

Dedicated to the ideals and interests of young Americans of Ukrainian descent. Informative, instructive. Supplement of Ukrainian daily Svoboda. Published by the Ukrainian National Association.

СВОБОДА УКРАЇНСЬКИЙ ЩОДЕННИК



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The Ukrainian Weekly Section

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PRESIDENT EISENHOWER INVITES KHRUSHCHEV TO VISIT U.S., WILL VISIT THE SOVIET UNION IN FALL; REASSURES WESTERN ALLIES

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3. — President Eisenhower today announced that he has decided to "try to melt the ice of the cold war" by inviting Soviet Premier Khrushchev to confer with him and to tour the United States in September.

Among those who expressed approval of Khrushchev's visit in the United States were Sen. Lyndon B. Johnson (D., Tex.), Sen. J. William Fulbright (D., Ark.), Sen. Everett M. Dirksen (R., Ill.), Sen. John Sparkman (D., Ala.), Rep. Charles A. Halleck (R., Ind.), Rep. Hubert H. Humphrey (D., Minn.), Sen. Mike Mansfield (D., Mont.) and Sen. Stuart Symington (D., Mo.).

Those who expressed open opposition to Khrushchev's visit were Sen. Thomas J. Dodd (D., Conn.), Sen. Styles Bridges (R., N.H.), Sen. Homer Capehart (R., Ind.), Rep. Walter H. Judd (R., Minn.), Sen. Paul H. Douglas (D., Ill.), Rep. August E. Johansen (R., Mich.) and Rep. John W. McCormack (D., Mass.).

Khrushchev Accepts Invitation

Simultaneously with the President's announcement, the Soviet government said that Premier Khrushchev has accepted the invitation and will come to the United States.

President Eisenhower said he hoped that the Khrushchev visit would "do something to promote understanding and possibly progress toward peace in the world."

President Eisenhower's announcement met with generally favorable reaction, although there were some expressions of downright hostility.

These revolved around two concerns: that the mere appearance of a relaxation of tensions might tend to undercut the nation's cold war effort; and that the visit might drape the world No. 1 Communist in a singular cloak of respectability.

Several Governors, Mayors and Catholic Bishops Issued Special Proclamations in Commemoration of "Captive Nations Week"

At least fourteen Governors, several Mayors and Catholic Bishops of the United States have issued special proclamations commemorating the "Captive Nations Week" from July 19 to July 26, 1959.

The following Governors have issued special proclamations on that occasion:

Gaylord A. Nelson of Wisconsin; Price Daniel of Texas; Cecil H. Underwood of West Virginia; Ralph G. Brooks of Nebraska; John Burroughs of New Mexico; Christopher Del Sesto of Rhode Island; Ralph Herse of South Dakota; Harold W. Handley of Indiana; Herschel C. Loveless of Iowa; J. Millard Taves of Maryland; G. Mennen Williams of Michigan; Steve McNichols of Colorado; S. Ernest Vandiver of Georgia; and Robert E. McLaughlin, David B. Karrick and Thomas K. Tullerton, Commissioners of the District of Columbia.

Long proclamation with the complete Congressional Resolution were issued by Maurice Sanchez, Chairman, City Commission of Albuquerque, New Mexico, and Mayor Edward J. O'Byrne, of Paterson, N.J.

Roman Catholic Bishop Mark K. Carroll of Wichita, Kansas and Archbishop Leo Binz of Dubuque, Iowa, issued letters to the Catholic clergy in their respective dioceses, asking for special sermons and prayers for the liberation of all captive and enslaved nations.

AMERICAN LABOR BACKS "CAPTIVE NATIONS WEEK"

STATEMENT BY AFL-CIO PRESIDENT GEORGE F. MEANY

On behalf of the millions of workers in the AFL-CIO, I join in heartily supporting the President's designation of "Captive Nations Week" at this critical moment in the history of mankind.

American labor has always championed the cause of the captive and oppressed peoples. Liberty-loving people everywhere should further the cause of freedom for those under the yoke of Soviet imperialism, not as a matter of charity for the oppressed, but a matter of duty to themselves.

In view of what has been happening in Geneva and the Khrushchev tour of dependent Poland, "Captive Nations Week" takes on the highest importance not only for those subject to foreign oppression but also for those who are free from all tyranny. For America and the rest of the free world, "Captive Nations Week" is Human Freedom Week.

Apart from our many ties of blood with those countries now

subjugated by Soviet tyranny, the American workers feel instinctively that the world cannot exist half-slave and half-free. We of American labor look upon the restoration of freedom to all captive peoples as a matter of our own self-preservation, as the one way in which our own freedom can be made secure.

The observance of "Captive Nations Week" by the American people has provoked Mr. Khrushchev to more bluster and to still louder threats. This outburst by the Soviet dictator is only a demonstration of the inherent weakness of his sprawling slave empire. Like all despots, Khrushchev fears freedom.

The AFL-CIO will continue its efforts to speed the day when the enslaved peoples now groaning under the yoke of Soviet imperialism and Communist despotism will again be free and take their rightful place in building a world free from the menace of every form of despotism, poverty and war.

Repercussions of "Captive Nations Week" in American Press

The American press throughout the country continues to comment on the importance of the "Captive Nations Week" resolution. In Washington The Washington Post criticized the resolution in its editorial entitled "Irritating the Bear," which provoked several critical letters. On July 29, 1959 The Washington Post printed an extensive letter from Dr. Lev E. Dobriansky, Georgetown University, and national chairman of the Ukrainian Congress Committee of America, in which he said, among other things:

"Your editorial reveals a total lack of comprehension regarding the prior and vital importance of all the captive nations, including those in the Soviet Union, for our own security. It indicates, too, an unawareness of what conditions of 'neither peace nor war' mean.

"Your suggestion that exile emigre groups sponsored this idea is without any factual foundation. One, the Assembly of Captive Nations, which is really a one-third assembly that speaks in behalf of a minority of captive nations, participated in the observance itself. Surely, you would not deny them the right to join in this important event.

"His (Khrushchev's) outburst against the Congressional Resolution can only be explained by the fact that the Resolution points to his greatest weakness, namely the captive non-Russian nations in the USSR. Without these nations, Russia would be a second or third rate power. The spread of such understanding exposes the fiction of equating the United States and the USSR as two nations in supposedly 'peaceful competition.'

"In Moscow, Mr. Nixon should know better than to perpetuate this fiction. For, in truth, the cold war struggle is between our nation and Nikita's substrate empire.

"When you raise the scare of provocation and a hot war in this matter, you are concealing either your own lack of knowledge or a fear to face basic truths. Neither is of service to our freedom and survival. Don't worry, this action of Congress will not lead to a hot war. In fact, it works against it and also in our decided favor in the cold war. Believe me, we are not trying to irritate the Bear whose appetite you wish to appease. Common sense urges us properly to urge him so that you will not fall prey to him."

Huge Youth Sports Rally to Take Place at Randall's Island on Mazepa Anniversary Celebration

A huge Ukrainian American Youth Sports Rally is scheduled to take place on September 19-20, 1959 at Randall's Island in New York as part of the all-national celebration in the United States of the 250th anniversary of Hetman Ivan Mazepa's rise against Russia, the Mazepa Jubilee Committee announced a few days ago.

The rally will include track events, soccer and volleyball as well as other sports competitions.

Ukrainian American youth organizations of the Eastern states of the United States will take part in the rally.

Another Ukrainian American Youth Sports Rally will take place in Chicago, Ill., on the same date.

The Mazepa Jubilee Committee requests all Ukrainian American organizations to abstain from staging any and all organizational activities, fetes, concerts, picnics or any other manifestations of local character which would interfere with the Youth Sports Rally. It also requests all Ukrainian Ameri-

can national organizations to take part in these rallies as well as give full support to the Mazepa Jubilee Committee, which is conducting the Mazepa anniversary celebrations throughout the country.

Beginning September 15, 1959 a special "Mazepa Exhibition" will be held in New York, and subsequently in other cities of the United States, which will exhibit all books, documents and other papers pertaining to Mazepa and his era.

The Mazepa Jubilee Committee is also planning the publication of a literary collection in the English and Ukrainian languages devoted to the life and aspirations of Hetman Ivan Mazepa.

The Mazepa Jubilee Committee is headed by Prof. Volodymyr Sichynsky, while its secretary is Volodymyr Savchak. It is under the general auspices of the Ukrainian Congress Committee of America with headquarters at 392-304 West 13th Street, New York 14, N.Y.

UKRAINIAN AMERICAN NEWS IN BRIEF

Dr. Lev E. Dobriansky, national chairman of the Ukrainian Congress Committee of America, sent a telegram to President Eisenhower, in which he expressed thanks for his Proclamation of the "Captive Nations Week." Referring to speculations on the visit to the Khrushchev, the UCCA chairman told the President:

"In the spirit of the 'Captive Nations Week' we sincerely hope that you will resist the ill-advised pressure to invite Khrushchev to these shores. Wisely, we extended no official invitation to Mikoyan, Khrushchev's criminal record exceeds all. It is patently naive to believe that a visit by the 'Hangman of Ukraine' would add anything to what he already knows about our country. Moral principle alone should dissuade us from conferring respectability and legitimacy to a dedicated enemy, the attributes he desires most in order to extend his empire."

Dr. Stepan Wytwatsky, President of the Ukrainian National Republic in exile travel-ling to Washington on July 27, 1959 to express thanks to U.S. Congressional leaders for the enactment of the "Captive Na-

tions Week." He was accompanied by Mr. Constantin Mierlak, representative of the League of the Enslaved Nations (the Parisian Bloc).

From Munich, Germany, Mykola Livytsky, chairman of the Executive Organ of the Ukrainian National Rada, dispatched a telegram to President Eisenhower expressing thanks for his Proclamation of the "Captive Nations Week," and for the Congressional Resolution, in which there is reference to Ukraine and other non-Russian nations, which are "fighting for the restoration of freedom and independence destroyed by the aggression of Communist Russia."

Ukrainian Boy Scouts took part in the Tenth International Boy Scout Jamboree, which was held in Manila, the Philippine Islands. The Ukrainian delegation consisting of five members was headed by Senior Scout Eugene Baranovsky from Australia. Other Ukrainian Scouts at the Jamboree were Bohdan Bilynsky, Yuriy Nestor and Ihor Osidach—all from Australia, and Mykola Svituka from Montreal, Canada. The Ukrainian Scout delegation gave extensive interviews to the Manila press, the United Press International, The Stars and Stripes and the principal radio stations of Manila.

In Hamilton, Ontario, the fortieth anniversary of the capture of Kiev by the Ukrainian armies in 1919 will be celebrated on Saturday and Sunday, August 29 and 30, 1959 with an impressive ceremony, in which several hundreds of former Ukrainian soldiers who now live in Canada and the United States, will take part. Among the guest speakers will be Gen. A. Zahrodsky, Gen. M. Krat and Gen. M. Sadovsky, all former members of the Ukrainian General Staff and outstanding field commanders during the war for Ukrainian independence.

Prof. George Lutsky, head of the Slavistics Department of the University of Toronto, has been appointed professor of the University of Toronto, where he has been to date an associate professor.

Free Ukrainians at Red-Guided Youth Festival at Vienna

VIENNA (C.S.). — Among the American delegation to the Communist-directed "Seventh World Youth Festival" in Vienna, or specifically in its anti-communist group which formed after the split within the U.S. delegation (which group constitutes a majority), there are a few Ukrainians from the United States.

The Ukrainian group succeeded in holding several meetings and establishing contact with members of the Soviet delegation, as well as with those from other countries. In the Soviet delegation, which comprised a total of 800 persons, were 150 young Ukrainian boys and girls, all members of the Comsomol organization, which they openly admitted. As members of the Comsomol, they defended the Soviet system and praised Khrushchev in their talks with the Ukrainians from the United States, although they admitted that the standards of life and welfare in the United States were higher than those in the Soviet Union.

These members of the Comsomol fervently denied that Moscow conducts Russification

in Ukraine, although they could not support their denials with any cogent evidence. The Ukrainian girls in the group who came from Kiev, were dressed in beautiful Ukrainian national costumes and spoke a pure Ukrainian literary language. They were members of a dance ensemble and their performance was one of the best at the festival and could not be equaled by any other national group in that respect.

Members of the American anti-communist group have been distributing systematically anti-communist literature about the true nature and objectives of communism, including the anti-communist proclamation in four languages (English, Ukrainian, German and Russian), issued jointly by 11 Ukrainian American youth organizations in New York.

The members of the Polish delegation were openly hostile to Moscow, but they praised Gomulka for his policies. Significantly, these young Polish delegates revealed no revisionist tendencies with respect to the Ukrainian lands which once were occupied by Poland and which now make up part of the Ukrainian SSR.

A VISIT TO KIEV

By HELEN PEROZAK SMINDAK

EDITOR'S NOTE: Mrs. Smindak, who was Helen Irene Perozak before her marriage last June 6th to Joseph Smindak of Brooklyn, N.Y., writes of her impressions of Kiev during a visit several weeks ago. Canadian-born Mrs. Smindak, a former Associate Editor of The Ukrainian Weekly, and her husband, a past president of the UYL-NA, spent three days in Kiev following a two-week wedding trip in Austria and Czechoslovakia.

Sweeping down from their northern source, the dark brown waters of the Dnieper River slow their rush as they flow past the thickly-forested hills on which lies the city of Kiev, capital of Ukraine. On the right bank the waves of the Dnieper gently lap against the retaining wall which stands below the main city; on the left bank they scallop wide stretches of white sand dotted with multicolored beach umbrellas and the figures of sunbathing Kievans. Beyond the beaches of Trukhaniv Island stretch miles and miles of wooded land, forming a panorama that encloses, on the right, the smoke stacks and factories of the industrial section of Kiev known as Darnytsia, and on the left, the river turning a bend, its broad expanse girded by three bridges, its waters churned into wide wakes by motor boats, sight-seeing launches and log booms.

This was the picturesque and stirring view which greeted us when we reached a hilltop look-out on the right bank of the Dnieper after a short and pleasant walk through Volodymyrsky Park. My husband and I gazed silently at the scene, and even Clara, our dark-haired tourist guide, was moved to interrupt her parrot-phrased discourse on Ukrainian history and Volodymyr the Great. The

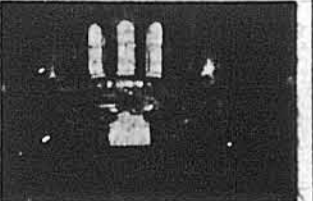


Helen Perozak Smindak

majestic figure of the patron saint of Ukraine towered over the river at our right, cross upraised in his hands, eyes turned toward the Dnieper's banks where almost a thousand years ago Volodymyr and his people accepted Christianity from Byzantium.

During our three-day stay in Kiev, the Dnieper was rarely out of our sight. It was plainly visible in the distance as our twin-engined plane circled the city's outskirts before landing. It was the last recognizable landmark we saw as we looked from the window of our departing plane three days later. Making our way from one part of the city to another in a chauffeur-driven Intourist limousine, we skimmed along tree-lined avenues that line the right bank, the waves of the river gleaming through the leaves. And, indirectly, through the immortal words of Taras Shevchenko, the "wide Dnieper"

(Continued on Page 2)



Among historic attractions of Kiev visited by Mr. and Mrs. Smindak was the centuries-old Cathedral of St. Sophia, where this interior shot was snapped.

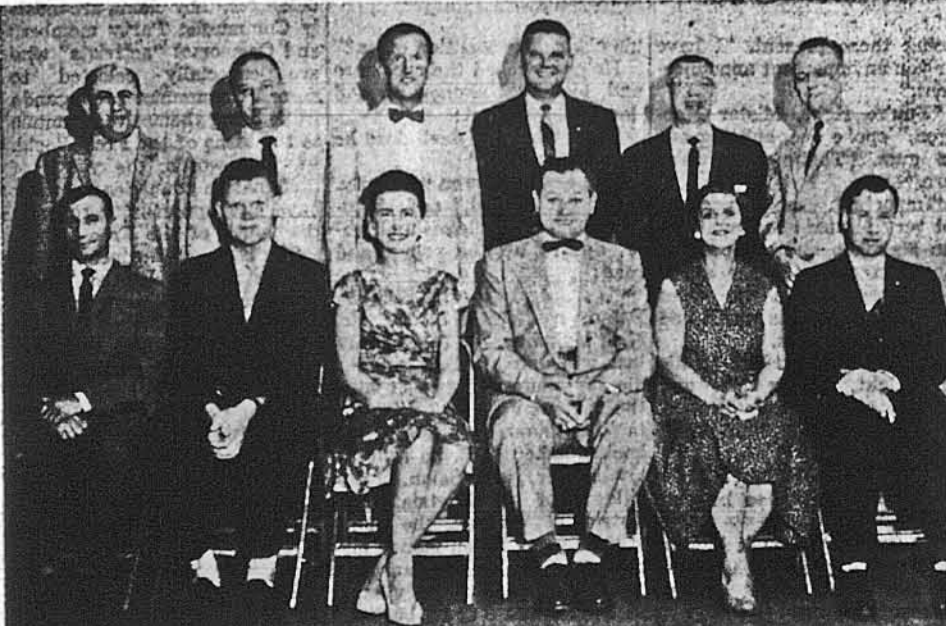
Ukrainian Cultural Courses to Open Next Monday

SOYUZIVKA, Kerhonkson, N.Y.—More than 70 Ukrainian American and Ukrainian Canadian boys and girls have enrolled into the Ukrainian Cultural Courses, scheduled to open at Soyuzivka on Monday, August 10. This summer course

is a record-breaking from the viewpoint of attendance. The courses are under the professional and qualified direction of Dr. Vasyli Steciuk and Prof. Ivan Blyznak, who have directed the course also in previous years.

Pictured above is the view from the steps of the Philharmonic (Philharmonic Symphony House) in Kiev, showing the intersection of Volodymyrskyi Vulytsia and Khreshchatyk. Kiev's main thoroughfare. At left foreground is the author.

CONVENTION COMMITTEE OF THE 26TH ANNUAL UYL-NA CONVENTION



Rear row left to right: John Shewchuk, Vice-President of Rochester Youth Club; Charles Dmytriw, Chairman, Farewell Dance; Michael Petriw, Chairman, Welcome Dance; John Hryniv, Chairman, Publicity; Michael Koldan, Chairman, Yearbook and Banquet; Theodore Kubarich, Chairman, Grand Ball. Front row left to right: John Kozak, Chairman, Concert; George Turianski, Vice-Chairman; Katherine Fedoryshyn, Secretary; William B. Hussar, General Chairman; Mary Heiden, Registration; John Kuchmy, Friday Night Dance Chairman.

PROGRAM OF 26th ANNUAL CONVENTION OF THE UKRAINIAN YOUTH LEAGUE OF NORTH AMERICA

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 4th
Registration — Manger Hotel, 4:00 to 11:00 P.M. (Mezzanine)
Get-Acquainted Dance — Ukrainian Civic Center, 831 Joseph Avenue, 9:00 P.M.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 5th
Registration — Manger Hotel, 9:00 A.M. to 5:00 P.M. (Mezz.)
Convention Sessions — Manger Hotel, 11:00 A.M. to 5:00 P.M. (Main Ballroom)
Welcome Dance — Ukrainian American Club, 292 Hudson Ave., 9:00 P.M.

SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 6th
Churches
St. Joseph's Ukrainian Catholic Church, Rev. Nicholas Wolensky, Pastor, 303 Hudson Ave., Masses: Low: 7:30 9:00 and 11:30 A.M., High: 10:00 A.M.
Church of the Epiphany, Ukrainian Catholic Church (Old Calendar), Rev. Stephan Horodecky, Pastor, Carter Street, Corner Willite Dr., Masses: High: 9:00 A.M., Low: 10:30 A.M.
St. Mary's Protection Ukrainian Orthodox Church, Rev. Nicholas Cherniawsky, Pastor, 1921 Clinton Avenue North, Mass: 9:30 A.M.
Concert — Eastman Theater, Main Street at Gibbs, 2:00 P.M., sponsored by UYL-NA Foundation
Banquet and Ball — Manger Hotel, Main Ballroom, 6:00 P.M. to 2:00 A.M.

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 7th
Convention Sessions — Manger Hotel, 10:00 A.M. (Main Ballroom)
Farewell Dance — Ukrainian Westside Club, 289 Glide Street, 8:00 P.M.

SOYUZIVKA NEWS

Last week the resort was bursting at its seams with guests. Noticeable were Attorney and Mrs. John O. Flis and family and a covey of ex-Ukrainian dancers who performed on many occasions under Flis' tutelage. Mr. and Mrs. Michael Brodin and family also joined the party.

Sviaty Volodymyr was observed in good old Ukrainian tradition: A Ukrainian Orthodox mass was held on the lawn near "Kiev." Needless to say, the singing that evening consisted of one song sung many times, Mnohaya Lita. Walter Kwass had more than his share. We mean Mnohaya Lita, of course.

It was Soyuzivka's pleasure to be host to a wedding party last Saturday evening. Our congratulations and best wishes to Joseph and Ann Kulinowycz who, incidentally, met at Soyuzivka.

Jerry Pruchnicki of Jerry's Bakery in Newark, N.J. did a handsome job in making the wedding cake and added a special treat to our menu by baking a Nut Cake.

Other "Honeymooners" who visited this past week were Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Smindak of N. Y. City and Mr. and Mrs. Louis Lenart of Parma, Ohio. Mrs. Smindak was the former Helen Perozak and Mrs. Lenart was well known as Marie Zadorecky. Not to be confused with the aforementioned, Mr. and Mrs. Morris Perozak also honeymooned here.

Ex-president of the Ukrainian Youth League of North America, Eugene Woloshyn and family of Youngstown, Ohio checked in for their annual vacation.

Mr. Nick Antoshkiv of N.Y. celebrated his happy birthday here last week.

Dr. Eugene Stecki of Buffalo, N.Y. is taking a well deserved rest.

People are saying Chemny, our genial, four footed greeter, has lost weight, is getting old,

is lazy. This is not true. Chemny says, "Who walks all the guests up and down the mountains, down the roads every morning? Who walks them to their home from the Clubhouse late every evening? Of course, on a hot day when I'm dog-tired, I just lie down in a cool spot. I have more sense than people. And if it really gets hot, I jump in the creek and cool off two or three times a day. Old? I'm five years young. Lose weight? Nature is helping me keep cool by shedding some of my warm winter coat."

Mr. Julian Pawchak of Brooklyn says this Saturday's entertainment was the best show Soyuzivka had all summer, which is saying something. The performers were all former actors of the Lviv Theater.

Maria Lysiak, our genial dining room hostess, was announcer and in addition rendered three songs, "A Letter from Lviv," "Soyuzivka," and "Oh, Dear Homeland." Wearing a native Ukrainian costume from Poltava the singer brought the house down with the last number. Together with Yaroslav Pinot-Rudakevych, she executed a humorous musical scene "Yaltukh."

Oksana Rudakevych also played the role of announcer for part of the program and did a monologue "Ten Years in America" with a sentimental touch. The text was written by herself.

Yaroslav Pinot-Rudakevych had great success in his song "Looking for Luck" and a monologue "New Citizens."

We are inclined to agree the program was one of the best in this Soyuzivka season, lasting less than one hour, giving a complete variety of entertainment, and some really professional performers.

The Amor Orchestra added the final touch to an enjoyable evening under the stars. "There's no place like Soyuzivka!"

THE UKRAINIAN STUDENT AND HIS ORGANIZATIONS IN THE WORLD

By DR. W. G. DANYLIW

(Address delivered at the Graduation Banquet of the Ukrainian Student Club at McMaster University, Hamilton, Ontario)

(7)

The Ukrainian student in the last five decades has played an important role in the history of his country. His life and his problems have always been closely connected with the problems of his people. He has taken part in the reconstruction of the national dignity of his race. In spite of immense difficulties which he encountered, he still can show many achievements throughout the world. There, in Ukraine, in spite of almost total political oppression he has managed to make certain achievements. In the field of science Ukraine today is one of the most advanced countries of the world. If, tomorrow, the Russian domination is removed (and this according to rules of historical development must happen), Ukraine, thanks to the endeavor of the Ukrainian student, will emerge as one of the most prominent members of the world society of free nations. This is the goal for which thousands of Ukrainian students have died, and for which hundreds of thousands of Ukrainian students are today living and fighting in Ukraine.

In this grave hour of the history of their country, they look to you Ukrainian students in Canada and in the other free countries for help and moral support. Their thoughts and their hopes are directed to you.

In my opinion, it is a question of personal dignity of each Ukrainian student in the free world to give to his brother student in Ukraine the highest degree of such help and moral support.

One may ask: But how can we help them?
You can do it in many ways:

- (1) Study hard and achieve the highest possible academic awards and by no means be satisfied with a modest bachelor's degree.
- (2) Direct all your studies and your life to higher social goals of the country in which you live, achieving thereby prominent social positions which will enable you to help the reconstruction of the country of your fathers.
- (3) Besides pursuit of your professional education, study more about the country in which you live and the country of your fathers; knowledge of the Ukrainian history will strengthen love and understanding of the country of your parents.
- (4) Study the principles of leadership.
- (5) Propagate the Ukrainian cause and disseminate the truth about Ukraine every chance you get. Do not, I beg you, under any conditions, limit the manifestation of your Ukrainianhood to the ethnographic dances and ethnographic embroidery. The magnitude of the Ukrainian problem and your personal prestige, require much, much more than that.
- (6) Be prepared, if an opportune moment comes, in addition to the moral support that you give at present, to throw your financial resources to the support of your brother students in Ukraine. Be ready also to lend all your knowledge and skill to them, even if it only be for a limited period of time.

To be able to help your brother students in Ukraine you must become strong yourselves. I mean strong intellectually, and as a corollary, strong economically.

To achieve this strength you must study, work and learn. Concluding, I would like to call you, my dear student friends, to endeavor to do your best, so that your parents, Canada and Ukraine, may be proud of you.

(From UPI Press Dispatch, Moscow, July 23, 1959)

Soviet Premier Nikita Khrushchev charged today that America's "Captive Nations Week" was "direct interference in the Soviet Union's internal affairs."

Khrushchev was speaking to a mass Soviet-Polish Friendship Rally at almost the precise moment of U.S. Vice-President Richard M. Nixon's arrival in the Russian capital. The Soviet premier reacted bitterly to the congressional and Presidential proclamation of "Captive Nations Week."

"America's 'campaign,' launched 'in connection with Nixon's visit to an enslaved country,'" was turned toward the wrong target, Khrushchev said. "When enslaved people want to liberate themselves, they get rid of the capitalists and exploiters. The capitalists regard as free those countries where they could plunder and not be responsible towards the people for their anti-popular actions. It was the capitalist nations which were truly enslaved," Khrushchev insisted.

Khrushchev called the week, established by a congressional resolution and a presidential proclamation as a week during which prayers should be said for "captive peoples," a "notorious week." "Even in the U.S. itself the sound-minded people are calling this campaign one of the greatest swindles the American foreign policy makers have ever perpetrated," the Soviet premier said.

"On the one hand," he said, "they send eminent people including governors to our country and open an exhibition and send the Vice-President to us and on the other hand they organize an 'Enslaved Peoples Week.'" The holding of this week, he said, "at a time when some prospects for international friendship and better relations between the USSR and the USA are in evidence, indicates, above all, that it is not reason but the fear of the growing forces of the new world that guides some quarters."

There was an "hysterical campaign in the United States" to discredit Communism. This "reflects the fear of the panicked monopolists who are losing the faculty of controlling their own action," Khrushchev said. "The anti-socialist campaign they have launched in the U.S. in time for Vice-President Nixon's arrival in the USSR will do them no good... Such crude actions cannot be characterized as anything short of direct interference in our internal affairs and most unceremonious treatment of sovereign and independent countries which are members of the United Nations just as is the United States."

"The Soviet people will not be deceived by this provocation. They stand above such provocations." At the end of his 40-minute speech, as if unable to get the subject off his mind, Khrushchev returned to the "enslaved peoples" theme and Nixon's visit. The Soviet premier hammered at "Captive People's Week" and Nixon before and after a series of statements on the international situation. "It would be a good idea if Nixon, who has just landed, would come and have a look at the 'enslaved people' gathered at this stadium," Khrushchev said. "Nixon has asked to talk to ordinary people: He thinks that as soon as they hear an American they will understand that socialism is evil and capitalism good. Well, he can go to see anybody he wishes. Let him hear what the Soviet people think and say."

Ceremonial and Parade Committee of the Third Pan-American Games in Chicago, Ill.

On Saturday, August 8, 1959 a Ceremonial and Parade will take place in the center of Chicago on the occasion of the Third Pan-American Games, which began on Thursday and will terminate on Saturday. Some 120 marching groups will take part in the parade, including a Ukrainian group under the auspices of the League of Americans of Ukrainian Descent.



Members of the Ceremonial and Parade Committee are, from left to right: Col. Jack Kelly, Executive Director; Virginia Marmaduke, N.B.C., Inc., Chairman, Ceremonials Group; John Duzansky, President, League of Americans of Ukrainian Descent and Gen. James W. Hilton, Chairman, Parades and Ceremonials Committee.

Jersey City H.N.S. Softballers Lose to Bayonne H.N.S.

After two years of idleness the Sts. Peter and Paul Holy Name Society softball team played the Assumption of Our Blessed Virgin Mary H.N.S. team of Bayonne on July 12th at Gorman Field in Bayonne and lost 6-5.

Prior to the third inning, Jersey City was leading 2-0 and then the roof caved in, due to our star short stop Nicky "Omp' Hose" Bilas making a couple of errors. Finally in the top of the seventh, Jersey City scored three runs, with the big hit of the inning being a triple by Nicky Bilas.

After the ball game, both rooters to the parish picnic held at the Ukrainian Center in Bayonne.

A return match between both teams will be held on August 16, in Jersey City.

Our next event will be held at Wayside Park, Dunnellan, New Jersey, on August 9, 1959.

The organ of the Ukrainian Association "Self-Reliance," The New World, which has been appearing for the past ten years, is now being merged with Our Contact, organ of the Ukrainian credit cooperatives in Detroit, Mich. into one organ under the name of The New World.

Attention! MAHONNY, PA. & NEIGHBORING Cities Attention!

A DISTRICT COMMITTEE MEETING

OF U.N.A. BRANCHES

will be held

Sunday, August 16, 1959, at 2.00 P. M.

in ST. NICHOLAS CHURCH HALL, Mahonny St., MAHONNY CITY, Pa.

Officers, Members and Convention Delegates of the following Branches should attend:

BERWICK 164, 333	McADOO 7, 186
CENTRALIA 90	MINERSVILLE 78, 265
COALDALE 201	MT. CARMEL 2
FRACKVILLE 242, 382	NORTHUMBERLAND 357
FREELAND 429	SHAMOKIN 1
HAZLETON 85, 314	SHENANDOAH 98
MAHONNY CITY 305	ST. CLAIR 9, 31, 228
MAHONNY PLANE 28, 365	

Program:

1. Reports.
2. Election of District Officers and Auditing Committee.
3. U. N. A. Jubilee Campaign.
4. Plans for U. N. A. 65th Anniversary Celebrations.

Dr. JAROSLAW PADOCH, U.N.A. Supreme Secretary, will attend.

All Ukrainian residents of the above communities are invited to attend.

UKRAINIAN YOUTH NEWS

By ALEXANDER F. DANKO

SPORTS RALLY ROUND-UP

We are completing our report of the UYL-NA Sports Rally held at Troy, N.Y. last May. One of the biggest set of winners in bowling was our Newark, N.J. U.A.V. Post No. 6 and the Newark Ukrainian 1itch organization.

Representing these organizations were Leo Zolito, Bill Feriohn Tango, John Chuy, Joe Galba, Nick Plechy (they're all Ukrainians), Vic Romanyhyn (he's Irish?), Mike Lytvyn, Joe Lasky and Luke Jalek. Incidentally, Nick Plechy was the winner of the raffle— which made his wife happy.

Mr. Joe Felock, a Ukrainian quite active in politics in Coles, N.Y. (right across the river from Troy) did a fine job as M. C. of the Sport banquet. Troy Mayor John J. Purcell gave the city's official welcome to all the Sport-Rally-ites. One of the finest "off-the-cuff" talks I've heard in a long time was given by Mark A. Mc Closkey, director of the N. Y. State Youth Commission, which deals mainly with juvenile delinquents and youngsters who have gone off the "tried and true" path by directing their energies in "off limits" endeavors. Mr. Mc Closkey, aside from his very deft observations and comments, gave a fine talk on the advantages of sports in keeping youth off the streets away from corner hangouts and eventually, out of trouble.

He mentioned that parents should see to it that their offspring became engaged in wholesome after-school activities such as a well-regulated sports program (a la UYL-NA's), Scouts, PAL, etc.

This has been our objective for quite some time in New Jersey, where our youngsters really desire to join our program, but parents and others cannot see extending the effort. However, despite this opposition, the NJ-UYL has the only all-Ukrainian sports league in the Western Hemisphere, a tribute to a handful of far-seeing adults who serve as supervisors.

In a fine display of Christian spirit, Rev. Emilie Sharankevych of the Ukrainian Catholic Church of Cohoes, N.Y. gave the invocation while Rev. Myron Pacholok of the St. Nicholas Ukrainian Orthodox Church of Troy gave the benediction.

Father Pacholok and I, who went to Ukrainian school together some years ago, had a nice chat about the past and our present activities. We talked the "mosaic" idea of many ideas, cultures, etc. contributing to making America the greatest nation in the world as opposed to the "melting pot" theory adopted by many unenlightened people.

UYL-NA prexy and viceprexy, respectively, Terry Szmagala of Cleveland, Ohio and Myron Kuropas of Chicago, Ill., did not stay for the Sunday banquet, but UYL-NA Foundation prexy Joe Gurski gave a nice talk on behalf of the absent president. Mr. Gurski urged that everyone should send in donations to the UYL-NA Foundation, 2 East 79th Street, New York, N.Y.

The other big winners were Scranton, Pa., and up-state New York (Rochester, Syracuse, Auburn and Troy).

As an active member of the UYL-NA Sports Commission, we'd like to again suggest that in order to make the UYL-NA (comprising all of the U.S.A. and Canada) a nationally representative organization, that all areas, including the West, partake in this national event.

In the 26 years existence of UYL-NA, there have been 22 Conventions sites (including this year's at Rochester, N.Y.). In the statistical breakdown, the West has had the convention 12 times, the East 7, the North 3.

Prior to World War II, the West had it 5 and the East 4, in what was a fairly even assignment of conventions. However, since the war, the West has had 7 conventions, the East 3, and the North 3. And if one were to look the past 9 years, it is the West 6, the North 2, and the East 1.

On the other hand, no national Sport Rallies have gone west in the past half-dozen years, and outside of a couple of national or local sectional functions, there haven't been any since World War II.

Any neutral or fair-minded person can see the inequity of the above matter. We'd like to see more Sports Rallies go West and more conventions come East and North, to balance out the figures and make UYL-NA a truly national organization.

As a member of both the UYL-NA Sports and Convention Committees, we have sent out letters to areas inviting them to sponsor various Sports Rallies and/or Conventions. If any areas wish a Sports Rally and/or Convention, please contact yours truly at: 1204 84th Street, North Bergen, N.J.

With Troy winning the National UYL-NA intermediate basketball titles we may have a strong Ukrainian league in the Mohawk-Hudson Valley, for Cohoes and Watervliet also have Ukrainian quintets, Utica, Herkimer, Rochester and Auburn, also have teen-age (14-17) or younger, quintets, so we look forward to a very active up-state New York area basketball season.

We'd like to see New England, with areas such as New Britain, Hartford, Bridgeport, Conn.; Woonsocket, R.I.; and Boston, Mass., among others, come up with a teen-age basketball program, to go along with UYL-NJ, N. Y. State and East Pennsylvania.

Broadcast Describes Canadian Democracy to Peoples of USSR

Ukrainian Emigre's Son on "Radio Liberty" Answers Questions Often Asked by Soviet Tourist

NEW YORK—The workings of Canadian democracy were described this week in a broadcast beamed to the Soviet Union by "Radio Liberty."

The fact that there are no restrictions placed on freedom of speech in Canada was emphasized by Walter I. Tarnopolsky, former chairman of the National Federation of Canadian University Students who last summer headed a Canadian student delegation which visited the Soviet Union.

Interviewed by a correspondent of "Radio Liberty"—which broadcasts to all parts of the USSR in Ukrainian, Russian and sixteen other languages—Mr. Tarnopolsky provided the answers to some of the questions asked by Soviet tourists visiting Canada.

Currently an instructor at the University of Saskatchewan, Mr. Tarnopolsky, 25 years of age, is the son of Ukrainian parents who had emigrated to northern Saskatchewan in the late twenties. His father is still farming.

Mr. Tarnopolsky first became interested in student affairs as an undergraduate at the University of Saskatchewan. After obtaining a bachelor's degree, he went to New York to study at the Russian Institute of Columbia University. In the fall of 1954, he returned to Saskatchewan to study law.

The "Radio Liberty" interview ranged over various subjects of interest to Soviet citizens, from the progressive income tax to installment plan purchasing. Asked how Canadians are permitted to freely criticize their Government, Mr. Tarnopolsky replied:

"That's a difficult question to answer—that is, the question, 'How can you do it?'—because Canadians just do it. You can express your opinion on any subject. There's absolutely no limitation."

Asked why so few Canadians employ domestic servants, Mr. Tarnopolsky said:

"I suppose it's the result of two things. First, there is a shortage of labor... Another thing is that even in our wealthiest homes there is a certain tradition of work of manual labor. This is, so to speak, a North American phenomenon. There's almost a worship of it."

"In other words, on the student level, I know of a large number of young people going to universities, whose parents have money—and where there's no need for them to earn anything—who go out to work. I cannot think of any university student whom I knew who was not working during the summer. He would have been ashamed to admit that he was not working."

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ATTENTION! ATTENTION!

BERWICK, Pa.!

THE OFFICERS OF U.N.A., BRANCH 164 in conjunction with THE HOME OFFICE OF THE U.N.A., have called on

IMPORTANT MEETING of Br. 164

— for —

Saturday, August 15, 1959

at 8:00 P.M.

in the Sts. Cyril and Methodius Ukr. Cath. Church Hall Warren and 1st Sts. — Berwick, Pa.

ALL MEMBERS OF BRANCH 164 ARE OBLIGED TO ATTEND.

Important matters are to be discussed.

Supreme U.N.A. Secretary — JAROSLAW PADOCH will be present.

SOYUZIVKA

THE VACATION RESORT of THE UKRAINIAN NATIONAL ASSOCIATION at KERHONKSON, N. Y. is accepting applications for

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