

# СВОБОДА

УКРАЇНСЬКИЙ ЩОДЕННИК



# SVOBODA

UKRAINIAN DAILY

## The Ukrainian Weekly Section

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### Governor R. J. Hughes Proclaims 'Fraternal Week' in New Jersey



Sitting: Mr. Joseph Lesawyer, Vice President, New Jersey Fraternal Congress and President of Ukrainian National Association; Governor Richard J. Hughes; Mr. J. Steen Jacobsen, President, New Jersey Fraternal Congress and Director, Sons of Norway. Standing: Mr. John M. Babuska, Executive Committee, New Jersey Fraternal Congress and Secretary, Slovak Gymnastic Union Sokol; Mr. James M. Gorney, Asst. Secretary, Association of the Sons of Poland; Mr. Robert C. Shumann, Past President, New Jersey Fraternal Congress and representative of Aid Association of Lutherans.

TRENTON, N.J.—(Special).—The Hon. Richard J. Hughes, Governor of the State of New Jersey proclaimed the week of June 9-15, 1963 as "Fraternal Week" in the state to "expand public awareness of the function and ideals of the Fraternal Benefit System." The proclamation was issued in the presence of representatives of the various fraternal associations, including Joseph Lesawyer, Supreme President of the UNA, who is also Vice President of the New Jersey Fraternal Congress.

**PROCLAMATION**  
WHEREAS, The National Fraternal Congress of America has heretofore sponsored a specific week as Fraternal Week to expand public awareness of the function and ideals of the Fraternal Benefit System; and WHEREAS, Flag Day, June 14, holds special significance to all fraternalists;

### Pittsburgh Prepares for Observance of "Captive Nations Week"

PITTSBURGH, Pa.—Captive Nations Week, designated by the 86th Congress for commemorating during the 3rd week of July, this year will be observed throughout the Nation from July 14-20. In Pittsburgh, the Captive Nations Committee of Allegheny County, of which County Commissioner John E. McGrady is Chairman, will highlight its observance of the week with a Giant Freedom Rally in Kenywood Park on Sunday, July 14. The Ukrainians of Pittsburgh and vicinity will join in the observance. In announcing the observance Commissioner McGrady emphasized that the more than 20 European and Asiatic Captive Nations now ruled by Communist puppet regimes make Moscow's outcry against colonialism a mockery. He said, Cuba, the first Communist bastion in this hemisphere, is the most recent example of Russian colonialism. Civic observances of Captive Nations Week in all the Metropolitan centers of our Nation will help expose Russia as the real imperialist in today's world, he said. Other prominent Pittsburghers serving on the Captive Nations Committee of Allegheny County are Judge Aldisier, and State Senator Staisey.

### Radoslav Zuk of Winnipeg on Scholarship Tour in Europe

JERSEY CITY, N.J. (Special).—Radoslav Zuk, architect and Assistant Professor at the University of Manitoba in Winnipeg, paid a special visit to the Ukrainian National Association and the editorial offices of Sloboda and The Ukrainian Weekly on his way to Europe. The young architect is on a special research grant by the Canada Council, which provides for visits to Germany, France, Switzerland and the Scandinavian countries. The purpose of the tour is to study methods of teaching architecture in various European universities. His tour will last three months. Mr. Zuk is working closely with sculptor Leonid Mol-Molodtshanyu on the landscape for the statue of Taras Shevchenko to be unveiled in May, 1964 in Washington, D.C.



Prof. Radoslav Zuk of Winnipeg, chats with Walter Dushnyk in the office of 'The Ukrainian Weekly'.

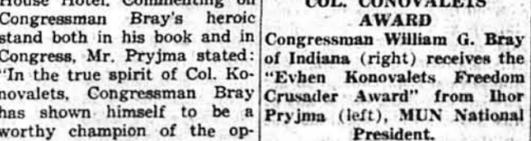
In addition, Mr. Zuk designed plans for several modern Ukrainian Catholic churches in Canada. Two of them have already been built. A third is in the stage of completion, and a photograph of it appeared in the last issue of The Architectural Forum, a professional architectural journal.

### Over 4,000 Persons in Bound Brook Ceremony Commemorating Man-Made Famine in Ukraine

BOUND BROOK, N.J.—(Special).—On Sunday, June 9, 1963 over 4,000 persons took part in a mournful ceremony commemorating the 30th anniversary of the man-made famine in Ukraine which cost some 5 million lives, paid by Ukrainians for their resistance to Moscow-imposed collectivization. The ceremony was sponsored by the Ukrainian Orthodox Church in the United States. A panakhyda was celebrated by Metropolitan Ioan Theodorovich and Archbishop Mstyslav, who were assisted by numerous clergy. Among the honored guests who addressed the sorrowful gathering were Dr. Stepan Wytwytsky, President of the Ukrainian National Republic in exile; Mr. Peter Pavlovych, one of the Vice Presidents of the UCCA; Mr. Joseph Lesawyer, Supreme President of the UNA, and Dr. Walter Gallan, UNA Auditor, and Anthony Batiuk, President of the UWA, as well as representatives of UVAN, ODUM, SUMA, PLAST, ODWU, SVU and DOBRUS. In a procession which preceded the panakhyda marched uniformed youth groups as well as representative groups of Ukrainian Orthodox parishioners with their pastors. On Sunday, May 24, 1963 in all Ukrainian Orthodox Churches special and solemn masses were held in commemoration of the Ukrainian victims of the man-made famine, organized by the Kremlin in Ukraine thirty years ago.

### Chicago Observes 25th Anniversary of Konovalets' Death

The Chicago observance of the 25th anniversary of the death of Col. Evhen Konovalets, head of the Organization of Ukrainian Nationalists (OUN), began on Saturday, May 25, 1963 with the presentation of the MUN "Evhen Konovalets Freedom Crusader Award" to Rep. William G. Bray (R. Ind.), author of Russian Frontiers: From Moscow to Khrushchev. Mr. Ihor Pryjma, MUN National President, made the award presentation at a press conference-reception sponsored jointly by ODWU and MUN held at the Sherman House Hotel. Commenting on Congressman Bray's heroic stand both in his book and in Congress, Mr. Pryjma stated: "In the true spirit of Col. Konovalets, Congressman Bray has shown himself to be a worthy champion of the oppressed and maligned nations presently suffering under Communist imperialism." After thanking MUN for the award, Congressman Bray commented on current misconceptions concerning Communism which exist in the United States. He stressed the fact that Communism was merely a facade for Russian imperialism and added: "The sooner we realize this fact the sooner will we be in a position to deal effectively with the Communist menace. The only time we've come out on top with the Communists was when we got tough!" Later that evening Congressman Bray appeared on "The Kup Show" and defended his position on T.V. In a lively discussion with Sen. Wayne Morris (D. Ore.), Congressman Bray stated that too few Americans were aware of the Russian nature of Communism. On Sunday, May 26, 1963 requiem services for Col. Evhen Konovalets were held at St. Nicholas Cathedral. Attending were Congressman Bray, Dr. Lev Dobriansky, President of the Ukrainian Congress Committee, and Dr. Alexander Granovsky, President of ODWU. During his sermon, Monsignor Stephen V. Knapp stressed the importance of commemorating the anniversaries of the deaths of Ukrainian heroes. "They made the supreme sacrifice for their ideals," stated Monsignor Knapp, "and we must never allow ourselves to forget their devotion."



COL. KONOVALETS AWARD  
Congressman William G. Bray of Indiana (right) receives the "Evhen Konovalets Freedom Crusader Award" from Ihor Pryjma (left), MUN National President.

national movement?" Rep. Bray identified Konovalets as a man who belonged to all freedom loving people. During the course of his remarks, Congressman Bray also thanked the Ukrainians for their efforts on behalf of American freedom. "The Ukrainian people have always been the implacable foes of Communism, stated the Congressman. "There was a time when you warned the American people about the Russians and we did not hear. Now we are willing to listen but you must speak. It is your duty as American citizens not to become derelict in this regard." In addition to the speakers, the afternoon affair included remarks by Myron B. Kuropas, the master of ceremonies, a flag presentation ceremony under the direction of Norbert Rybak in which representatives of MUN, Plast, ODUM and various veteran's organizations participated, musical selections by the Ukrainian Orchestra of Chicago under the direction of Roman Popovich, choral selections by the famed SURMA male chorus under the direction of Prof. M. Truchly an excellent rendition of "Ave Ukraine" by Oleh Saciuk as well as recitations by Tamara Rychtytsky, Tamara Kuzyk, and Martha Harasowska.

**FIRST UKRAINIAN CATHEDRAL IN AUSTRALIA**  
MELBOURNE, Australia.—The solemn pontifical blessing of the Ukrainian Catholic Cathedral of St. Peter and Paul here took place on Easter Sunday, April 14, 1963. The Cathedral was blessed by the Most Rev. Bishop John Prashko, with the assistance of the clergy. The solemn event was witnessed by many Catholic and Orthodox Ukrainians, some coming from great distances. Present also were Latin Rite clergy and city officials.

### Pope John XXIII Requested Visit by Metropolitan Slipy Before Death

VATICAN CITY.—According to reliable newspaper reports, among the very few high-ranking Catholic dignitaries who were summoned to Pope John XXIII's bedside was Metropolitan Joseph Slipy, Primate of Ukraine, who was asked by the dying Pontiff to visit him. There was no comment available as to the subject of the Pope's last conversation with the Ukrainian martyr who gained his freedom from Soviet detention through the efforts of the Pontiff. NEW YORK, N.Y.—The June 7, 1963 issue of Time Magazine reported that before his death Pope John talked to a group of senior Cardinals — among them Eugene Tisserant, Alfredo Ottaviani and Amleto Cicognani, the Vatican's Secretary of State — about the identifying the three cardinals in pectore whose names he has kept secret since 1960. On Thursday, June 6, 1963 Metropolitan Slipy was seen in a group of senior cardinals during the funeral of the Pope on a film transmitted by "Telstar" and broadcast by the Columbia Broadcasting System. The commentator identified Metropolitan Slipy by name and referring to him as the "Primate of Ukraine who spent 18 years in Soviet detention."

### Sen. Dodd, Representatives of Ethnic Groups, Hold Conference on Captive Nations

NORWALK, Conn. (Special).—On Saturday, June 8, 1963 at the Silvermine Restaurant in Norwalk, Conn., a special luncheon meeting was held in honor of the Hon. Thomas J. Dodd, U.S. Senator of Connecticut, in which some 30 persons representing various ethnic organizations took part. Senator Dodd spoke on the vital necessity of supporting the cause of all the communist-enslaved captive nations struggling for self-determination and national independence, and said that the U.S. government cannot abandon these captive nations without damaging its own security. He stressed that all efforts must be made in order to reverse the present stand toward the captive nations by the State Department. At the conclusion of the meeting it was decided to hold a state-wide observance of "Captive Nations Week" on July 19, 1963 in Hartford, in which American and ethnic groups from the entire State of Connecticut will take part. Among those participating in the luncheon-meeting were Mr. Joseph Lesawyer representing the UCCA and C.A.C.E.E.D. (Conference of Americans of Central and Eastern European Descent); Stephen Boychuk, chairman of the UCCA Branch in Hartford, Conn., John Teliuk and Anthony Malanchuk from the UCCA Branch in New Haven, and Orest Dubno, chairman of the Ukrainian Democratic Club of New Haven. Stephen Boychuk is general chairman of the "Connecticut Committee for Freedom of Captive Nations," which is sponsoring the Captive Nations Week. Present at the luncheon were also Christopher Emmet, chairman of the American Friends of the Captive Nations; Pamfil Ripoasu, Miron Butariu (Rumanian National Committee); Walter Zachariasiewicz and Francis Proch (Polish American Congress); Miss Mary Kizis (Lithuanian American Council); Dr. John G. Lexa (Czechoslovak National Council) Mrs. John G. Lexa, Mrs. Joseph Lesawyer and others.

### Gene Wadiak Elected Chairman of UYL-NA Foundation

NEW YORK, N.Y.—The Ukrainian Youth League of North America Foundation, Inc. from its national headquarters in New York City announced the election of Mr. Eugene Wadiak of Carteret, N.J. as national Chairman of the Foundation, succeeding Mr. Walter Bacad of New York who has accepted the appointment of Nationalities Chairman of the New York World's Fair by Mayor Wagner.

Mr. Wadiak who has been associated with Ukrainian groups from his early youth, has managed Ukrainian athletic teams for over twenty years, participated in Ukrainian dancing and Ukrainian choirs as well as Ukrainian schools. He was a founder of the Ukrainian Youth League of New Jersey, past President of UNA Branch 342, and the UWA Branch in Carteret, is the Public Relations officer of the Planning Committee of the St. Demetrius Community Center and a parishioner of St. Demetrius Ukrainian Church in Carteret, N.J. He was chairman of one of the most successful Sports Rallies held in Elizabeth and Carteret in New Jersey for the UYLNA. Mr. Wadiak is President of the New Jersey-New York City Region of the U.O.L. He is President of Walt & Gene's Flower & Gift Shop, Inc. He served as Co-Chairman of the UYLNA Miami Beach Convention business sessions and has been Treasurer of the Foundation for the past 2 years. E. Wadiak has proposed that the chairmanship of the Foundation be reserved on a rotating plan for three-year trustees serving their third year, since experience and responsibility will



Eugene Wadiak, newly-elected Chairman of the UYL-NA Foundation.

greatly aid the Foundation's growing needs. Other officers elected at the annual convale include Mr. Joseph Smindak of Bayside, Long Island as Vice-Chairman, Mr. Walter Bodnar, Catherine Lesky, Mr. John Kuchmy of Rochester, N.Y., John Musial of Norwood, Mass., Miss Mary Gulek of Youngstown, Ohio, and a three year term to Mr. Walter Bacad of New York City. New trustees elected to office for a one year term serving for the remainder of the year are Dr. Lev Dobriansky of Alexandria, Va., Walter Pelenky of Philadelphia, Pa., Jerry Pronko of Scranton, Pa. and Miss Vera Strawniak of Chicago, Illinois.

### Rep. Farbsfein Introduced Resolution on Diplomatic Relations Between U.S., Ukraine and Byelorussia

WASHINGTON, D.C.—On May 15, 1963, the Hon. Leonard Farbsfein of New York, introduced a new resolution, H. J. Res. 428, in the House of Representatives calling for the establishment of diplomatic relations between the United States on the one hand, and Ukraine and Byelorussia, on the other. The text of the resolution reads as follows: Whereas in the words set forth recently in the papal encyclical, Paces in Terris, "the social progress, order, security, and peace of each country are necessarily connected with the social progress, order, security, and peace of all other countries"; and Whereas in the interest of world peace it is clearly necessary to further our understanding of and relations with all aspiring peoples and nations, which includes the forty-five million Ukrainian nation and the ten million Byelorussian nation; and Whereas the Government of the United States extends de facto recognition in the United Nations by recognizing the delegations selected to represent the Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic and the Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic as accepted nations of the United Nations; and Whereas respecting the sovereignty of these two non-Russian nations the Government of the Soviet Union strongly insisted upon the inclusion of these nations as original charter members of the United Nations; and Whereas the sovereignty of the peoples of these two national Republics is expressed in the constitution of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics which provides: "The right freely to secede from the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics is reserved to every Union Republic"; and Whereas said Union of Soviet Socialist Republics constitution specified that each Union Republic has the right to enter into direct relations with foreign states and to conclude agreements and exchange representatives with them; and Whereas said constitution legally reflects further the sovereign wills of these two non-Russian nations by providing that each Republic has the right to determine "the manner of organizing the Republic's military formations"; and Whereas the distinctive national flags, anthems, and emblems of state maintained by the Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic and the Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic are evidenced to manifest symbolically the sovereignty and independence of these states; and Whereas the Moscow Government in the Russian Soviet Federative Socialist Republic continually claims that these two non-Russian Republics are independent and sovereign to develop their national statehood and foreign relations; and Whereas the people of the United States indirectly recognize the sovereignty of the Ukrainian and Byelorussian nations, which is in harmony with the ideas set forth in the Declaration of Independence of the United States, and, therefore, we stand ready to render to these nations and other peoples in the Soviet Union any assistance for the strengthening of bonds of friendship and good will; and Whereas it is plainly incongruous from every viewpoint to rightly maintain recognition by this Government of the Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic and the Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic in the United Nations without realigning the peace-strengthening opportunity to establish direct diplomatic concourse with their respective capitals of Kiev and Minsk: Now, therefore, be it Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled. That it is the sense of the Congress that the Government of the United States in support of its policy of peace and understanding among nations should proceed to establish direct diplomatic relations with the Governments of the Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic and the Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, and in the creation of posts of representation in the capitals of Kiev and Minsk, respectively, consistent with diplomatic procedure in such matters.

### Congressman Feighan Calls on President Kennedy to 'Break The Hold' on Russian Experts In State Department

All-Out Support Urged For Captive Nations on the Manion Forum  
WASHINGTON, D.C. (Special).—The Hon. Michael A. Feighan, outstanding spokesman and defender of the captive nations in the U.S. Congress, will be a featured speaker on the Manion Forum on Sunday June 16, 1963 and will call on President Kennedy to "break the hold of the Russian experts in the State Department" by giving his public endorsement to the establishment of a House Committee on the Captive Nations in the House of Representatives. Congressman Feighan will also call on Secretary of State Dean Rusk to make a public repudiation of his letter to the House Rules Committee, in which he puts his support behind Russian imperialism. The Manion Forum is serviced by some 200 radio stations throughout the United States and is one of the most powerful radio networks in this country. EDITOR'S NOTE: Congressman Feighan's radio address on the captive nations will be heard in New York City (WHN, Sunday, 11:45 PM); Buffalo (WEBR, 9:00 PM); Utica (WBVM, 2:00 PM); Hartford, Conn. (WTIC, 5:30 PM); Baltimore, Md. (WWIN, 6:15 PM); Boston, Mass. (WEZE, 6:30 PM); Detroit, Mich. (WJBK, 7:15 PM); Cleveland, O. (WERE, 10:45 PM); Philadelphia, Pa. (WIBG, 12:15 PM); Pittsburgh, Pa. (WRTV, 10:00 PM); Wilkes-Barre, Pa. (WYZZ, 5:45 PM).

### Metropolitan Slipy's Address Broadcast in Canada

TORONTO.—A pre-taped address of Metropolitan Joseph Slipy was heard recently over two Canadian radio programs. The first one, heard over the "Prometye" station in Toronto, carried the address of the Metropolitan delivered at the ordination of five priests in Rome. In his sermon he extended his gratitude to all who sent messages of joy upon his release from the Russian imprisonment. The second broadcast of the same sermon was heard over CKSB Radio, St. Boniface, Man., on a program sponsored by Rev. Semen Izyk.

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Editorials

A BLOW AGAINST THE CAPTIVE NATIONS

On Wednesday, June 5, 1963 the cause of the captive nations suffered a great blow when the United States Delegation to the United Nations dropped its long-standing opposition to acceptance of the Kadar delegation's credentials...

But whatever explanations are given, the fact remains that the U.S. government after several years of opposition finally lifted its objections to have the puppet Kadar regime admitted to the U.N. as bona fide representatives of a self-respecting and civilized government.

Only six and a half years ago Janos Kadar demonstrated what kind statesman he is by allowing and even inviting the Soviet tanks to slaughter the Hungarian freedom fighters. In keeping the Hungarian question on the U.N. agenda, the United States at least gave evidence that it was vehemently opposed to this type of government which is now in power in Hungary...

But by allowing the Kadar minions to resume their seat in the United Nations, the United States dealt another blow to the cause of the captive nations everywhere. The Kremlin has been playing a big political game in trying to win a degree of respectability in the West by making some small concessions...

We deplore deeply the step of Washington in the Hungarian matter.

THE NEW POPE: WHAT NEXT?

One of the most outstanding legacies of the late Pope John XXIII was his unwavering belief in the unity of all Christian churches and his determination to embrace all the peoples of the world regardless of creed, race or color.

Now the questions is: will the new Pope, continue the policy of the Pope John XXIII and will he call the Ecumenical Council's second session this coming fall? The prevailing opinion is, of course, that the new Pope, whoever he may be, will certainly follow in the footsteps of the great humanitarian Pope John XXIII and will continue the labors on Christian unity...

The other important question that will confront the new Pope is one regarding the future relations with the Communist bloc. It is no secret that Pope John XXIII began important negotiations with the Kremlin regarding the improvement of the conditions of Catholics behind the Iron Curtain.

Of course, there is evidence that the policies of Pope John XXIII were not unchallenged by some of the highest Catholic prelates in the Vatican. Specifically, the conservative wing among the Cardinals, led by Cardinal Ottaviani, is known to be vehemently against any political or tactical rapprochement with the Kremlin.

Thus, the election of a new Pope to be held by the Cardinals' conclave beginning June 19, 1963 will be watched by the entire world inasmuch as much will depend on who the new Pope is and what his policies will be regarding the USSR and the Communist bloc.

THE UKRAINIAN CULTURAL COURSE AT 'SOYUZIVKA'

With the school year coming to an end in a few days, it is time for parents to think of what to provide their high school children for the summer vacation so that they may be fruitfully engaged and occupied.

One answer to this is: send your children to the Soyuzivka boys' or girls' camps, or send them — if they are in the high school age — to the Ukrainian Cultural Courses which will begin at the beginning of August and will last to the end of August.

These courses have been held since 1953, the year of the establishment of Soyuzivka. Sponsored by the Ukrainian National Association and the Ukrainian Youth League of North America, the courses have been attended by hundreds of Ukrainian boys and girls from the United States and Canada.

So don't hesitate to send your children to Soyuzivka. Since the accommodations are rather limited for both the camps and the Ukrainian Cultural Courses, be sure to send your application as soon as possible, inasmuch as acceptance to the camps or the courses is based on the principle of "first come, first served."

There is no doubt that Soyuzivka offers useful and attractive opportunities for your children regardless of their age. Be sure to avail yourself of these opportunities by sending your children to spend at least a few weeks of their summer vacation there.

POPE JOHN XXIII

By CLARENCE A. MANNING

The news of the death of Pope John XXIII spread a wave of mourning throughout the world, for he had secured for himself a remarkable place in the affections of the mass of humanity. This feeling was widespread not only among the members of his own Church but it was shared by all Christian leaders wherever they were...

It was with that in mind that he received the visits of the Archbishop of Canterbury and the Presiding Bishop of the Episcopal Church in the United States and was even willing to meet the son-in-law of Khrushchev in the effort to secure better conditions for the Catholics within the Iron Curtain.

Pius XII and John XXIII

There could hardly have been a greater difference between two members of the same body than there was between Pope John XXIII and his predecessor, Pius XII. Pius XII (Eugenio Pacelli) was by birth a member of the Roman aristocracy in the narrow sense of the world.

Only six and a half years ago Janos Kadar demonstrated what kind statesman he is by allowing and even inviting the Soviet tanks to slaughter the Hungarian freedom fighters. In keeping the Hungarian question on the U.N. agenda, the United States at least gave evidence that it was vehemently opposed to this type of government which is now in power in Hungary...

Pope John XXIII was a north Italian peasant by origin and while he filled many responsible posts, his deepest interests were in the pastoral side of his mission and it was in connection with that and in smoothing down various conflicting problems that he finally was elected after the death of Pius, when he was seventy seven years old.

Now the questions is: will the new Pope, continue the policy of the Pope John XXIII and will he call the Ecumenical Council's second session this coming fall? The prevailing opinion is, of course, that the new Pope, whoever he may be, will certainly follow in the footsteps of the great humanitarian Pope John XXIII and will continue the labors on Christian unity...

The Ecumenical Council

From this point and with this attitude, he called the Ecumenical Council Vatican II, which was attended by almost the entire Catholic hierarchy from the different continents. He went further than that in welcoming observers from all the leading Christian bodies to the Council and intimidated clear-

Clarence Manning and His Role In the Ukrainian American Community

By WALTER DUSZYNSKY

(Address delivered at the observance honoring Prof. Clarence A. Manning on his 70th birthday, June 1, 1963, at the Ukrainian Institute of America, New York City).

It is a great personal honor and pleasure for me to appear here today at a ceremony which is unique and special.

We have gathered to honor a distinguished scholar of world-wide renown and recognition. A man who is an ideological leader and a philosopher, a man who is also an indomitable fighter and a great American patriot. This is how this great man is known in America.

Yet were you to read some of the Soviet publications, in both the Ukrainian and Russian languages, you would think that this same man is half-man and half-beast, with big horns and a satanical mind. These propaganda organs would have him as one who sows mistrust among the people, instigates aggressive wars and ideological pestilence, and,

ly time and again that he was hoping that the result of the Council would be the gradual drawing together of all Christian bodies and a restatement of the laws of the Church in accordance with the requirements of the present day, without giving up any of the vital truths inherited from the past.

As we see from the statements of his last days, his chief interests were peace, reconciliation of nations, social justice and the Ecumenical Council, the second session of which had been set for the autumn but which was automatically stopped by his untimely death, unless his successor sees fit to continue the work in the same spirit as that in which he had called it. Yet that first session, although it completed no legislation, accomplished almost the miraculous in starting renewed talks and conversations between the Roman Catholics and other Christians and the close relations thus produced will hardly be suspended, whatever the policy of the new Pope.

In other ways too Pope John XXIII was a deliberate innovator. He was the first Pope to increase the size of the College of Cardinals and to add to this body bishops from some of the Asiatic and African churches all with the idea of realizing and manifesting the worldwide mission of the Church and to make it more responsive to the healthier side of the various fermentations that are stirring throughout humanity.

His last encyclical with its plea for world peace and reconciliation was exactly what we might have expected from such a man. It has been received enthusiastically by all Christians and by many who did not claim that name and it will long remain as a splendid example of the Pope's interest in the great problems of our time and his efforts to bring about a new world order in which all men can live together as brothers for the con-

quest of the various ills that still beset humanity. Unfortunately his life was not spared long enough to see the final working out of any of his plans or to continue the Ecumenical Council until it could prepare any definite legislation or reach any firm decisions. Yet his death was universally mourned and we can be very sure that some of his desires and hopes will be realized in the near future.

Short as it was the pontificate of Pope John XXIII has marked a milestone in the long history of the Catholic Church. He will always be remembered for his accomplishments, incomplete as they were rendered by death. In his humble and unassuming way Pope John accomplished much and he could leave this life with a clear conscience and the certainty that he had shown men of good will the next step in human progress. Requiescat in pace!

This foe of Communist Russia — this foe of oppression — is the man whom we hail today — Professor Clarence Augustus Manning.

Apostle of Truth

Prof. Manning is a modest and unassuming scholar, but he is in truth a menace to those who castigate him and denounce him as an intellectual villain, a decadent lackey of American imperialism. For Prof. Manning is above all an apostle of truth. Because the truth is repugnant to the Kremlin over-seers, Prof. Manning is condemned by them as an in-

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in Review

A Man Who Broke the Wall With His Head

In April, 1963, 70 years elapsed since the birth of Prof. Clarence A. Manning, one of the most outstanding American scholars and Slavists, and a true pioneer and defender of the Slavic peoples, especially the Ukrainian people.

One of the greatest merits of Professor Manning is the contribution he made in making the Ukrainian people, their history, literature and language known in the Anglo-Saxon world. In this area Prof. Manning is unmatched. He wrote a series of books and dissertations on Ukrainian history, literature, language and on the aspirations of the Ukrainian people to freedom and independence.

On May 28, 1963 the Ukrainian Catholic Church in the United States observed its golden jubilee — the 50th anniversary of its existence in the United States. Ukrainian immigrants began arriving in this country at the beginning of the second half of the last century.

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Khrushchev's Trouble with Foreign Aid

The Soviet Union began its foreign program help to newly established states only in 1954 in a competitive drive to "surpass" America and thus enhance its political influence. In general, all Soviet foreign aid programs are implemented from the viewpoint of political and military advantages.

Soviet difficulties in the foreign aid area provide excellent opportunities for the West to utilize them in the cold war against Moscow and to the advantage of the free world.

Intellectual impostor, a propagator of lies and distortions, and the evil messenger of capitalist malaise — from which we all are allegedly suffering in this great land of Washington and Lincoln.

In fact, to the best of my knowledge, there is no American scholar, living or dead, who has been so summarily and roundly denounced by Moscow. In fact, every time he publishes a book or writes an article on Ukraine, the smearing apparatus of Moscow blasts away with a ferocity that is awarded few other people.

Because of this indispensable quality of the genuine scholar, Ukraine has benefited greatly. Whatever recognition Ukraine has gained in the American mentality and public eye has been in no little measure due to the intrepid pen, inquiring spirit and searching intelli-

gence of this gifted but modest man. The Ukrainian community is heavily in his debt. Professor Manning is not only an acknowledged Slavic philologist and specialist on Slavic history, literature and culture; he is a prolific writer on all Eastern and Central European nations. More, his erudition extends to the Asian and Far Eastern peoples.

From the national viewpoint, the observance of the golden jubilee of the Ukrainian Catholic Church in the United States is a jubilee of the entire Ukrainian community in the United States and in the whole world as well, since this church contributed substantially toward the social and cultural improvement of the Ukrainian people and toward their unswerving resistance to atheistic communism here and abroad.

Decline of Communism Prof. Leonard Shapiro of the University of London wrote a very illuminating article in the U.S. News and World Report recently on the decline of communism as a political and economic system. In his opinion everything in the USSR is wrong because the communist system is based on an anti-humanist conception, and it succeeded in preserving itself for over 40 years in the USSR simply because of the physical terror exercised by the Soviet government.

When the child reaches age 16 and applies for new insurance as an adult member the UNA will allow a credit for the expired Juvenile certificate, said credit to be applied toward the payment of monthly dues on the new adult certificate. This credit is equivalent to a gift as the juvenile certificate has no withdrawal values.

Decline of Communism

When the child reaches age 16 and applies for new insurance as an adult member the UNA will allow a credit for the expired Juvenile certificate, said credit to be applied toward the payment of monthly dues on the new adult certificate. This credit is equivalent to a gift as the juvenile certificate has no withdrawal values.

Let us briefly review the highly impressive contributions that Professor Manning has made to Ukrainian literature and history over this span of thirty-odd years.

In 1929 Professor Manning made his first contribution as

UNA NOTES AND COMMENTS

By THEODORE LUTWINIAK

Ukrainian National Association has an insurance plan called Double Protection To Age 60. This type of membership certificate, available to applicants 16 to 50 years of age, provides for a death benefit of \$1,000 until age 60, after 60 the benefit is \$500. The dues are very reasonable. This insurance may be had in higher amounts, plus double indemnity coverage if desired.

Since some people may not be familiar with double protection insurance, we wish to explain that it is designed to provide double protection (\$1,000 instead of \$500, \$2,000 instead of \$1,000, \$4,000 instead of \$2,000, and so forth) until the member attains age 60. Since the member's children are grown up and independent, and he would soon be eligible for Social Security and retirement benefits, his insurance needs are not urgent after age 60, when the insurance loses its double protection feature.

Term To Age 16

The UNA not long ago introduced a new certificate for children 0 to 15 years of age. Called Term To Age 16, it provides for a death benefit of \$1,000 and the dues are only 50 cents monthly (higher amounts are available at the rate of 50 cents monthly per \$1,000). The certificate earns dividends after two calendar years. Because of the extremely low dues it does not provide withdrawal equities.

When the child reaches age 16 and applies for new insurance as an adult member the UNA will allow a credit for the expired Juvenile certificate, said credit to be applied toward the payment of monthly dues on the new adult certificate. This credit is equivalent to a gift as the juvenile certificate has no withdrawal values.

Khrushchev, Russian Imperialism Discussed at Georgetown University Forum

WASHINGTON, D.C.—(Special).—On Sunday, June 9, 1963 a panel discussion on the Georgetown University TV and radio forum was held centering on a timely and interesting topic, "Russian Frontiers: Muscovy to Khrushchev," which is the title of a book recently written by Congressman William G. Bray, Congressman from Indiana, participating in the panel discussion were Congressman Bray, Dr. Lev E. Dobriansky, Professor of Economics at Georgetown University and President of the Ukrainian Congress Committee

of America; Neil A. Martin, Graduate School of Russian Area Studies, Georgetown University and Richard Morgan, moderator.

The following quotations indicate the tenor of Congressman Bray's book:

"The Soviet Union is the last conglomerate empire, the last empire held together by force, composed of various nations and peoples with no racial, geographic or linguistic reasons for being thrown together..."

"Today we think of Russia's territorial aggression as a result of Communism instead of regarding Communism as a weapon being used to assist in her historic imperialist aggression..."

"Russia for centuries has been adroit in accomplishing the destruction of a nation's freedom without firing a shot..."

The discussion was held on a high intellectual level and brought many pointed and concise arguments in favor of Congressman Bray's thesis.

Let us briefly review the highly impressive contributions that Professor Manning has made to Ukrainian literature and history over this span of thirty-odd years.

One Payment, Full Protection The UNA is now issuing juvenile certificates which provide for the payment of the full value in the event of the death of the insured, following the payment of the dues for the initial or first month, at all ages from 1 to 15. The same is true of all adult certificates at all ages.

The UNA has already paid a number of claims in full involving members who died shortly after being admitted. A child, insured under the Term To Age 16 plan, was killed by a car after only ten months of membership. The total dues paid amounted to \$5. The UNA paid the beneficiary \$1,000.

Examination May Not Be Necessary

Organizers and applicants should keep the following in mind; a healthy child need not be examined by a physician for up to \$2,000 insurance; a healthy adult need not be examined for \$2,000 up to age 40, \$1,000 up to age 50, \$500 up to age 55 (including insurance already in force with the exception of paid-up insurance and insurance about to become matured or paid-up within five years). All other applicants have to be examined. The UNA will honor bills submitted by doctors.

Increase Your Coverage!

Since a child may be insured for as much as \$5,000 and an adult for as much as \$50,000 (depending on age), many members are increasing their UNA insurance. Even a member who is 65 years old and is healthy may apply for additional insurance for a grand total of up to \$2,500. This gives organizers the opportunity to work with members as well as non-members.

Keep Up Your Membership!

A word to members whose certificates have matured or will mature soon: please continue your UNA affiliation by applying for a new certificate. The UNA is losing some of its members because their certificates are maturing and they failed to apply for new insurance. The UNA needs its members, so think about it and apply for a new certificate. Address: Box 76, Jersey City 3, N. J.

UNA NOTES AND COMMENTS

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UCCA. IN ACTION

The Executive Board of the UCCA expressed its condolences and sympathy to the family of the late John Duzansky, Budget Director of the UCCA, on the occasion of his untimely death. Dr. Lev E. Dobriansky, UCCA President, and Prof. Roman Smal-Socki, Member of the UCCA Policy Board, attended the funeral and delivered eulogies at the burial ceremony in Chicago.

Ukrainian Academy of Arts and Sciences in the U.S. Holds a Scientific Conference

On April 21, 1963 Prof. Dr. Corinne G. Tuft read a paper on "A Psychological Exploration of Ancient and Modern Education" at a scientific conference which was held under the auspices of the Ukrainian Academy of Arts and Sciences in New York City.

Dr. Lev E. Dobriansky In Cleveland

At its Banquet on May 25, \$732.00 pledges made to the Ukrainian Professional Society of Ohio was paid to date. The Scholarship Fund had been initiated at the Recognition Dinner on October 20, 1962 by the Society in cooperation with the Cleveland Branches of the Ukrainian Medical Society and the Ukrainian Engineering Society.

Sports Scene Sich, Nats to Meet in Lewis Cup Final

The Newark Ukrainian Sich and the Philadelphia Ukrainian Nationals, U.S. Challenge Cup Winners, will square off against each other this Sunday in the first of a two-game total-goal series for the Lewis Cup. The first game will be played at Newark Ironbound Field at 2:30 P.M. tomorrow.

Leadership of TUSM Student Organization

The 7th Congress of the Ukrainian Students Organization of Michnowski (TUSM), held an election to the Executive Board, on May 19, 1963, at McGregor Memorial Center, Wayne State University in Detroit with following officers elected to the Executive Board:

Jersey City Area News

At the annual meeting held recently, the SS. Peter & Paul Ukrainian Catholic Holy Name Society of Jersey City, N.J. elected Nicholas Bodnaruk, as President for the fiscal term of 1963-64, commencing in June.

ISL

The first section of New York's International Soccer Tournament, short on spectators but long on thrills and excitingly tight competition, wound up in a five-team tie for first place with the other two teams still in contention for sectional honors.

Rwanda: A New African State in U.N.

The Republic of Rwanda which was recently admitted to membership in the United Nations is a tiny country situated in the heart of Black Africa. Geographically, it is situated among many lakes: Kivu, Tanganyika, Edward, Albert and Victoria. The territory of Rwanda is considered to be very rich in flora and fauna and possesses a mild and moderate climate (65°F).

International Award to Ukrainian Mother

The late Mrs. Julia Rudnycka of New York, widow of Anthony Rudnycky, the late officer of the Ukrainian Armed Forces, has been posthumously honored by a "Most Distinguished Mother Award" — a bronze medal of the International Committee of Mothers for her outstanding contribution to the life of the Ukrainian community of America. She died May 17th in New York, after years of a prolonged illness.

Ukrainian Language Will Not Be Compulsory

WINNIPEG — According to an announcement by Dr. H. H. Sanderson, President of the University of Manitoba, that educational institution will not recognize Ukrainian on a par with its compulsory languages.

Application for Admission to the UKRAINIAN CULTURAL COURSES. UNA ESTATE, Kerhonkson, N. Y. August 4, 1963. NAME: ADDRESS: Age: Member of UNA Branch: Ability to speak Ukrainian: slight fair good Enclosing deposit of \$ (Total fee for the Courses is \$120.00. A deposit of half of the amount is requested with Application).

WANTED A COOK for Soyuzivka. Apply: Ukrainian National Ass'n Estate KERHONKSON, N. Y. Telephone: 5641. LETTERS TO THE EDITOR Dear Sir: I wish to commend your paper and Roman Savvitsky for writing and printing the article, titled "Ukrainian Films and Where to Get Them" — a job well done.

Camp KRENECHA OPEN TO Girls and Boys 11 TO 16 YEARS OF AGE

Camp KRENECHA OPEN TO Girls and Boys 11 TO 16 YEARS OF AGE Mrs. Pauline Dyke Oleksiw P. O. Box 348 KERHONKSON, N.Y. Tel.: Kerhonkson 7692. Beautiful mountain camp of 300 acres adjoining Lake Minewaska. 100 x 300 natural water pool. Elevation 2400 ft. Courses in homemaking, woodcraft, health. Study-discussion groups. Swimming, sports, fishing, mountain climbing. Piano, accordion, dancing lessons. Counsellors wanted. Director: professional home and family life educator.

SOYUZIVKA THE VACATION RESORT of THE UKRAINIAN NATIONAL ASSOCIATION at KERHONKSON, N. Y. is accepting applications for The Children's Camp open to children from 7 to 11 years of age 1. For GIRLS: — June 22 through July 13, 1963 2. For BOYS: — July 14 through August 4, 1963 Address all applications to: UKRAINIAN NATIONAL ASSOCIATION ESTATE Tel.: Kerhonkson 5641 Kerhonkson, N. Y.

