearing the sentence: "Under the strictest surveillance, with prohibition to write and to paint." The poet spoke of this: "I am punished and I suffer, but I don't repent!" Motifs of liberation never leave his mind thereafter.

Thus, Shevchenko for the first time in Ukrainian literature raised his powerful voice calling for an uprising and liberation from Russia's yoke. He laid a foundation for Ukraine's independence when he proclaimed:

In your home, you'll find your justice And your strength and freedom.

Obviously, the signal greatness of Taras Shevchenko lies in the fact that his name became a symbol of Ukraine's struggle for freedom and independence from Russia. To a great extent, he was, and is, a champion of justice and liberty for all men on earth.

KEEP IN TOUCH WITH THE UNA

By THEODORE LUTWINIAK

There are many American-born Ukrainians who know next to nothing about the Ukrainian National Association, including some who are members of the organization. These people, who probably had more to do with non-Ukrainian friends and social groups than with their own kind, drifted further and further away from Ukrainian influence and today it is almost impossible to talk to them about the UNA. They have insurance in American companies and they will continue to do business with them. Some of them are married to non-Ukrainians and others have Americanized their names. Those who are UNA members probably have their parents to thank for it; in some instances the parents are still paying the dues and in other cases the members are paying themselves out of respect for their parents.

We had approached many of these people throughout the years with the intention of getting them to join the UNA. It is surprising how completely uninterested and indifferent they are about the UNA. When the UNA was mentioned one girl said "What's that?" Another asked "Isn't that a foreign group?" A young man thought it was a social club. We supplied the correct answers and information, of course, but it still seems strange that some of our people

are so uninterested about their own organization. We found that some of them have never heard of The Ukrainian Weekly but, as this group was completely out of touch with Ukrainian life for many years, that was not too surprising. Almost all of the people we talked to had insurance in American companies. None of them would sign up with the UNA. To them it represented something with which they never had contact, or something with which they had lost contact many years ago and did not want to bother with now.

We do not know how many persons there are in the "lost" group, but we believe their number in the thousands. It is not their fault; they were simply absorbed into the American way of life, completely. Stop to think a minute and you will come up with the names of friends, and even relatives, who belong to this group. You never see them at Ukrainian affairs. They have their own social groups, PTA, athletic clubs, "Boy Scouts", Girl Scouts, Red Cross, veterans' organizations, and the like, all of which are non-Ukrainian, and they have their own pet companies to service their insurance needs. They have found these things to their liking and devote their time to them. In time they forget their Ukrainian background. And quite a few of them prefer it that way for they want to be one hundred per cent American.

It would not do any member of the "lost" group any harm, however, to be a member of the UNA. The UNA itself is an American organization catering to the insurance needs of Ukrainians and their children. We would be pleased to send information about the UNA to any person anywhere just so that more people will know about the organization. We feel that the more people who know about the UNA the more members the fraternal benefit society will have. And that, of course, will reduce the number of persons in the "lost" group.

If you do not know too much about the Ukrainian National Association write for information. Learn about the UNA. You will find that, once you become informed, you will want to join. And if you are already a member you will be glad you joined. Address the UNA, Box 76, Jersey City, N.J. 07303. Please mention our column.

ca and the Shevchenko Memorial Committee. The UCCA president has contacted the speakers for the program. Upon the receipt of all acceptances, the program of speakers will be released.

The UCCA president has arranged for the 46th Anniversary of Ukraine's Independence to appear on Chase's Calendar of Annual Events, which is distributed nationally to business groups and organizations. The 46th is scheduled for Wednesday, January 22, 1964. Early plans will be drawn to have this celebration exceed that of this year.

On July 30-August 3, the UCCA president lectured to and addressed members of the Institute of Communism at Central Missouri State College in Warrensburg, Mo. The lectures dwelled on the problems of Moscow, particularly that of the captive non-Russian nations in the USSR. About 125 teachers attended the sessions.

Plans have been launched for the Shevchenko groundbreaking ceremony on Saturday, September 21 in Washington, D. C., which is being co-sponsored by the Ukrainian Congress Committee of Ameri-

We have many authentic evidences concerning Shevchenko's views of his native country. Jakub Jatowc, a Polish revolutionist in exile, met the Ukrainian poet in 1850:

I spoke to Shevchenko on various topics for a long time. He did not like the Poles (Polish landlords who took over Ukrainian lands—Y. S.) and could not bear the Russians. An independent Ukraine was the goal of his dreams, a revolution was his aspiration.

Shevchenko himself very often spoke of Ukraine as a country distinctly different from Russia. After the severe and unjust attacks of V. Belinsky, a Russian chauvinist scholar, who blamed the poet for the only "sin," that of writing in Ukrainian (!), Shevchenko advised his literary friends:

Do not pay attention to Russians. Let them write in their own language, and we shall use ours. They are a nation with their literature, and we, too, are a nation with our own literature... Brothers! Do not despair, but pray to God and work purposefully for the glory of Ukraine, our hapless (enslaved by Russians—Y. S.) mother.

To be sure, these words taken from the preface, written in 1847 for the subsequent edition of the Kobzar (first published in 1840), became known to readers as late as 1906, because the Russian censors, appointed by the czarist government, had been constantly deleting them.

(To be Continued)

Information for Secretaries and Organizers

Regarding the New UNA Accidental Death and Dismemberment Certificate (ADD) To Be Issued September 1, 1963

1. A New Move In Serving the Community Starting September 1, 1963, the UNA will provide insurance protection for its members and also eligible non-members in event of accidental death or dismemberment resulting from an accident under a new certificate called, in short, an accident certificate.

2. How an Accident Certificate differs from others: This is a completely separate certificate. Both U.N.A. members and eligible non-members can apply for it. It provides benefits in event of: a) death by accident; b) loss, resulting from an accident, of one or both hands, feet or eyesight.

3. Who can apply? Application for this Certificate may be made not only by members of the U.N.A. but also by eligible non-members, between the ages of 15 years and six months and 54 years and six months, or the insurance age of 16 to 54. In short, any eligible person between 16 to 54 years of age may apply for an Accident Certificate.

4. Amount of Accident Insurance. Basically, this Certificate is issued for the principal sum of \$5,000. This amount will be paid to: a) The beneficiary of the insured after his death resulting from an accident, or b) To the insured, in case of bodily injury caused by an accident, resulting in the loss of both hands, or both feet, or the sight of both eyes, one hand and one foot, one eye and one hand, or one eye and one foot.

5. Additional Indemnity. If death or dismemberment results from an accident sustained by the insured while riding as a passenger on a public conveyance provided by a common carrier for passenger service such as a bus, train or airplane, the U.N.A. will pay double the principal sum, that is, \$10,000, or \$5,000 in cases of limited loss, such as loss of one hand or one foot, or one eye.

6. Benefits in case of Sickness. Members insured under this Accident Certificate and contributing to the U.N.A. Funds will have the same privileges enjoyed by owners of other UNA insurance certificates, including the right to aid from the Indigent Fund in case of serious and lengthy illness. This should be brought to the special attention of all prospects.

7. Dues. Dues for U.N.A. members differ from dues of non-members. This difference is based on the fact that U.N.A.

members already contribute to U.N.A. Funds, such as the Indigent, Convention and National Funds which total \$1.80 per year and which are included in the dues they are now paying for other U.N.A. insurance. Therefore these members need not make these contributions a second time.

However, non-members who are not yet insured in the U.N.A. must pay this \$1.80 annual contribution together with their dues for the Accident Certificate.

Dues are also based on age-groups. Listed below are two groups of dues; one for U.N.A. members, and one for those not yet members of the U.N.A., or, who have paid-up U.N.A. certificates and have ceased to be active members.

Table with 5 columns: Age, Monthly, Quarterly, Annually, Semi-Annually. Rows for U.N.A. Members and Non-Members.

Table with 5 columns: Age, Monthly, Quarterly, Annually, Semi-Annually. Rows for U.N.A. Members and Non-Members.

8. Term of Protection. Members insured under the Accident and Dismemberment Certificate are covered up to the anniversary of the Certificate next following the member's 65th birthday. For instance, a member born July 1, but insured on January 1st, will be insured for another six months after his 65th birthday, after which the Certificate shall no longer be in force.

It should be noted that this Certificate is issued only up to age 54, but the insurance can remain in force up to the 65th birthday of the member.

Obviously the Certificate terminates earlier upon death of the insured, or upon loss of limbs or sight incurred through an accident.

9. Exclusions. This Certificate does not cover death or loss of limbs or sight caused by an act of declared or undeclared war, or while the member is on full-time active military service of any type. If the accident occurs in an aircraft while the insured is a civilian passenger, the insured is covered. But, if the insured is serving on such aircraft, or is in aviation training or is on maneuvers of any armed forces, then no payment will be made by the U.N.A. No payments will be made for death or loss caused by intentionally self-inflicted injury of the insured, or for death or loss resulting from disease, or physical or mental sickness.

10. Is a medical examination necessary? Regardless of the acceptable age of the applicant, no medical examination is required. But, if the organizer has any doubts about the state of health of said applicant, he should so inform the Home Office of the U.N.A., because a person with physical or mental deficiencies is more accident-prone than a healthy person. The organizers should use their own judgement.

11. Type of application to be used. The Non-Medical application is to be used for all applicants.

In cases where the organizer ascertains that the applicant is physically or mentally ill, he or she should request instructions from the Home Office, if possible, before the application is signed.

This Accidental Death and Dismemberment Claim should be designated by the letters ADD.

12. How to publicize the Accident Certificate

By utilizing our new small information pamphlets titled "\$5,000.00 for 3 to 5 cents per day" you can greatly publicize this Accident Certificate. These pamphlets should be distributed personally to UNA members and to non-members, or mailed to them. One pamphlet should suffice for each family.

Call their attention to the fact that this protection will cost them only \$9.00 to \$17.00 per year, a sum anyone can afford. This type of insurance should appeal particularly to those who do a great deal of traveling, especially to work, or for pleasure, by car, bus, train or plane.

This new certificate provides our Branches with a unique opportunity to obtain many new members before the close of this year, and with little effort. Time is short, therefore you should begin to sell these certificates immediately.

We are also appealing personally to all Officers of our Branches, to be the first to take advantage of this class of insurance, to supplement their present modest amounts of U.N.A. insurance with this Accident Certificate. They will thus set a good example to their Branch members and to those who are not yet members of the U.N.A.

We expect that this new, modern, very inexpensive Accident Certificate will enable us to reach a high mark in this year's membership campaign and that our secretaries, organizers, Convention delegates, and other officers will concentrate all their efforts to further this end.

CAPTIVE NATIONS...

(Concluded from page 1)

ican Youth Association under the direction of Nicholas Kalinichenko, a Ukrainian Folk dance by the Ukrainian Girl Scouts under the direction of Yakiv Szegryn, a Latvian choir, and a Lithuanian singer.

Resolutions Adopted

- 1) Urge the U.S. Government to declare, in accordance with the Principles of the Atlantic Charter, the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and the Declaration of the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries adopted by the U. N. on October 14, 1960, its support on the right of self-determination of all peoples held in communist captivity and, consequently, make this issue the permanent concern in all negotiations with the Soviet Government; and 2) Urge the House Rules Committee to speed action on

Master of Music Education

Halyna Christine Sawchak, music teacher at Stetson Junior High School in Philadelphia, received a Master of Music Education degree from Temple University on August 8, 1962. A 1960 graduate of Temple with a B. S. degree in Music Education, Miss Sawchak has been very active in Ukrainian community affairs as a performer and piano accompanist. She is also member of the Ukrainian Organization Plast.



Halyna C. Sawchak

THEY USE TREMBITAS INSTEAD OF NEWSPAPERS

By VIRGINIA BEACH

In the Carpathian Mountains of Ukraine there is no need for a newspaper, as the peasants have their trembitas. The trembita is an unusually long horn, made of bark, that is used by the mountain people not only to call their flocks but also to signal to other mountaineers.

Depending on the melody or tone of the trembitas, when two or three are blown in unison, peasants on nearby mountaintops, or in the valleys, know that someone is ill, or that one of the peasants in the area of the trembita-blowers has died, or they rejoice when they are signaled happy news! These trembitas can be seen colorfully portrayed in many of the art works being exhibited by Ukrainian artist, Edward Kozak, at the Xenia Resort in Jewett Center.

Most of the paintings, and there are approximately 40 in all, portray scenes of people of the Carpathian Mountains in Ukraine. When we asked Mr. Kozak how he could so vividly portray the life of these mountain people, he replied, "When I was a boy, I was a Scot, and I hiked throughout these mountains many times, viewing the customs of the people, and enjoying seeing them at work and at play."

There are some very vivid paintings of the mountain dancers, known as the "Dowbush Dancers" and we marveled at the detail of their costumes. These male dancers are the Robin Hoods of the mountains. They are tall, strong, and full of a wildness that is portrayed in their dance. "I have seen them dance, these men," said Mr. Kozak. "As I grew older and became an artist, I would purposely wander through the mountains searching for subjects for my paintings."

A particularly interesting painting can be found in the exhibit titled "Bazaar" which is what the Ukrainians call their market places. It is replete with all of the activities that can actually be found in most of the market places all over the world, and is fascinating to study.

The Ukrainians have a fabled character called Lt. Ciapka, a sort of Don Juan, who was overly fond of bragging of his success with the gentler sex. Mr. Kozak has portrayed Ciapka in an amusing way which we think you'll enjoy seeing if you visit the exhibit.

A very dramatic painting called "Resistance" portrays the Ukrainian resistance fighters. When one is startled to see a German helmet on one of the fierce looking fighters and a Russian field cap on another.

Mr. Kozak explains that the Ukrainian resistance had neither uniforms nor ammunition. As they killed their invaders, they donned their uniforms and kept their equipment. Although they fought hard and well, we all know what the eventual outcome was for these brave and fearless fighters.

We've often seen in the movies or in paintings of oldtime western life how the pioneers would protect themselves from the Indians by forming a circle with their covered wagons. Mr. Kozak has a very interesting painting of the Ukrainian steppes which depicts the Kozaks protecting themselves in very much the same manner, with very similar covered wagons.

Represented throughout the exhibit is Mr. Kozak's modernistic as well as Byzantine style of painting, and a classic or aesthetic-modern style, as it was described by John Kobzar, owner of the Xenia Resort.

Mr. Kozak studied art not only in Ukraine but in Vienna as well. His main profession before the war had been that of political cartoonist and he was well-known throughout all of Europe for his biting and satirical lampoons of Stalin, Hitler and other infamous figures.

During the war, the artist was captured by the Germans and he and his family were placed in a forced labor camp in Germany. They remained there until the liberation. Then he and his wife, Maria, and their two sons, George and Jerry, entered a displaced persons camp. They emigrated from Germany to America in 1949 under the displaced persons act. Both George and Jerry, incidentally, are also artists.

Since his arrival in this country, the Ukrainian artist has been living and working in Detroit. He has appeared as a cartoonist on a number of Detroit television programs but his full-time occupation is with Jam Handy corporation which produces educational film strips for schools. Mr. Kozak completed film strips on classical music, Greek mythology and on famous music stories for which he received a first national award three times in succession, from the National Teachers Association.

He explained that he does not do cartoon work for the film strips but colorful paintings which vividly portray the stories to the children when projected.

(Courtesy of: Catskill Daily Mail, August 10, 1963)

Ground Breaking Completed At Manor College Dorm

On Sunday afternoon, August 4, 1963 ground breaking services took place at Fox Chase Pa. for the proposed dormitory for Manor College's newest addition. It will accommodate 102 girls. Rev. O. Kobryn, chaplain of St. Basil's the Great officiated. He was assisted by Very Rev. M. Charyna and Very Rev. Peter Lypyn. The sisters of St. Basil the Great sang.

Other clergy participating in the services were Very Rev. Michael Fedorovich, editor of The Way, Very Rev. Basil Holowinsky, Very Rev. Roman Lobodych, chaplain of St. Basil's Home; Rev. Stanislaw Dasho, Rev. Michael Pyrh; Rev. Nicholas Zbyr, Rev. Paul Burak and Rev. Raymond Prior to ground breaking a Mass was celebrated in honor of the Sacred Heart Province of the Order of St. Basil the

Great in the chapel of Manor Jr. College. Very Rev. Myroslav Charyna was the celebrant. He was assisted by Very Rev. Michael Fedorovich who delivered sermon in English and Very Rev. Roman Lobodych, who spoke in Ukrainian.

Other present were members of the Advisory Board of Manor Jr. College: Dr. Emil Josef Chervenka, and wife; Dr. Emil L. Harasym, Eugene Rohach, John P. Donovan, the builder and the architects, Messrs. Ricker and Axt were present. Mother M. Carmela, OSBM, represented the trustees of Manor Junior College and the Sisters of St. Basil the Great. Prof. Volodymyr Lototsky, Ukrainian language teacher for summer school at Manor College was also present. About 100 people attended the ceremony. Luncheon was served to the guests after the affair.

SPORTS SCENE

By OLEH ZWADIUK



SMALL "OLYMPIAD" AT SOYUZIVKA

Soyuzivka — The three-day Labor Dad weekend will be a grand one for the sports-minded. The Carpathian Ski Club is organizing competitions in swimming and tennis to run through the three days and the winners will be awarded trophies sponsored by the Ukrainian National Association. The competition is sponsored by the Ukrainian Sports Federation of the United States and Canada.

What better spot can one find for the events than the UNA resort. You will have a full day of sports events and in the evening you can take your date dancing under the open sky to the tunes of "Amor." The spokesman for the resort said that the orchestra will be available for Friday, Saturday and Sunday evenings.

After a full year of professional sports it is a pleasure to witness some of our young athletes compete against each other. Although professionalism has become the thing in the sports world, it is doubtful whether it generates as much excitement as the earnest competition by our amateurs.

Perhaps it is too pretentious to call the meet an "Olympiad," but in a sense it is, because nowhere in our Ukrainian community is there such competition where the youth has a chance to show off their talents and in a way this may be a stepping stone to further and greater things.

Matthews Honored. Stanley Matthews is perhaps the best known soccer player in the British Islands. A year ago he was released from Blackpool of the first division and went to play for the club that gave him his first chance 32 years ago. The club was Stoke, in the city famous for "potteries," and it was in trouble in the second division. When Matthews came to Stoke last year the club was at the bottom of the standings and threatened with relegation. Now Stoke City Football Club is in the first division and the man responsible for it is Matthews. The stadium used to be almost completely empty, it is now packed and Stoke City knows to whom it owes all this. Recently, Stanley Matthews was honored by the city. It was

an occasion without parallel. The town virtually stopped work. And this was to do more than honor a man who has become a legend in his own time. He is a man who in his long playing career has shown to millions that it is not the winning of the game that is most important but the playing of it. The town expressed its affection for that man in the only way it could.

As for the man himself, he has been playing top soccer for 32 years without a break. He has played 55 times for England. He is not the greatest goal scorer in England and never was. His goal average is the lowest in the land. No regular player in the forward lines can claim to have scored fewer goals than Stanley Matthews. He is the man who sets up goals for others.

This and the artistry of his footwork—he can still baffle the burliest fullback with a shift of weight and a twinkling of the feet like a ballet dancer—is the key to his play and his character.

Ironically, the man who scored the vital goal for Stoke in the match which gave that club promotion to first division, was the man who never scores goals—Stanley Matthews.

Sensation In Venezuela. Newspapers and wire services reported over the weekend that world's best known soccer player, Alfredo di Stefano, was kidnapped by Venezuelan pro-communists.

of Spain was on tour with the Real Madrid Football Club of Spain was out-of-control when he was in Latin America when three unidentified men, posing as detectives came to the hotel where the team was lodged and took him away on the pretense that they want to question him about a "fictitious narcotic ring."

After di Stefano's abduction, the Real Madrid players moved to the Spanish embassy in order to avoid any further trouble. The abductors, in a note to club officials, said that it was done purely for publicity. Sources in Spain said that the abduction would not go well with the kidnapping of their favorite player. The forced detention of di Stefano prevented him from attending his son's eighth birthday.

U.N.A. SUPREME EXECUTIVE...

(Concluded From Page 1)

the George Washington Day, a national holiday in the United States, which in 1964 will be on Saturday, February 22. It was recommended that representative and spacious halls be secured for the celebrations on this date in various cities. In New York City, Carnegie Hall will be the site of the grand celebrations of the 70th anniversary of the UNA. A special book on the history of the UNA will be published by the end of the current year, and a substantial part of next year's UNA jubilee calendar will be devoted to the anniversary. Special proclamation by the Supreme Assembly will be issued, and additional information will be made available to the Branches.

Assets Increase

The Supreme Treasurer, R. Slobodian, reported that the UNA assets have increased by \$711,657.73 during the first six months of the current year. The UNA has invested \$630,205.56 in mortgage loans, \$127,000 in bonds, the rest in loans to members, realties, etc. Mr. Slobodian noted that \$218,615.13 has been paid out to the members in the form of dividends on their insurance certificates. The total assets of the UNA stand at \$27,498,642.31. Separately, financial reports on Soyuzivka were presented by the president and the treasurer. New applications for mortgage loans were considered.

Perspectives in Membership Organization

As regards the numerical growth of membership, reported Supreme Secretary Dr. J. Padoch, the first half of the year was marked by a moderate decline, and although there has been a substantial

Encyclopaedia to be released on November 12

In rendering his report on UNA publications, A. Dragan, editor-in-chief of Svoboda, informed that the first volume of Ukraine: A Concise Encyclopaedia, published for the UNA by the University of Toronto Press, will be released on November 12th of this year. Final details in connection with the publication have been completed, including the preparation of the index and the cover, and the printing of the book will begin on September 11. Mr. Dragan also stated that the Anthology of Ukrainian Prose, in English, is ready for printing. The history of the UNA as well as the Jubilee Calendar for 1964 are now being readied for publication.

Mr. S. Kuropas, supreme vice-president, who had just returned from a visit to Ukraine shared his impressions with other members of the Executive Committee before and after the discussion of the business matters at hand. An account of his travels, experience and impressions will soon be published in the Ukrainian daily Svoboda.

PROGRAM of the Dedication & Ground-Breaking CEREMONIES of the Shevchenko Monument Site on Saturday, September 21, 1963 in WASHINGTON, D. C. At 2:00 P. M.: GROUND BREAKING CEREMONY At 22nd and 23rd and P Streets N. W., two blocks west of Dupont Circle. Invocation National Anthem and "Zapovit" Ukrainian "KOBZAR" Chorus under the direction of Dr. Anthony RUDNYTSKY Music - Shevchenko Poems: Joseph HIRNIAK Ukrainian William SHUST English Addresses by: Prof. Dr. Roman SMAL-STOCKI, President; Stewart UDALL, Secretary of the Interior; Alvin BENTLEY, Former Congressman; John LESINSKI, Congressman from Michigan; Prof. Dr. Lev E. DOBRIANSKY, President, Ukrainian Congress Committee of America. Master of Ceremonies: Joseph LESAWYER, Executive Director. Color Guards Benediction At 6:00 P. M.: CONCERT THE MAYFLOWER HOTEL - GRAND BALL ROOM: (Connecticut & De Sales Avenues) Ukrainian "KOBZAR" Chorus of Philadelphia; Sopranos Marta KOBYRN-KOKOLSKA Roman RUDNYTSKY Recitation Shevchenko Poems: Joseph HIRNIAK Ukrainian William SHUST English At 7:30 P. M.: FESTIVE BANQUET Invocation Addresses: Senator Jacob J. JAVITS of New York; Congressman Paul C. JONES of Missouri; Congressman Thaddeus DULSKI of New York; Master of Ceremonies - Stephen JAREMA Shevchenko Freedom Plaque Awards. Benediction Dress optional. Admission \$10.00. All guest reserving tickets prior to September 10, 1963 for the Concert and Banquet will have their names printed in the Banquet Program.

UKRAINIAN NATIONAL ASSOCIATION

proudly announces a new step in further improving its 70-year service to the Ukrainian Community in the United States and Canada in the field of insurance benefits.

STARTING SEPTEMBER 1, 1963, the UNA will add to its present modern insurance plans a new, inexpensive,

ACCIDENTAL DEATH AND DISMEMBERMENT CERTIFICATE

providing insurance benefits in the event of loss of life, limbs or eyesight sustained in an accident at home, on the job or on the road.

THE PRINCIPAL SUM OF This Insurance: \$5,000

payable in the event of accidental death, or loss, resulting from an accident of both hands, or both feet, or both eyes, one hand and one foot, one eye and one hand, or one eye and one foot; and \$2,500 in the event of limited loss, such as loss of one hand, or one foot, or one eye. If the death or dismemberment results from an accident sustained by the insured while riding as a passenger on a public conveyance provided by a common carrier for passenger service such as a bus, train, or airplane, the UNA will pay

DOUBLE THE PRINCIPAL SUM: \$10,000

in the event of death or double loss of limbs, or total eyesight, and \$5,000 in cases of limited loss such as one limb or sight of one eye.

Moreover, the members insured under this Accidental Death and Dismemberment Certificate, and paying the required funds, will have the same membership privileges enjoyed by owners of other UNA insurance certificates, including the right to FINANCIAL AID FROM THE INDIGENT FUND in case of serious illness or injury, regardless of whether this illness or injury is the result of an accident or not.

NO MEDICAL EXAMINATION IS REQUIRED. All that is necessary is for an applicant to sign the application, and after acceptance by the UNA, to pay the premiums.

Members of the UNA as well as non-members, between the ages of 16 to 54, may and should apply for this insurance protection.

The dues listed below are extremely low;

Dues for UNA members:

Age	Monthly	Quarterly	Semi Annually	Annually
16-40	\$.85	\$2.45	\$4.80	\$ 9.20
41-49	1.10	3.20	6.30	12.20
50-54	1.35	3.95	7.80	15.20

Applicants who are not members of the UNA have to pay an additional \$1.80 per year, or 15¢ per month.

UNA MEMBERS:

Take advantage of this exceptional opportunity to supplement your insurance protection by the substantial sum of this Accidental Insurance Certificate.

FRIENDS:

Insure yourselves and your families immediately against the grim consequences resulting from accidents. For a minimal cost of 3 to 5 cents daily, or 85 cents to \$1.50 monthly, you can provide very substantial benefits for yourselves and your families. Do not delay! Get in touch with the local branch secretary or organizer of the UNA today, or write directly to the Home Office, or the Canadian office of the UNA.

UKRAINIAN NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, INC.

Home Office:
81-83 GRAND STREET
Jersey City 3, N. J.
ZIP Code: 07303

Canadian Office:
297 COLLEGE STREET
Toronto 2B, Ont.
Canada